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श्रम एवं रोजगार मंत्रालय/MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT
श्रम ब्यूरो/LABOUR BUREAU
चंडीगढ़/CHANDIGARH

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अध्यक्ष	आलोक चंद्रा
संपादक	अनिल कुमार शर्मा
सह संपादक	विरेन्द्र सिंह
सह संपादक	विनोद कुमार
सहायक संपादक	रणजीत कुमार

अंशदाताओं के लिए अनुदेश

सामयिक हित के श्रम मामलों पर गैर-विवादास्पद लेख (जैसे श्रम एवं मजदूरी नीति; औद्योगिक संबंध; औद्योगिक प्रबंधन; श्रमिक संघ आंदोलन; श्रम कल्याण; प्रबंधन में श्रमिकों की भागीदारी; रोजगार/बेरोजगारी, अनुभवमूल्य तथा सामान्य हित के श्रमिक शोध आदि) जर्नल में प्रकाशन के लिए स्वीकार किए जाते हैं। लेख जो सामान्य तौर पर दस हजार शब्दों से ज्यादा के न हों को एक सी. डी. में केवल माइक्रोसॉफ्ट वर्ड प्रारूप में एक मुद्रित प्रति के साथ महानिदेशक श्रम ब्यूरो, 'श्रम ब्यूरो भवन', ब्लाक न.2, संस्थागत क्षेत्र, सेक्टर-38 पश्चिम, चंडीगढ़-160036 के नाम, लेखक की इस घोषणा के साथ कि यह लेख न तो पहले प्रकाशित हुआ है और न ही प्रकाशन के लिए अन्यत्र प्रस्तुत किया गया है, भेजे जा सकते हैं। सभी संदर्भ तथा फुटनोट केवल लेख के अंत में दिए जा सकते हैं।

लेखक उनके हस्ताक्षरित लेखों में तथ्यात्मक सटीकता और व्यक्त की गई राय के लिए व्यक्तिगत रूप से जिम्मेदार हैं। श्रम ब्यूरो किसी भी लेख को उपयुक्त नहीं पाए जाने पर अस्वीकार करने तथा लेख को अधिक आकर्षक बनाने के लिए उसके सम्पादन, संशोधन और किसी भी भाग को हटाने का अधिकार रखता है। अस्वीकृत किए गए लेखों को वापस नहीं किया जाएगा तथा संपादकीय समिति द्वारा अस्वीकृत किए गए लेखों पर कोई पत्राचार नहीं किया जाएगा।

पत्रिका जिसमें लेख छपा है की एक प्रति लेखक को भेजी जाती है। प्रत्येक प्रकाशित लेख के लिए नियमानुसार 1000/- रुपये तक का मानदेय भी दिया जाता है।

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इंडियन लेबर जर्नल
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जर्नल से किया गया कोई भी पुनरुत्पादन उपयुक्त रूप से अभिस्वीकृत होना चाहिए

ANY REPRODUCTION FROM THIS JOURNAL SHOULD BE SUITABLY ACKNOWLEDGED

इंडियन लेबर जर्नल की सदस्यता एवं वितरण से संबंधित शिकायतें, यदि कोई हो तो, केवल निम्नलिखित को भेजी जानी चाहिए

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श्रमिक गतिविधियां / LABOUR ACTIVITIES

श्रम स्थिति / LABOUR SITUATION

देश में विभिन्न राज्यों/संघराज्यक्षेत्रों के संबंध में जनवरी, 2023 से नवम्बर, 2023 (अनंतिम) महीनों के लिए ब्यूरो में 31 दिसम्बर, 2023 तक प्राप्त बंदीओं, छंटनीओं और कामबंदी से संबंधित सूचना निम्नतालिकाओं में प्रस्तुत की गई है -

Information relating to Closures, Retrenchments and Lay-offs in respect of various States/Union Territories in the country from January, 2023 to November, 2023 (Provisional) received in the Bureau up to 31st December, 2023 is presented in the following Tables:-

तालिका /Table-I

जनवरी से नवंबर, 2023 के दौरान राज्य-वार स्थायी बंदीओं और प्रभावित श्रमिकों (अनंतिम)
State-wise Number of Permanent Closures and Workers Affected during
January to November, 2023 (P)

राज्य/संघ शासित प्रदेश States/Union Territories	इकाइयों की संख्या / No. of Units	प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या / No. of Workers Affected
1. गुजरात/ Gujarat	3 (-)	12 (-)
योग/Total: राज्य क्षेत्र State Sphere	3	12
केंद्रीय क्षेत्र Central Sphere	(-)	(-)
कुल योग Grand Total	3	12

तालिका /Table-II

जनवरी से नवंबर, 2023 के दौरान उद्योग-वार स्थायी बंदीओं तथा प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या (अनंतिम)
Industry-wise Number of Permanent Closures and Workers Affected during
January to November, 2023 (P)

खंड एनआईसी Section NIC-2008	विवरण/Description	इकाइयों की संख्या / No. of Units	प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या / No. of Workers Affected
S	सदस्यता संगठन की गतिविधियां /Activities of membership Organisation	3 (-)	12 (-)
योग/Total : राज्य क्षेत्र State Sphere		3	12
केंद्रीय क्षेत्र Central Sphere		(-)	(-)
कुल योग Grand Total		3	12

तालिका/Table-III

जनवरी से नवंबर, 2023 के दौरान राज्य-वार छंटनीओं और प्रभावित श्रमिकों (अनंतिम)
State-wise Number of Retrenchments and Workers Affected from
January to November, 2023 (P)

राज्य/संघ शासित प्रदेश States/Union Territories	इकाइयों की संख्या / No. of Units	प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या / No. of Workers Affected
1. असम/Assam	- (2)	- (12)
योग/Total : राज्य क्षेत्र State Sphere	-	-
केंद्रीय क्षेत्र Central Sphere	(2)	(12)
कुल योग Grand Total	2	12

तालिका /Table-IV

जनवरी से नवंबर, 2023 के दौरान उद्योग-वार छंटनीओं तथा प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या (अनंतिम)
Industry-wise Number of Retrenchments and Workers Affected from
January to November, 2023 (P)

खंड एनआईसी Section NIC-2008	विवरण/Description	इकाइयों की संख्या / No. of Units	प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या / No. of Workers Affected
D	बिजली, गैस, भाप और वातानुकूलन आपूर्ति/Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	- (1)	- (1)
M	व्यावसायिक, वैज्ञानिक एवं तकनीकी गतिविधियां/Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities	- (1)	- (11)
योग/Total : राज्य क्षेत्र State Sphere		-	-
केंद्रीय क्षेत्र Central Sphere		(2)	(12)
कुल योग Grand Total		2	12

तालिका / Table-V

जनवरीसे नवंबर, 2023 के दौरान राज्य-वार कामबंदी करने वाली इकाइयों, उनसे प्रभावित कर्मकारों तथा कार्यदिवस हानि की संख्या(अनंतिम)
State-wise Number of Units Affecting Lay-offs, Workers Laid-off and Mandays Lost from January to November, 2023 (P)

राज्य/संघशासित प्रदेश State/Union Territory	इकाइयों की संख्या / No. of Units	प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या/No. of Workers Affected	कार्यदिवस की हानि / Mandays Lost
1. राजस्थान/Rajasthan	1 (-)	513 (-)	122607 (-)
2. हिमाचल प्रदेश/Himachal Pradesh	3 (-)	163 (-)	9592 (-)
3. तेलंगाना/Telangana	1 (-)	31 (-)	5301 (-)
योग/Total : राज्यक्षेत्रState Sphere	5	707	137500
केंद्रीयक्षेत्रCentral Sphere	(-)	(-)	(-)
कुलयोग Grand Total	5	707	137500

तालिका / Table- VI

जनवरी से नवंबर, 2023के दौरान उद्योग-वार कामबंदी करने वाली इकाइयों, उनसे प्रभावित कर्मकारों तथा कार्य दिवस हानि की संख्या (अनंतिम)
Industry-wise Number of Units Affecting Lay-offs, Workers Laid-off and Mandays Lost from January to November, 2023 (P)

खंड एनआईसीSection NIC-2008	विवरण/Description	इकाइयों की संख्या/ No. of Units	प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या/No. of Workers Affected	कार्यदिवस की हानि/Mandays Lost
C	विनिर्माण/Manufacturing	3 (-)	622 (-)	129000 (-)
D	बिजली, गैस, भापऔरएयरकंडीशनिंगआपूर्ति / Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	2 (-)	85 (-)	8500 (-)
योग/Total : राज्यक्षेत्रState Sphere		5	707	137500
केंद्रीयक्षेत्रCentral Sphere		(-)	(-)	(-)
कुलयोगGrand Total		5	707	137500

तालिका/Table-VII

जनवरीसे नवंबर, 2023 के दौरान माह-वार कामबंदी के कारण कार्यदिवस की हानि का विवरण (अनंतिम)
Month-wise break-up of Mandays Lost due to Lay-offs from January to November, 2023 (P)

महीना/Month	कार्यदिवस की हानि/Mandays Lost
जनवरी/January	15181 (-)
फरवरी/February	14637 (-)
मार्च/March	15181 (-)
अप्रैल/April	15181 (-)
मई/May	13149 (-)
जून/June	13087 (-)
जुलाई/July	14148 (-)
अगस्त/August	12312 (-)
सितम्बर/September	12312 (-)
अक्टूबर/October	12312 (-)
नवंबर/November	- (-)
योग/Total : राज्य क्षेत्रState Sphere	137500
केंद्रीय क्षेत्रCentral Sphere	(-)
कुल योगGrand Total	137500

(P)= अनंतिम/Provisional

- = शून्य/Nil

Note: (i) कोष्ठकों में दी गई जानकारी केन्द्रीय क्षेत्र से संबंधित है /Information within brackets related to Central Sphere.

(ii) शेष राज्य / संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों के बारे में जानकारी को 'शून्य' या 'रिपोर्ट नहीं किया गया' माना जाए/ Information about remaining States/Union Territories may be treated as either 'NIL' or 'Not reported'.

**जनवरी से नवम्बर, 2023 के दौरान औद्योगिक विवाद (अनंतिम)
Industrial Disputes during January to November, 2023 (Provisional)**

विभिन्न राज्य के श्रम विभागों / क्षेत्रीय श्रम आयुक्तों (केन्द्रीय) से प्राप्त विवरणी के आधार पर जनवरी से नवम्बर, 2023 के दौरान औद्योगिक विवादों के कारण हुए कार्य-स्थगन के आंकड़े निम्न तालिकाओं में प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं:

The statistics of work-stoppages due to Industrial Disputes during January to November, 2023 based on the returns received from different State Labour Departments / Regional Labour Commissioners (Central) are presented in the following tables:

उपलब्ध सूचना के अनुसार जनवरी से नवम्बर, 2023 के दौरान औद्योगिक विवादों के फलस्वरूप हुए कार्य-स्थगन के 42 मामले रिपोर्ट किए गए जिसमें 33514 श्रमिक शामिल थे तथा 507813 कार्य दिवसों की हानि हुई।

As per available information 42 Industrial Disputes resulting in work-stoppages were reported during January to November, 2023 in which 33514 workers were involved and 507813 mandays lost were reported.

तालिका/Table-VIII

जनवरी से नवम्बर, 2022 तथा 2023 के दौरान कार्य-स्थगन के कारण कार्यदिवस की हानि/Number of Mandays Lost on Account of Work-stoppages during January to November, 2022 and 2023

महीना/Month	कार्यदिवस की हानि /Number of Mandays Lost on Account of			
	औद्योगिक विवाद /Industrial Disputes		औद्योगिक विवादों के अलावा अन्य कारण / Reasons Other Than Industrial Disputes	
	2022 (P)	2023 (P)	2022 (P)	2023 (P)
1	2	3	4	5
जनवरी / January	50606	67778	66356	42900
फरवरी / February	63480	169960	66446	41016
मार्च/ March	448843	22250	75082	45552
अप्रैल/ April	53772	18044	72064	41860
मई/May	47665	51724	73336	44356
जून/June	42636	54217	76220	6500
जुलाई/ July	46191	42947	70656	6500
अगस्त /August	53780	25473	64684	..
सितम्बर /September	97736	31980	75168	..
अक्टूबर / October	30116	23310	65928	..
नवम्बर/ November	47190	130	69604	..
योग /Total	982015	507813	775544	228689

(P) = अनंतिम एवं 31 दिसम्बर, 2023 तक ब्यूरो में प्राप्त विवरणी / स्पष्टीकरण के आधार पर/Provisional and based on the returns /clarifications received in the Bureau till 31st December, 2023.

.. = उपलब्ध नहीं है/Not available

N.B:- विभिन्न राज्यों / संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों से जानकारी प्राप्त नहीं होने के कारण 2023 के लिए आंकड़े 2022 से तुलनीय नहीं है / Figures for 2023 are not comparable with those for 2022 due to non-receipt of data from various States / Union Territories.

तालिका /Table IX

भारत में प्रमुख* राज्य-वार औद्योगिक विवाद एवं अन्य कारणों से हुए औद्योगिक विवादों सहित (अनंतिम)**
State-wise Major* Industrial Disputes in India including Industrial Unrest
Due to Reasons other than Industrial Disputes (Provisional)**

राज्य/संघ राज्य क्षेत्र/ क्षेत्र का नाम / प्रभावित प्रतिष्ठानों की संख्या Name of the State / Union Territory / Sphere / Sector / Number of Establishments affected	हड़ताल/ तालाबंदी Strike/ Lockout	कारण/ Cause	शामिल श्रमिकों की संख्या/ No. of Workers involved	हानि हुए कार्यदिवसों की संख्या ('000 में) No. of Mandays lost (in 000's)	वेतन हानि (रु० लाखों में) / Wages lost (Rs. in lakhs)	उत्पादन हानि(रु० लाखों में) / Production loss (Rs. in Lakhs)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
केंद्रीय क्षेत्र / CENTRAL SPHERE		NIL				
राज्य क्षेत्र / STATE SPHERE						
Tamil Nadu						
One Unit (Private Sector)	Strike	Wages & Allowances	680	85,680	..	..
One Unit (Private Sector)	Strike	Wages & Allowances	5,000	50,000	..	..
One Unit (Private Sector)	Strike	Wages & Allowances	12,000	144,000	..	..

(P) = अनंतिम और 31 दिसम्बर, 2023 तक ब्यूरो में प्राप्त विवरणी / स्पष्टीकरण के आधार पर / Provisional and based on the returns / clarifications received in the Bureau till 31st December, 2023.

.. = उपलब्ध नहीं है / Not available

* = सभी विवाद जिनमें समीक्षाधीन अवधि के दौरान अथवा विवादों के आरंभ से 50,000 या अधिक कार्य दिवसों का नुकसान हुआ था, को प्रमुख विवादों के रूप में वर्गीकृत किया गया है/All disputes in which there was a time-loss of 50,000 or more mandays during the period under review or since the beginning of the disputes are classified as major disputes.

N.B:- Information in this statement has been given only for those case(s) which has/have been received in the current month sent by different State Labour Departments/Regional Labour Commissioners (Central) in their latest monthly return relating to current year.

संक्षेप में समाचार NEWS IN BRIEF

(अ) (a) भारतीय श्रम INDIAN LABOUR

The news items reported below have been gleaned from various official and unofficial sources. The Labour Bureau is not in a position to vouchsafe the authenticity of the unofficial news items.

Implementation of Supreme Court verdict in EPF: As per directions contained in paragraph 44(ix) read with paragraph 44(v) and 44(vi) of the Hon'ble Supreme Court judgment dated 04.11.2022, online applications were called by Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) on 29.12.2022, followed by corrigendum dated 05.01.2023, from pensioners who had retired before 01.09.2014 and had exercised joint option for contributing in pension fund on salary exceeding wage ceiling before their retirement but whose joint options were rejected by the EPFO (on account of cut-off date). Joint options were to be filed on or before 03.03.2023. The date upto which online joint options were to be filed was extended upto 03.05.2023, thereafter upto 26.06.2023 and thereafter up to 11.07.2023. As per directions contained in paragraph 44(iii) & paragraph 44 (iv) read with paragraph 44(v) of the judgment of Hon'ble Supreme Court dated 04.11.2022, instructions were issued by EPFO on 20.02.2023 for online joint options to be filed by the employees who were in service prior to 01.09.2014 and continued to be in service on or after 01.09.2014 but could not exercise joint option under erstwhile proviso to paragraph 11(3) of Employees' Pension Scheme (EPS), 1995. Joint option form was to be filled on or before 03.05.2023. The date upto which joint options were to be filled was extended upto 26.06.2023 and thereafter up to 11.07.2023. In order to implement the directions contained in paragraph 44(vii) of the judgment, the Government has issued two notifications viz. S.O. 2060(E) and S.O. 2061(E) dated 3 May, 2023. In case of pensioners/members found eligible for pension on higher wages, in compliance of Hon'ble Supreme Court judgment dated 04.11.2022, demand notices are being issued to the pensioners/members. The amount of pension payable on higher salary will vary from case to case. The pension fund under the EPS, 1995 is a pooled fund. In the pension fund, individual accounts are not maintained. Members of EPS, 1995 are eligible for Withdrawal Benefit or Pension depending on their eligibility based on the number of years of Service. As per actuarial evaluation of the fund as on 31.03.2019, the pension fund is in deficit.

(PIB Delhi, 04.12. 2023)

Female employees under EPFO: (The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) publishes Payroll data every month whereby the number of subscribers joining Employees' Provident Fund (EPF) for the first time through Aadhaar validated Universal Account Number (UAN), existing subscribers exiting and subscribers who exited earlier rejoin as subscribers is reported to arrive at net Payroll. The published figures provide the net new enrollments in EPFO across the country in age-slab wise, industry wise, state-wise and gender wise. The details of EPFO Net Payroll Additions of Female Subscribers since September, 2017 are as under :-

Financial Year	Net Payroll Additions (Female Subscribers)
2017-18 (from September, 2017)	2,32,785
2018-19	13,05,172
2019-20	15,93,614
2020-21	13,98,080
2021-22	26,18,728
2022-23	28,69,688

Note: The Net Payroll Data published by EPFO is provisional as updation of employees' records is a continuous process and gets updated in subsequent month(s). The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 provides for payment of equal remuneration to men and women workers for same work or work of similar nature without any discrimination. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 has been subsumed in the Code on Wages, 2019 which also provides that there shall be no discrimination in

an establishment or any unit thereof among employees on the ground of gender in matters relating to wages by the same employer, in respect of the same work or work of similar nature done by any employee. However, the Code on Wages, 2019 is yet to come into force. Under the Maternity Benefit (Amendment) Act, 2017, the following provisions/benefits are available:- Paid Maternity leave/benefit has been increased from 12 weeks to 26 weeks. Facility of crèche is mandatory if 50 or more employees are working in the establishment Medical Bonus of Rs.3500/- if no pre-natal confinement and post-natal care is provided by the employer free of charge. Enabling provision for light work for specified period during pregnancy. Immunity from dismissal during absence due to pregnancy and no deduction of wages of woman entitled to maternity benefit. Enabling provision for facility of work from home, if the employer and employee so agrees, in addition to the maternity leave. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 has been subsumed in the Code on Social Security, 2020, which is yet to come into force. The Code on Occupational Safety, Health & Working Conditions (OSH), 2020 has special provision relating to employment of women. As per this, women shall be entitled to be employed in all establishments for all types of work, with their consent, before 6 a.m. and beyond 7 p.m. subject to conditions relating to safety, holidays and working hours or any other conditions to be observed by the employer as may be prescribed by the appropriate Government. However, the Code on OSH, 2020 is yet to come into force. Further, to enhance the employability of female workers, the Government is providing training to them through a network of Women Industrial Training Institutes, National Vocational Training Institutes and Regional Vocational Training Institutes. Ministry of Labour & Employment launched e Shram portal (eshram.gov.in) on 26th August, 2021 for creation of a comprehensive National Database of Unorganised Workers seeded with Aadhaar. eShram portal is meant to register and support the unorganised workers by providing them a Universal Account Number (UAN). eShram captures details of workers such as name, address, occupation, educational qualification, skill type etc. As on 27th November, 2023, over 29.19 crore unorganised workers have registered on eShram portal under 30 broad occupation sectors and around 400 occupations. Out of total registration on eShram, approximately 15.45 crore registrants i.e. 52.92% are female. The Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 is applicable on the factories and establishments employing 20 or more persons engaged in any of the 197 class of establishments/schedule of industries and employees with monthly EPF wages up to Rs.15,000/- only are statutorily required to be enrolled as members. The monthly net payroll data of EPFO indicates the pattern and trends in employment and job creations in the organized/formal sectors of economy.

(PIB Delhi, 04.12.2023)

Survey on labour population in the country: The Ministry of Labour and Employment has launched eShram portal on 26.08.2021 for registration and creation of a comprehensive National Database of Unorganized Workers. It allows an unorganised worker to register himself or herself on the portal on self-declaration basis in about 400 occupations. As on 30th July, 2023, more than 28.98 crore unorganized workers have registered on eShram portal. Employment generation coupled with improving employability is the priority of the Government. Accordingly, the Government of India has taken various steps for generating employment in the country. Investments in Infrastructure and productive capacity have a large multiplier impact on growth and employment. The budget of 2023-24 proposed to increase capital investment outlay steeply for the third year in a row by 33 per cent to Rs 10 lakh crore, which would be 3.3 per cent of GDP. This substantial increase in recent years is central to the government's efforts to enhance growth potential and job creation. The Government of India has announced Aatmanirbhar Bharat package to provide stimulus to business and to mitigate the adverse impact of Covid 19. Under this package, the Government has provided fiscal stimulus of more than Rupees Twenty Seven lakh crore. This package comprises of various long term schemes/ programmes/ policies for making the country self-reliant and to create employment opportunities. The Aatmanirbhar Bharat Rojgar Yojana (ABRY) was launched with effect from 1st October, 2020 to incentivize employers for creation of new employment and restoration of loss of employment during Covid-19 pandemic. The terminal date for registration of beneficiaries was 31.03.2022. Since inception of the scheme, till 18.07.2023, benefits have been provided to 60.44 lakhs beneficiaries under the scheme. The Government is implementing Prime Minister Street Vendor's AtmaNirbharNidhi (PM SVANidhi Scheme) since June

01, 2020 to facilitate collateral free working capital loan to street vendors to restart their businesses, which were adversely impacted during the Covid-19 pandemic. As on July 13, 2023, 38.30 lakh beneficiaries have availed loans under PM SVANidhi scheme. Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY) was launched by the Government for facilitating self employment. Under PMMY, collateral free loans up to Rs. 10 lakh, are extended to micro/small business enterprises and to individuals to enable them to setup or expand their business activities. As on 07.07.2023, more than 42.29 crore loan accounts have been sanctioned under the scheme. The Production Linked Incentive (PLI) scheme is being implemented by the Government with an outlay of Rs. 1.97 lakh crore, for a period of 5 years starting from 2021-22 which have potential for creating 60 lakh new jobs. PM Gati Shakti is a transformative approach for economic growth and sustainable development. The approach is driven by seven engines, namely, Roads, Railways, Airports, Ports, Mass Transport, Waterways and Logistics Infrastructure. This approach is powered by Clean Energy and Sabka Prayas leading to huge job and entrepreneurial opportunities for all. The Government of India is encouraging various projects involving substantial investment and public expenditure on schemes like Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP), Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY) and Deen Dayal Antodaya Yojana- National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM) etc. for employment generation. Further, the Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE) is implementing the National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (NAPS) and Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY) to enhance the employability of youth.

(PIB Delhi, 07.12. 2023)

More than 29.21 crore unorganized workers registered on e-SHRAM portal: The Ministry of Labour & Employment has launched e-SHRAM portal, a National Database of the Unorganised Workers on 26th August, 2021. It has been made available to the States/UTs for registration of unorganised workers including migrant workers on e-SHRAM portal. It also allows an unorganised worker to register himself or herself on the portal on self-declaration basis. The main objective of the e-SHRAM portal is to create a national database of unorganised workers seeded with Aadhaar. It is also to facilitate delivery of Social Security and welfare Schemes to such workers. As on 07.12.2023, more than 29.21 crore unorganized workers have been registered on this portal. In order to safeguard the interest of the Migrant workers, the Parliament has enacted the Inter-State Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Services) Act, 1979 which, inter alia, provides for registration of certain establishments employing Inter State Migrant Workers, licensing of contractors etc. Workers employed with such establishment are to be provided payment of minimum wages, journey allowance, displacement allowance, residential accommodation, medical facilities and protective clothing etc. Therefore, adequate legal provisions are in place to protect the interest of the migrant workers. The enforcement authorities under Central Industrial Relations Machinery (CIRM) conduct regular inspections of the registered establishments and licensed contractors. Besides, the State Governments are mandated to enforce the Act, in the State Sphere.

(PIB Delhi, 14.12.2023)

Unemployment rate in the country shows a declining trend over the years in both rural and urban areas as per the latest available Annual PLFS Reports: The Government of India has taken various steps for generating employment in the country, both rural and urban areas. The Government of India has announced Aatma nirbhar Bharat package to provide stimulus to business and to mitigate the adverse impact of Covid 19. Under this package, the Government has provided fiscal stimulus of more than Rupees Twenty Seven lakh crore. This package comprises of various long term schemes/ programmes/ policies for making the country self-reliant and to create employment opportunities. The Aatma ni rbhar Bharat Rojgar Yojana (ABRY) was launched with effect from 1st October, 2020 to incentivize employers for creation of new employment and restoration of loss of employment during Covid-19 pandemic. The terminal date for registration of beneficiaries was 31.03.2022. Since inception of the scheme, till 23.09.2023, benefits have been provided to 60.47 lakhs beneficiaries under the scheme. The Government is implementing Prime Minister Street Vendor's Atma Nirbhar Nidhi (PM SVANidhi Scheme) since June 01, 2020 to facilitate collateral free working capital loan to street vendors to restart their businesses, which were

adversely impacted during the Covid-19 pandemic. As on 23.11.2023, 78.08 lakh loans have been sanctioned under the scheme. Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY) was launched by the Government for facilitating self-employment. Under PMMY, collateral free loans up to Rs. 10 lakh, are extended to micro/small business enterprises and to individuals to enable them to setup or expand their business activities. As on 17.11.2023, more than 44.41 crore loan accounts sanctioned under the scheme. The Production Linked Incentive (PLI) scheme is being implemented by the Government with an outlay of Rs. 1.97 lakh crore, for a period of 5 years starting from 2021-22 which have potential for creating 60 lakh new jobs. PM Gati Shakti is a transformative approach for economic growth and sustainable development. The approach is driven by seven engines, namely, Roads, Railways, Airports, Ports, Mass Transport, Waterways and Logistics Infrastructure. This approach is powered by Clean Energy and Sabka Prayas leading to huge job and entrepreneurial opportunities for all. The Government of India is encouraging various projects involving substantial investment and public expenditure on schemes like Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP), Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY) and Deen Dayal Antodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM) etc. for employment generation. The Government is implementing a programme for skilling of rural youth for entrepreneurship development through Rural Self Employment and Training Institutes (RSETIs). Further, the Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE) is implementing the National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (NAPS), Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY), Jan Shikshan Sansthan (JSS) Scheme and Craftsman Training Scheme (CTS) through Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs) to enhance the employability of youth. Besides these initiatives, various flagship programmes of the Government such as Make in India, Start-up India, Stand-up India, Digital India, Housing for All etc. are also oriented towards generating employment opportunities.

(PIB Delhi, 18.12. 2023)

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers (CPI-IW) on base 2016=100 and Agricultural and Rural Labourers on base 1986-87=100 for the month of November 2023

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers- The All-India CPI-IW for November, 2023 increased by 0.7 points and stood at 139.1 (one hundred thirty nine point one). On 1-month percentage change, it increased by 0.51 per cent with respect to previous month whereas it remained stationary between corresponding months a year ago. The maximum upward pressure in current index came from Food & Beverages group contributing 0.65 percentage points to the total change. At item level, Rice, Wheat, Wheat Atta, Jowar, Arhar Dal/Tur Dal, Urd Dal, Eggs-Hen, Gingelly oil, Coconut fresh with Pulp, Carrot, Drum-stick, French beans, Garlic, Lady's Finger, Onion, Tomato, Sugar-White, Cumin seed/Jira, Cooked Meals, Zardalkimam/Surti/Gutka, Leaf Tobacco, Tailoring Charges, Trouser Pants readymade, Leather Sandal/Chappal/Slippers, Electricity Charges (Domestic), Books-School/ITI, Tuition and other fees-College, etc. are responsible for the rise in index. However, this increase was largely checked by Fish Fresh, Poultry/Chicken, Soyabean oil, Sunflower Oil, Apple, Banana, Grapes, Orange, Capsicum, Cauliflower, Chillies Green, Ginger, Lemon, Peas, Medicine Allopathic, etc. putting downward pressure on the index. At centre level, Tirunelveli recorded a maximum increase of 4.1 points. Among others, 3 centres recorded increase between 3 to 3.9 points, 5 centres between 2 to 2.9 points, 19 centres between 1 to 1.9 points and 36 centres between 0.1 to 0.9 points. On the contrary, Gurugram recorded a maximum decrease of 1.5 points followed by Ahmedabad and Kollam with 1.0 point each. Among others, 18 centres recorded decrease between 0.1 to 0.9 points. Rest of three centres index remained stationary. Year-on-year inflation for the month stood at 4.98 per cent compared to 4.45 per cent for the previous month and 5.41 per cent during the corresponding month a year before. Similarly, Food inflation stood at 7.95 per cent against 6.27 per cent of the previous month and 4.30 per cent during the corresponding month a year ago.

(Labour Bureau)

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers- The All-India Consumer Price Index Number for Agricultural Labourers and Rural Labourers (Base: 1986-87=100) for the month of November, 2023 increased by 12 points and 11 points respectively to stand at 1253 and 1262 points respectively. The major contribution towards rise in the general index of Agricultural Labourers and Rural Labourers came from food group to the extent of 10.85 and 10.50 points respectively mainly due to increase in prices of rice, wheat atta, pulses, onion, turmeric whole, garlic, mixed spices, etc. There has been an upward trend in the index across all the states except West Bengal (both CPI-AL and CPI-RL indices decreased) and Himachal Pradesh (the CPI-AL index decreased). In the case of Agricultural Labourers, it recorded an increase of 1 to 10 points in 11 States, 11 to 20 points in 4 states and an increase of more than 20 points in 3 states. Tamil Nadu with 1453 points topped the index table whereas Himachal Pradesh with 958 points stood at the bottom. In the case of Rural Labourers, it recorded an increase of 1 to 10 points in 11 states, 11 to 20 points in 5 states and an increase of more than 20 points in 3 states. Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu with 1439 points each topped the index table whereas Himachal Pradesh with 1015 points stood at the bottom. Among states, the maximum increase for CPI-AL was experienced by Maharashtra of 27 points which was mainly driven by the increased prices of jowar, rice, wheat atta, tapioca, arhar dal, onion and sugar etc. For CPI-RL, Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu saw an increase of 24 points each, mainly driven by increase in prices of rice, jowar, ragi, fish fresh, onion, arhar dal, vegetables and fruits (especially brinjal, tomato and lady finger) etc. West Bengal experienced the maximum decrease of 14 points for both CPI-AL and CPI-RL due to fall in prices of rice, ginger, chilly green, vegetables and fruits (especially brinjal & lady finger), firewood etc. Point to point rate of inflation based on the CPI-AL and CPI-RL stood at 7.37% and 7.13% in November, 2023 compared to 7.08% and 6.92% respectively in October, 2023 and 6.87% and 6.99% respectively during the corresponding month of previous year. Similarly, food inflation stood at 9.38% and 9.14% compared to 8.42% and 8.18% respectively in October, 2023 and 6.19% & 6.05% respectively during the corresponding month of previous year.

(Labour Bureau)

(ब) (b) विदेशी श्रम FOREIGN LABOUR

US private sector job growth slows in November: Hiring in the US private sector eased in November, as the post-pandemic boom in restaurant and hotel employment moderated, payroll firm ADP said Wednesday. The slowdown in jobs creation is likely to be viewed favorably by policymakers at the US Federal Reserve, who are looking to cool the economy and cut inflation while avoiding a damaging recession. Despite the Fed hiking interest rates to a 22-year high and holding them there, the labor market has remained remarkably resilient, although it has shown some signs of cooling in recent months. Against this backdrop, there is widespread agreement among analysts and traders that the Fed will vote to hold rates steady at its interest rate decision next week, as it continues its fight against elevated inflation. The US private sector added 103,000 jobs in November, according to the latest ADP report. This was lower than the 113,000 jobs created in October, and was sharply below the market expectation of 127,000 new jobs, according to Briefing.com. "Restaurants and hotels were the biggest job creators during the post-pandemic recovery," ADP Chief Economist Nela Richardson said in a statement. "But that boost is behind us, and the return to trend in leisure and hospitality suggests the economy as a whole will see more moderate hiring and wage growth in 2024," she added. Meanwhile, annual private sector pay was up by 5.6 percent last month, ADP announced, down slightly from a month earlier. "Overall, job growth remains positive," Rubeela Farooqi, chief US economist at High Frequency Economics, wrote in a note to clients. But she noted that "the labor market is showing signs of cooling, with job openings moving lower and the unemployment rate edging higher. "We expect conditions in the labor market to loosen further, on the effects of restrictive monetary policy, which should weigh on demand and hiring going forward," she added.

(The Economic Times, 06.12.2023)

Climate change has significant, direct impact on global labour market: ILO: Moustapha Kamal Gueye, Coordinator of the Green Jobs Programme at the International Labour Organisation (ILO), said that climate change has a significant and direct impact on the global labour market. The ILO estimates that 100 million jobs can be created by 2030 by ensuring a green transition that fully considers its social dimensions. Worldwide employment in renewable energy reached 13.7 million in 2022, an increase of one million since 2021 and up from a total of 7.3 million in 2012, according to a report by the International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA) and ILO. Gueye pointed out that green jobs are about promoting decent work in ways that help change energy systems, improve transportation systems, and help manage waste, contributing to the environmental sustainability agenda. Green jobs are decent jobs that contribute to preserving or restoring the environment, be they in traditional sectors such as manufacturing and construction or in new, emerging green sectors such as renewable energy and energy efficiency. "An estimated nearly 75 million people are currently working in Nature-based Solutions (NBS)," according to the first edition of the report series 'Decent work in Nature-based Solutions', published in collaboration between ILO, the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) and the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP). The report develops a robust framework for the assessment of employment in Nature-based Solutions (NbS), including the first empirical evaluation of current and potential future global employment in NbS. The Coordinator of the Green Jobs Programme at ILO praised the work paths being taken by COP28, which takes into account the issue of climate change and its relationship to social development, employment and the labour market. He explained that the COP28 negotiations are specific to the work programme on just transition, especially with regard to employment issues and social protection, and also related to losses and damages. He stressed that responding to climate change will not only address environmental problems, but will also lead to social and economic benefits as a result of that economic transformation. Gueye called on COP28 participants to integrate climate ambition with the issue of job creation and fair social development for all, emphasizing that nearly 4 billion people worldwide lack social protection Systems. He stressed that these systems are important for people to feel safe and enjoy security and social protection to become more resilient in the face of climate shocks. At the same time, it is necessary to provide the skills that help young people to transition from working in fossil fuel fields to new and renewable energy fields and to enter new professions created by the new green economy.

(Business Standard, 11.12.2023)

Netherlands: lack of jobs, high costs driving away Int'l Grads: The lack of suitable jobs, the high cost of living and the crowded housing market are the main reasons international students choose to leave the Netherlands after completing their studies, according to research from Dutch education organisation Nuffic. In a survey of 680 graduates and current students, 30% said they experienced discrimination during job interviews or in the workplace. Currently, around a quarter of international students remain living in the Netherlands five years after graduating. According to Nuffic, this figure has been relatively stable for the past decade. The research comes amid uncertainty about the future of the country's international education sector following the election of Geert Wilders as Prime Minister, a right-wing politician who is expected to pursue an anti-immigration agenda. The "stay rate" of international graduates has been a focus point of political conversations in recent years. "As a university, it is not our primary task to increase the stay rate," said Karen de Man, senior international relations officer at Erasmus University Rotterdam. "But we do, however, want to prepare our international students for the Dutch labour market as well as possible." The majority of those who left the Netherlands said they did so due to the lack of suitable work. Over a third also said they left because they couldn't find housing, while many reported they were unable to afford to continue living in the Netherlands. For those from outside the EU, problems with residence permits were mentioned by 62% of respondents as a reason for departing. Meanwhile, the majority of the students who chose to stay said the quality of life in the Netherlands was the main reason for their decision, alongside career opportunities and work-related factors, including a good work-life balance, job stability and higher salaries. Some also remained for personal reasons such as having an existing partner or relationship in the country. However, many in this group reported challenges finding housing and jobs, with almost 70% finding the Dutch language requirements for job applications challenging. Government policy has also been proposed to boost Dutch language skills and reduce English-language courses. "This study shows the importance of career events and career guidance, and efforts to support international students in building a network and learning Dutch," said researcher Elli Thravalou said. She added that students often underestimate the importance of learning the language. "During their studies, and when going out in cities, they get along speaking English. But if you really want to integrate into society, and work for Dutch companies, suddenly they discover that speaking Dutch makes life much easier. A lot of job offers specifically ask for Dutch language skills." Some 30% of the students who remained said they faced discrimination, while those from outside the EU could only work for a limited number of companies due to regulations. The students and graduates were also asked what helped them to find work and most of those who remained mentioned financial support during their job hunt. Nearly 7 in 10 of that group indicated that gaining relevant work experience during their studies, through internships or part-time jobs, was useful or very useful in their job search. De Man said, "A lack of social or professional support can be devastating when entering the labour market. That is where we see a role for ourselves, to boost contact between Dutch and international students, and to make them feel at home in the city".

(The Pie news,12.12.2023)

Rabat, Casablanca Among Africa's Best Cities for International Employees: The Quality of Living ranking factors in various dimensions such as political stability, healthcare, education, infrastructure, and sociocultural environment. Meanwhile, Vienna, Austria has secured the top spot in Mercer's ranking. Following Vienna, Zurich, Switzerland, and Auckland, New Zealand, claimed the second and third positions, respectively. Several African cities, including N'Djamena in Chad, Bangui in Central African Republic, and Khartoum in Sudan, slipped lower this year. Elsewhere in Europe, Amsterdam, Oslo, Stockholm, and Paris secured leading positions in the ranking. However, Eastern European cities, such as Prague, Budapest, and Warsaw, faced challenges due to economic instability and social inequality, impacting resident well-being. In Africa, Port Louis in Mauritius emerged as a standout city for quality of living and safety, followed by South Africa's Cape Town, Johannesburg, and Durban. In the Middle East, Dubai and Abu Dhabi were the leading cities in the ranking, although rapid urbanization in Dubai has presented challenges like traffic congestion and heightened air pollution concerns, the report explains. Singapore led the way in Asia, followed by several Japanese cities and Singapore's South Korean counterparts like Seoul and Busan. In North America, Vancouver, Toronto, and cities like San Francisco and New York City led the ranking.

(Morocccoworldnews,13.12.2023)

Sustainability, Human Wellbeing Depend on Rethinking, Redefining Value of Resources:

While the COP28 presidency celebrated an “historic deal” to transition away from fossil fuels, we must remind ourselves that the future wellbeing of human societies in a livable planet depends on more than that. The resounding consensus of the recent World Resources Forum Conference: in order to achieve well-being for all within planetary boundaries, humanity needs to rethink how it values resources. Keeping fossil fuels in the ground is a necessary condition, but not a sufficient one. To achieve the ultimate goal, we need to fundamentally rethink the value of natural resources and reassess their link to long-term human wellbeing. Having a world climate conference with a tunnel vision on fossil fuels does not help us in that. At stake is the long-term ability of human societies to provide for wellbeing, especially in light of a growing global population and widening inequalities. Over the past decades, resource use has significantly improved living standards for many, particularly in high-income countries, but this now comes at an unprecedented cost to the environment and human health. According to the UN International Resource Panel, today resource extraction and processing are responsible for 90% of biodiversity loss and water stress, 50% of carbon emissions and 1/3 of air pollution health impacts. The use of resources has more than tripled since 1970 and, if current trends continue, global material consumption is predicted to double again by 2060. This growth is especially prominent for metals and non-metallic minerals, which are the backbone of major industries and the enablers of the energy and digital transitions. The International Energy Agency forecasts that global demand for critical raw materials will quadruple by 2040 – in the case of lithium, demand is expected to increase by a factor of 42. Resources are the bridge between economic productivity and ecological balance. A bridge that, in most policy and governance frameworks, has often remained invisible. The main reason for this lies in an economic model not valuing natural resources. Economists have severely downplayed the dependence of economic activity on resources and the natural systems that generate them. This has contributed to overexploitation, environmental degradation and the exacerbation of global challenges, such as climate change and biodiversity loss. Distorted economic incentives and market signals are now ubiquitous, such as in the well-known cases of the deforestation of the Amazon rainforest or the depletion of fish stocks due to overfishing. Others are less discussed, especially in relation to the mining sector, which will become the engine of the global economy. If not responsibly managed, mining activities can lead to soil erosion, habitat destruction and contamination of water sources, impacting the local ecosystems and nearby communities who depend on those ecosystems. A prominent example is the handling of mining waste and mining tailings, the residue remaining after mineral processing. Recent research reveals that a third of the world’s mine tailings facilities are located within or near protected areas, posing a significant threat to biodiversity and ecosystem integrity in the event of facility failures or accidents. Unfortunately, these accidents are not as uncommon as one may think. The disaster of the Brumadinho (Brazil) tailings storage facility in 2019 unleashed a toxic tidal wave of around 12 million cubic meters, which killed 270 people and destroyed a significant area of the Atlantic forest and a protected area downstream. Economic models are human-made and can be changed. If we are serious about sustainability and long-term human wellbeing, they must be transformed to better account for the unreplaceable value that natural resources provide. This shift, advocated for by participants at the World Resources Forum 2023, requires acknowledging the interconnectedness of economic, ecological and social systems, underpinning the need for new accounting models to integrate ecological and social indicators. Profound changes need to permeate climate negotiations and international policies, if future COPs are to play a meaningful role in preserving life on this planet. This year we witnessed once again how climate change discussions tend to overlook the central role played by the excessive and irresponsible use of resources, and apply a tunnel vision focused on CO2 emissions which are a key aspect to tackle, but essentially a symptom of a more profound ill. The cure goes through integrating natural resource management in the institutional fabric and extending the relevant policy options beyond the prevailing energy supply. Ecological health and human wellbeing are interlinked objectives which call for reassessing our values and rethinking how we use natural resources.

(Global Issues, 15.12.2023)

अम निर्णय LABOUR DECISION

Arbitrary dismissal, even for alleged misconduct, cannot override established legal safeguards.

Rajesh Vashist vs Union of India & Ors.:

The case pertains to Rajesh Vashist, a former Deputy Field Officer in the Sahastra Seema Bal (SSB), challenging his termination. Filed before the Central Administrative Tribunal (CAT), Principal Bench, New Delhi, the applicant sought judicial intervention, alleging procedural irregularities in his dismissal.

Facts of the Case:

1. **Position and Termination:**
 - Rajesh Vashist served as a Deputy Field Officer (Group B, Non-Gazetted) in the SSB.
 - He was dismissed following allegations of misconduct and procedural lapses.
2. **Nature of Grievance:**
 - Vashist contested the termination order, asserting it was issued without adherence to principles of natural justice and without affording him a fair hearing.
 - The applicant also alleged that his termination was arbitrary and lacked substantive justification.

Key Legal Issues:

1. **Was the termination order validly issued, following due process?**
2. **Did the respondents violate principles of natural justice in terminating the applicant?**
3. **Whether the applicant is entitled to reinstatement or compensation.**

Arguments by the Applicant:

1. **Procedural Violations:**
 - The dismissal was executed without a formal disciplinary inquiry as mandated by service rules.
 - He claimed denial of an opportunity to defend himself.
2. **Impact on Career:**
 - Vashist argued that the dismissal, without a proper examination of the charges, adversely impacted his professional reputation and financial security.
3. **Remedy Sought:**
 - Reinstatement into service with full pay and benefits, along with arrears.

Arguments by the Respondents:

1. **Justification for Termination:**
 - The respondents argued the termination was based on sufficient evidence of misconduct and dereliction of duty.
 - They maintained that the applicant was not performing his duties satisfactorily and his continuation posed risks to the organization.
2. **Adherence to Rules:**
 - They contended that the procedures adopted were compliant with the applicable service rules.

Tribunal's Observations:

1. **On Procedural Compliance:**
 - The Tribunal underscored that adherence to principles of natural justice is a cornerstone of disciplinary proceedings.
 - It found significant lapses in the inquiry process, which undermined the fairness of the dismissal.
2. **Evidence of Misconduct:**
 - While noting allegations against the applicant, the Tribunal emphasized the need for proper inquiry and substantiated evidence before concluding on guilt.
3. **Discretionary Nature of Relief:**
 - The Tribunal acknowledged the need to balance organizational interests with the rights of employees.

Judgment:

1. **Findings:**
 - The Tribunal declared the termination order invalid, citing non-compliance with procedural requirements.
 - It ruled that the applicant had been denied an opportunity to defend himself, violating principles of natural justice.
2. **Directions:**
 - The respondents were directed to reconsider the case, following due process, and ensure a fair inquiry before any punitive action.

Significance of the Judgment:

The decision reaffirms the importance of procedural fairness in disciplinary actions within public service. It highlights that arbitrary dismissal, even for alleged misconduct, cannot override established legal safeguards.

(Rajesh Vashist vs Union of India & Ors., All India Services Law Journal Vol-144 Part X October, 2023 pp. 129-144)

What are we having this liberty for? We are having this liberty in order to reform our social system, which is full of inequality, discrimination and other things, which conflict with our fundamental rights.

- B.R. Ambedkar

श्रम साहित्य LABOUR LITERATURE

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Employment and Unemployment

- Giacomo Damoli, Vincent Van Roy,
Daniel Vertesy & Marco Vivarelli
- Dr.A.Shaji George, A.S.Hovan George,
A.S.Gabrio Martin
- Petar Mitić,Aleksandra
Fedajev,Magdalena Radulescu,
Abdul Rehman
- Javmanov Jamshed Abdusamatovich,
Fayzullayev Umidullo Xayrullo o'g'li
- John Bluedorn, Francesca Caselli,Niels-
Jakob Hansen,
Ipei Shibata and Marina M. Tavares
- Ortiqov Shavkat Mukhammadiyevich
- Halyna Mishchuk, Yuriy Bilan, Viktoriia
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- Antonios Th. Malousis, Panagiotis N.
Zefkilis and Theodoros Daglis
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 - The Population Wishes For Poverty Reduction And Employment, *Journal Of Economics And Business Management* Volume-6, Issue-5, Published 20-12-2023, pp-26.
 - Gender and employment in the COVID-19 recession: Cross-country evidence on “shecessions”, *The Centre for Economic Policy Research*, Issue 76, 23 April 2021, pp-87.
 - Experiences In The Study And Analysis Of Population Employment In Foreign Countries, *International Multidisciplinary Journal For Research & Development*, Volume 10, Issue 12 (2023), pp-21.
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Learn from yesterday, live for today, hope for tomorrow. The important thing is not to stop questioning.

- Albert Einstein

सांख्यिकी STATISTICS

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मासिक सांख्यिकी MONTHLY STATISTICS

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खंड अ SECTION A
मासिक सांख्यिकी MONTHLY STATISTICS

Notes

1. Prices and Price Indices

1. 1. Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers

A.1.1.1. Labour Bureau's Series of All India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers (Base: 2016=100) – The All-India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers on Base: 2016=100 (General and Group-wise) along with Linking Factors with previous base: 2001=100 are presented in Table A.1.1.1. The All India Index is a weighted average of 88 constituent centre Indices compiled by the Labour Bureau. The current series of the Index Numbers has been introduced with effect from September, 2020 index replacing the series on base: 2001=100. The All India General Index as well as Group Indices for previous series on base: 2001=100 can be obtained by multiplying the current series indices by the respective Linking Factors. A note on the scope and methods of construction of these index numbers was published in December 2020 issue of the "Indian Labour Journal". The All India Consumer Price Index Number for the month of November, 2023 increased by 0.7 points with respect to previous month and stood at 139.1 points.

A.1.1.2. Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers in respect of 88 constituent centres on Base: 2016=100 – The Consumer Price Index Numbers for industrial workers on Base: 2016=100 for 88 centres compiled by the Labour Bureau are presented group wise in Table A.1.1.2 for the months of October, 2023 and November, 2023. The Index Numbers measure the extent to which the overall levels of retail prices of goods and services consumed by Industrial Workers has changed when compared with the base period viz., 2016=100. As compared to previous month. At centre level, Tirunelveli recorded a maximum increase of 4.1 points. Among others, 3 centres recorded increase between 3 to 3.9 points, 5 centres between 2 to 2.9 points, 19 centres between 1 to 1.9 points and 36 centres between 0.1 to 0.9 points. On the contrary, Gurugram recorded a maximum decrease of 1.5 points followed by Ahmedabad and Kollam with 1.0 point each. Among others, 18 centres recorded decrease between 0.1 to 0.9 points. Rest of three centres' index remained stationary.

1.2. Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers:

A.1.2.1 (a) and (b). Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers on Base: 1986-87=100 - All-India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers on Base: 1986-87=100 replacing the earlier series on base 1960-61=100 were released with effect from November, 1995. The all-India index is a weighted average of 20 constituent State indices compiled by the Labour Bureau for Agricultural and Rural Labourers separately. A detailed note on the scope and method of construction of these indices was published in February, 1996 issue of the Indian Labour Journal.

The Consumer Price Index Numbers (Base: 1986-87=100) for Agricultural and Rural Labourers for 20 States and All-India are presented group-wise in Tables A.1.2.1 (a) and (b) for the months of October, 2023 and November, 2023. These index numbers measure the extent of change in the retail prices of goods and services consumed by Agricultural and Rural Labourers as compared with the base period viz., 1986-87. The All-India Consumer Price Index Number for Agricultural Labourers and Rural Labourers (Base: 1986-87=100) for the month of November, 2023 increased by 12 & 11 points respectively to stand at 1253 (One thousand two hundred and fifty three) and 1262 (One thousand two hundred and sixty two) points respectively.

A.1.2.2 (a) and (b). Monthly Consumer Prices of Selected Articles for Agricultural and Rural Labourers – The monthly consumer prices of selected articles of index basket of agricultural and rural labourers utilized in the compilation of Consumer Price Index Numbers (Base: 1986-87=100) for 20 States separately for Agricultural and Rural Labourers for the month of November, 2023 are given in Tables A.1.2.2. (a) and (b). Though the spatial coverage and the individual sample village price quotations in both the series relating to the Agricultural and Rural Labourers

are the same, the weighted prices of items at the State level will be slightly different from each other due to difference in the regional weights in each of the series.

2. Wages and Earnings

A.2.1 (a) and (b). Average Daily Wage Rates for Agricultural and Non-agricultural occupations- In pursuance of the recommendations of the Technical Working Group on rural retail prices set up by the NSO in 1974, Labour Bureau has been compiling and maintaining average daily wage rate data in respect of agricultural and non-agricultural occupations based on the data collected by the Field Operation Division of National Statistical Office (NSO) from a fixed set of 600 sample villages spread over 66 NSS regions in 20 states. Though these wage rate data have been collected since 1986-87, their regular compilation and dissemination started w.e.f December, 1998. The average daily wage rate data was collected for eleven agricultural and seven non-agricultural occupations till October, 2013. However, following the recommendations of the Working Group constituted by the CSO on advice of the National Statistical Commission (NSC), wage rate data is now being collected for 25 occupations (12 agricultural and 13 non-agricultural). The daily wage rate data received from the field are first normalized for eight working hours a day. The simple arithmetic average of these normalized daily wage rates is worked out for each of the 20 states. The average wage rates at all-India level are derived by dividing the sum total of wages of all the 20 states by the number of quotations. These averages are restricted only to those occupations where the number of quotations are five or more in order to avoid the apparent inconsistency in wages paid to different categories of workers on account of differences in number of quotations. The month-wise average daily wage rates are thus worked out at State level and also at all-India level are released regularly to the users through various sources. State-wise and all-India average daily wage rates by occupation and sex for the month of November, 2023 have been presented in Table A.2.1 (a) for agricultural occupations and Table A.2.1 (b) for non-agricultural occupations.

3. Industrial Dispute

A.3.1. Sector / Sphere-wise Number of Disputes, Workers Involved and Mandays Lost due to Industrial Disputes from January to November, 2023 – These statistics are received in the Bureau from the State Labour Departments and Regional Labour Commissioners (Central) in the prescribed format in the shape of monthly voluntary returns covering State and Central Spheres separately. Information on Strikes and Lockouts is collected by the concerned authorities and sent to the Bureau every month. Consolidated information for the year 2023 (as on 31st December, 2023) is presented in Table A.3.1.

A.3.2. Industrial Disputes (All Strikes and Lockouts) during January to November, 2023 - State-wise scenario of Industrial Disputes from January to November, 2023 is presented in Table A.3.2.

NOTES - 1. Labour Bureau takes every care to ensure correctness of the information presented in Sections A and B of the Journal. However, any error, if noticed, may kindly be brought to the notice of the Labour Bureau.

2. The indices given in Sections A and B measure the relative change in Consumer Prices over time at each Centre and as such these cannot be used for comparison of costliness among the different Centres.

1. कीमतेँ एवं मूल्य सूचकांक
PRICES AND PRICE INDICES

1.1 औद्योगिक श्रमिक उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक
1.1 Industrial Workers Consumer Price Index

तालिका अ.1.1.1. औद्योगिक श्रमिकों के लिए 2016 = 100 पर आधारित अखिल भारतीय उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक (समूह-वार और सामान्य) की श्रम ब्यूरो की श्रृंखला

Table A.1.1.1. Labour Bureau's Series of All India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers on base 2016=100 (Group-wise and General)

वर्ग / Group	सम्पर्क कारक Linking Factor	अक्टूबर/October 2023	नवम्बर/November 2023
सामान्य सूचकांक / General Index	2.88	138.4	139.1
I खाद्य एवं पेय / Food & Beverages	3.00	142.3	143.9
II पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य / Pan, Supari, Tobacco and Intoxicants	3.19	157.0	157.7
III वस्त्र एवं जूते / Clothing and Footwear	1.98	139.5	140.8
IV आवास / Housing	4.01	125.7	125.7
V ईंधन एवं प्रकाश / Fuel and Light	2.41	161.7	161.9
VI विविध / Miscellaneous	2.25	135.1	135.2

सम्पर्क कारक: वर्तमान श्रृंखला सूचकांक को संबंधित सम्पर्क कारक से गुणा करके आधार 2001 = 100 पर स्थित पिछली श्रृंखला के लिए अखिल भारतीय सामान्य सूचकांक तथा वर्ग सूचकांकों को प्राप्त किया जा सकता है।

Linking Factor: The All-India General Index as well as Group Indices for previous series on base: 2001=100 can be obtained by multiplying the current series indices by the respective Linking Factors.

तालिका अ.1.1.2 - श्रम ब्यूरो की औद्योगिक श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक
Table A.1.1.2 - Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य/संघ राज्य/केन्द्र State/Union Territory/ Centre	सम्पर्क कारक Linking factor for General Index with previous base 2001=100	सामान्य General		खाद्य एवं पेय Food & Beverages	
			अक्टूबर/Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/Nov. 2023	अक्टूबर/Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/Nov. 2023
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
आंध्र प्रदेश ANDHRA PRADESH						
1	गुन्टूर Guntur	2.61	147.1	147.5*	146.5	147.8
2	नेल्लोर Nellore	N	138.0	138.9	141.7	143.8
3	विशाखापत्तनम Vishakhapatnam	2.44	153.0	153.2	139.5	140.3
असम ASSAM						
4	बिस्वानथ-चारियाली Biswanath-Chariali	N	149.0	149.2	143.6	143.7
5	डुमडूमा तिनसुकिया DD Tinsukia	2.38	151.8	153.0	144.8	147.0
6	गुवाहाटी Guwahati	2.42	152.9	152.2	137.5	135.9
7	लबाक सिल्चर Labac-Silchar	2.48	142.6	142.6	137.2	137.4
8	नुमालीगढ़ गोलाघाट Numaligarh-Golaghat	N	146.0	145.6	135.2	134.4
9	सिबसागर Sibsagar	N	147.2	147.6	154.4	155.3
बिहार BIHAR						
10	मुंगेर जमालपुर Munger-Jamalpur	3.16	142.8	143.2	135.4	136.4
11	पटना Patna	N	138.4	139.7	138.7	141.9
चंडीगढ़ CHANDIGARH						
12	चंडीगढ़ Chandigarh	2.79	145.4	146.0	141.2	143.9
छत्तीसगढ़ CHHATTISGARH						
13	भिलाई Bhilai	3.13	127.4	127.8	133.1	131.1
14	कोरबा Korba	N	144.2	145.9	149.5	155.2
15	रायपुर Raipur	N	136.4	136.5*	146.1	146.5
दा. न. ह. DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI						
16	दादरा नगर हवेली Dadra & Nagar Haveli	N	129.8	130.2	124.8	125.7
दिल्ली DELHI						
17	दिल्ली Delhi	2.82	131.5	131.7	142.0	142.5
गोवा GOA						
18	गोवा Goa	3.20	131.3	131.6	141.1	141.6
गुजरात GUJARAT						
19	अहमदाबाद Ahmedabad	2.73	135.3	134.3	148.0	145.2
20	भावनगर Bhavnagar	2.84	132.7	134.1	141.6	144.9
21	राजकोट Rajkot	2.90	132.8	132.7	139.8	139.6
22	सूरत Surat	2.64	130.8	132.8	145.4	148.2
23	वड़ोदरा Vadodara	2.66	134.1	133.8	147.8	147.1

* दूसरे दशमलव बिन्दु से राउन्ड हुआ है/Rounded up from second decimal place

श्रृंखला (समूह-वार एवं सामान्य) (आधार 2016 = 100)

Workers (Group-wise & General) (Base 2016=100)

पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य Pan, Supari, Tobacco and Intoxicants		वस्त्र एवं जूते Clothing & Footwear		आवास Housing		ईंधन एवं प्रकाश Fuel & Light		विविध Misc.	
अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
165.6	165.6	131.0	131.2	107.8	107.8	189.4	189.4	166.9	166.4
147.5	147.5	138.2	138.2	117.8	117.8	167.5*	167.5*	138.0	138.0
227.1	227.1	176.1	176.1	130.8	130.8	195.7	195.7	162.9	162.9
182.6	184.7	128.3	128.3	105.7	105.7	209.1	209.1	142.3	142.3
153.4	153.4	231.6	231.6	126.8	126.8	214.5*	214.5*	144.2	144.1
139.5	139.5	119.2	119.6	207.8	207.8	193.9	193.9	136.2	136.2
159.6	157.5*	144.8	144.8	102.1	102.1	331.4	331.4	119.8	119.8
172.9	172.9	171.2	171.2	106.5*	106.5*	249.3	249.3	125.3	125.3
182.0	181.6	119.9	120.1	104.2	104.2	227.3	227.2	120.1	120.0
137.5*	137.5*	167.0	167.0	121.3	121.3	185.7	185.7	146.6	146.6
134.7	141.0	147.2	147.2	133.2	133.2	180.2	180.2	132.6	132.6
133.9	134.0	185.4	180.2	153.7	153.7	155.6	155.6	136.0	135.8
176.9	178.8	117.3	117.3	115.3	115.3	165.4	165.4	122.6	124.7
182.7	182.7	153.1	153.1	144.4	144.4	170.1	170.1	133.5*	133.5*
187.2	187.2	114.5	114.5	123.4	123.4	149.5*	149.5*	132.0	132.0
165.5*	165.5*	115.0	115.0	118.8	118.8	164.3	164.3	139.2	139.2
144.1	144.1	158.4	159.4	124.2	124.2	106.6	106.6	124.6	124.4
122.0	122.0	115.1	115.1	121.9	121.9	140.7	140.7	126.4	126.4
118.6	120.8	123.1	123.1	119.6	119.6	173.8	173.8	123.8	123.8
156.8	156.8	115.2	115.2	115.3	115.3	181.7	181.7	121.7	121.8
116.3	116.3	125.3	125.3	114.4	114.4	170.4	170.4	126.9	126.9
109.3	109.3	107.4	107.4	109.9	109.9	166.1	166.1	125.1	128.4
154.8	154.8	111.3	111.3	113.7	113.7	157.4	157.4	131.0	131.0

तालिका अ.1.1.2 जारी / Table A.1.1.2 Contd.

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य/संघ राज्य/केन्द्र State/Union Territory/ Centre	सम्पर्क कारक Linking factor for General Index with previous base 2001=100	सामान्य General		खाद्य एवं पेय Food & Beverages	
			अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
हरियाणा HARYANA						
24	फरीदाबाद Faridabad	2.57	137.9	137.7	133.3	132.9
25	गुरुग्राम Gurugram	N	142.9	141.4	144.0	140.8
26	यमुनानगर Yamunanagar	2.78	140.9	142.7	143.7	148.2
हिमाचल प्रदेश HIMACHAL PRADESH						
27	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	2.46	133.0	133.4	135.5*	136.5*
जम्मू एवं कश्मीर JAMMU & KASHMIR						
28	जम्मू व कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	2.55	143.9	144.2	146.8	147.6
झारखंड JHARKHAND						
29	बोकारो Bokaro	2.78	134.0	133.4	141.8	141.1
30	धनबाद झरिया Dhanbad-Jharia	3.29	143.8	144.0	146.6	147.1
31	जमशेदपुर Jamshedpur	3.24	150.9	152.9	154.2	159.9
32	रामगढ़ Ramgarh	N	141.7	143.3	146.5*	148.0
कर्नाटक KARNATAKA						
33	बेलगाम Belgaum	2.86	138.8	140.5*	135.7	140.2
34	बेंगलुरु Bengaluru	2.75	132.7	134.2	141.9	145.3
35	चिकमंगलूर Chikmanglur	N	132.7	132.8	144.4	144.8
36	दवनगिरी Davanagere	N	144.8	146.2	144.7	148.1
37	हुबली-धारवाड़ Hubli-Dharwar	3.10	135.4	135.9	138.8	140.1
38	मरकारा कोडागु Mercara-Kodagu	2.97	135.3	136.3	141.3	143.7
39	मैसूर Mysore	2.92	138.6	140.2	146.3	151.3
केरल KERALA						
40	एरनाकुलम/अलवाई Ernakulam/Alwaye	2.84	138.4	138.7	136.2	137.2
41	इदुकी Idukki	N	140.6	141.1	138.1	139.1
42	कोललम Kollam	3.21	136.8	135.8	132.2	129.9
मध्यप्रदेश MADHYA PRADESH						
43	भोपाल Bhopal	3.11	135.2	135.8	145.1	147.0
44	छिंदवाड़ा Chhindwara	2.94	137.4	140.3	143.4	145.5
45	इन्दौर Indore	2.70	131.1	133.8	140.1	147.5*
46	जबलपुर Jabalpur	3.00	140.4	141.3	138.8	141.4

* दूसरे दशमलव बिन्दु से राउन्ड हुआ है/Rounded up from second decimal place

पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य Pan, Supari, Tobacco and Intoxicants		वस्त्र एवं जूते Clothing & Footwear		आवास Housing		ईंधन एवं प्रकाश Fuel & Light		विविध Misc.	
अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
167.2	167.2	135.1	135.1	129.9	129.9	141.2	141.2	149.3	149.3
133.5	133.5	143.7	141.1	133.7	133.7	146.6	146.6	147.3	147.2
171.4	171.4	170.0	170.0	133.4	133.4	121.2	121.2	140.9	140.8
161.3	161.3	125.7	125.7	131.1	131.1	127.4	127.4	130.9	130.9
152.9	152.9	118.1	117.5*	143.0	143.0	157.3	157.3	142.7	142.8
176.2	176.2	141.3	135.1	127.0	127.0	132.4	132.4	125.8	126.0
178.3	178.3	158.2	158.2	163.4	163.4	126.1	126.1	133.8	133.8
432.8	432.8	154.4	154.4	156.8	156.8	93.9	93.9	147.2	147.2
179.7	179.7	147.2	160.3	151.4	151.4	116.9	116.9	131.0	131.3
151.5	151.5	139.0	139.0	147.2	147.2	183.4	183.4	130.7	129.7
149.2	148.9	134.1	136.7	119.4	119.4	202.1	202.2	122.1	122.7
174.1	174.1	119.6	119.6	109.6	109.6	182.1	182.1	120.0	120.0
163.2	162.1	145.3	145.3	129.9	129.9	206.9	206.9	140.7	140.6
169.1	169.0	156.1	156.1	116.3	116.3	180.6	180.6	129.5*	129.5*
148.8	148.8	130.3	130.3	114.0	114.0	190.5*	190.5*	124.8	124.8
174.4	174.4	147.9	147.9	117.3	117.3	187.9	187.9	136.2	136.2
142.2	142.2	148.7	148.7	127.2	127.2	173.1	173.0	142.2	142.2
153.1	153.1	127.6	128.2	102.9	102.9	161.5*	160.7	155.8	156.0
171.4	170.3	185.2	185.2	118.2	118.2	167.8	167.3	137.7	137.7
201.8	201.8	131.3	131.3	122.5	122.5	161.7	161.7	127.6	127.6
148.7	148.7	143.5*	143.5*	119.7	119.7	167.7	167.7	128.2	134.3
141.4	141.4	112.0	112.0	117.6	117.6	168.0	168.0	123.0	123.0
156.9	156.9	121.8	121.8	138.5	138.5	167.4	167.4	141.1	141.1
109.3	109.3	107.4	107.4	109.9	109.9	166.1	166.1	125.1	128.4
154.8	154.8	111.3	111.3	113.7	113.7	157.4	157.4	131.0	131.0

तालिका अ.1.1.2 जारी / Table A.1.1.2 Contd.

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य/संघ राज्य/केन्द्र State/Union Territory/ Centre	सम्पर्क कारक Linking factor for General Index with previous base 2001=100	सामान्य General		खाद्य एवं पेय Food & Beverages	
			अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
महाराष्ट्र MAHARASHTRA						
47	मुम्बई Mumbai	2.91	129.2	129.3	137.6	137.6
48	नागपुर Nagpur	3.60	137.6	140.6	134.3	143.5*
49	नासिक Nasik	3.42	132.2	133.8	142.5*	145.7
50	पुणे Pune	3.22	128.1	127.3	135.9	133.8
51	शोलापुर Solapur	3.10	142.9	143.2	139.4	140.0
52	ठाणे Thane	N	128.0	129.7	133.4	134.3
मेघालय MEGHALAYA						
53	शिलांग Shillong	N	149.0	148.3	144.0	143.7
ओडिशा ODISHA						
54	अंगुल-तलचर Angul-Talcher	2.88	150.6	150.5	157.6	156.3
55	कटक Cuttack	N	151.1	153.4	141.3	145.4
56	क्योंझर Keonjhar	N	145.6	147.2	151.0	155.0
पुडुचेरी PUDUCHERRY						
57	पुडुचेरी Puducherry	2.88	153.3	153.3	153.5*	153.3
पंजाब PUNJAB						
58	अमृतसर Amritsar	2.98	135.7	135.9	152.1	152.7
59	जालंधर Jalandhar	2.84	144.7	145.3	153.2	154.5
60	लुधियाना Ludhiana	2.62	146.8	146.1	155.1	153.8
61	संगरूर Sangrur	N	138.4	138.6	161.1	161.5
राजस्थान RAJASTHAN						
62	अलवर Alwar	N	127.5	127.4	136.5*	136.1
63	भीलवाड़ा Bhilwara	2.71	131.5*	131.2	137.1	136.6
64	जयपुर Jaipur	2.89	124.2	124.4	143.6	144.2
तमिलनाडु TAMIL NADU						
65	चेन्नई Chennai	2.50	136.1	136.1	151.6	151.9
66	कोयम्बटूर Coimbatore	2.60	138.0	139.0	155.9	158.7
67	कुन्नूर Coonoor	2.96	136.1	137.2	151.0	153.5
68	मदुरई Madurai	2.69	139.5	143.2	140.1	148.2
69	सेलम Salem	2.69	135.4	138.7	142.4	150.3
70	तिरुनेल्वेलि Tirunelveli	N	149.0	153.1	152.0	161.3
71	विरुधु नगर Virudhu Nagar	N	143.1	144.6	145.6	148.4

* दूसरे दशमलव बिन्दु से राउन्ड हुआ है/Rounded up from second decimal place

पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य Pan. Supari, Tobacco and Intoxicants		वस्त्र एवं जूते Clothing & Footwear		आवास Housing		ईंधन एवं प्रकाश Fuel & Light		विविध Misc.	
अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
143.2	142.9	129.7	129.7	121.3	121.3	170.4	171.7	115.6	115.6
155.7	158.2	135.4	135.4	144.4	144.4	179.9	181.5*	127.2	125.7
137.8	137.9	149.6	156.2	120.8	120.8	180.5	181.6	114.4	114.3
167.7	167.7	106.6	106.6	111.2	111.2	190.8	190.8	124.9	124.9
144.3	144.3	139.4	139.4	159.1	159.1	183.4	184.5*	127.8	127.8
139.8	143.0	134.7	148.2	113.8	113.8	160.9	161.9	122.6	124.5
133.9	133.9	145.9	146.4	137.0	137.0	161.5	163.3	162.4	160.0
144.0	144.3	157.1	157.8	149.3	149.3	170.9	179.4	137.9	137.9
174.9	178.6	159.9	160.1	144.9	144.9	191.4	200.3	158.2	158.2
155.1	156.5	127.9	129.4	132.6	132.6	188.3	180.5	138.5	139.2
165.8	165.8	173.3	173.3	112.8	112.8	209.6	209.6	159.5*	159.8
126.9	126.9	146.6	146.6	126.6	126.6	83.1	83.1	132.3	132.3
117.4	117.4	203.0	203.0	128.8	128.8	86.9	86.9	151.1	151.1
160.3	160.3	157.9	157.3	143.0	143.0	101.6	101.6	144.0	144.0
146.5	146.5	134.1	135.4	117.4	117.4	80.2	80.2	142.0	142.0
142.7	142.7	123.0	123.0	114.1	114.1	118.8	118.8	125.1	125.1
139.5	139.5	134.9	134.9	117.3	117.3	95.7	95.7	136.5	136.5
117.7	117.7	136.3	136.3	116.8	116.8	73.7	73.7	119.0	119.0
152.2	152.2	123.0	121.9	106.4	106.4	133.8	133.8	139.0	138.9
142.5*	142.5*	131.6	128.5	109.4	109.4	181.1	181.1	128.6	128.7
147.6	147.7	137.0	137.1	105.5*	105.5*	142.4	142.4	125.9	125.9
149.8	149.8	137.5*	137.9	112.1	112.1	173.1	173.1	145.5	145.5
143.3	143.2	136.2	135.6	125.8	125.8	164.0	164.0	125.4	125.1
116.9	116.7	173.8	177.3	110.1	110.1	191.5	191.5	161.9	162.0
158.5	158.5	154.1	154.1	117.2	117.2	169.2	169.2	137.3	137.4

तालिका अ.1.1.2 समाप्त / Table A.1.1.2 Concltd.

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य/संघ राज्य/केन्द्र State/Union Territory/ Centre	सम्पर्क कारक Linking factor for General Index with previous base 2001=100	सामान्य General		खाद्य एवं पेय Food & Beverages	
			अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
तेलंगाना TELANGANA						
72	हैदराबाद Hyderabad	2.44	137.5	137.1	141.0	139.8
73	मांचेरीआल Mancheriyal	N	150.5*	150.2	150.3	149.6
74	वारंगल Warangal	2.97	145.5	145.1	145.6	144.6
त्रिपुरा TRIPURA						
75	त्रिपुरा Tripura	2.43	140.4	141.2	132.9	134.2
उत्तर प्रदेश UTTAR PRADESH						
76	आगरा Agra	3.33	142.7	143.4	145.5	147.0
77	गाजियाबाद/गौ. बु. न. Ghaziabad/G.B. Nagar	3.00	142.4	142.1	143.8	143.1
78	कानपुर Kanpur	3.15	140.4	141.3	140.9	143.1
79	लखनऊ Lucknow	3.05	145.6	146.9	144.1	146.6
80	वाराणसी Varanasi	3.03	138.5*	138.6	131.3	133.2
उत्तराखंड UTTARAKHAND						
81	उधम सिंह नगर Udham Singh Nagar	N	145.9	146.6	136.5	138.6
पश्चिम बंगाल WEST BENGAL						
82	दार्जिलिंग Darjeeling	2.53	126.9	127.3	131.4	131.9
83	दुर्गापुर Durgapur	2.92	141.3	142.3	158.5*	160.8
84	हल्दिया Haldia	3.55	127.1	126.2	135.0	131.4
85	हावड़ा Howrah	2.58	140.8	141.0	136.9	136.4
86	जलपाईगुड़ी Jalpaiguri	2.52	140.2	140.3	150.4	150.1
87	कोलकाता Kolkata	2.46	141.6	141.1	131.9	130.9
88	रानीगंज Raniganj	2.57	143.2	143.4	136.2	136.8

* दूसरे दशमलव बिन्दु से राउन्ड हुआ है / Rounded up from second decimal place

पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य Pan. Supari, Tobacco and Intoxicants		वस्त्र एवं जूते Clothing & Footwear		आवास Housing		ईंधन एवं प्रकाश Fuel & Light		विविध Misc.	
अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	नवम्बर/ Nov. 2023
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
190.2	190.2	153.9	153.9	116.5	116.5	185.5*	187.2	132.6	132.6
145.7	145.7	153.8	153.8	115.8	115.8	155.9	155.9	157.1	157.1
144.6	144.6	145.4	145.4	104.0	104.0	171.2	171.2	159.1	159.1
168.3	168.5	123.2	123.2	110.3	110.3	224.7	225.7	130.9	130.9
122.0	144.6	123.9	124.3	134.3	134.3	158.8	158.8	144.4	142.6
119.7	127.6	142.8	142.8	146.9	146.9	170.2	170.2	131.5	131.2
137.5	137.5	158.0	157.5*	144.1	144.1	157.8	157.8	131.9	132.3
122.4	122.6	137.9	147.3	139.3	139.3	160.2	160.2	150.4	149.5
146.0	146.6	159.9	159.9	151.4	151.4	180.8	170.1	129.4	129.3
162.8	162.8	131.3	131.3	144.8	144.8	179.4	179.4	152.4	152.4
257.1	257.1	123.2	123.2	111.1	111.1	125.3	126.6	124.1	124.2
167.5	167.5	149.2	149.8	125.9	125.9	152.8	152.8	123.4	123.5*
151.1	151.1	111.9	111.6	130.9	130.9	151.0	152.6	114.6	115.5
155.5	155.9	114.1	114.1	145.2	145.2	201.3	207.0	130.8	130.8
235.7	237.0	129.6	129.6	106.5	106.5	140.8	142.8	152.3	152.3
181.4	181.6	127.6	127.3	170.8	170.8	201.5	200.4	121.8	121.9
155.6	155.6	120.4	120.3	141.5	141.5	157.4	157.4	151.0	151.0

N- आधार 2016=100 पर नई श्रृंखला में नया केन्द्र /New Centre in the New Series on base: 2016=100.

1.2 कृषि और ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक

1.2 Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers

तालिका अ.1.2.1 (अ) - श्रम ब्यूरो की कृषि श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक की श्रृंखला

Table A.1.2.1 (a) - Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural

क्र. सं. Sl.N o.	राज्य State	सामान्य सूचकांक हेतु सम्पर्क कारक Linking factor for General Index ^a	सामान्य सूचकांक General Index		खाद्य सूचकांक Food Index		
			October अक्टूबर-	November नवम्बर	October अक्टूबर	November नवम्बर	
			2023	2023	2023	2023	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	4.84	1416	1440	1404	1440	
2	असम Assam	b	1115	1124	1044	1055	
3	बिहार Bihar	6.22	1055	1063	925	937	
4	गुजरात Gujarat	5.34	1289	1292	1283	1278	
5	हरियाणा Haryana	*	1332	1338	1363	1372	
6	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	*	960	958	989	988	
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	5.98	1183	1192	1191	1207	
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	5.81	1403	1423	1412	1444	
9	केरल Kerala	6.56	1237	1239	1210	1211	
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	6.04	1112	1118	1045	1052	
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	5.85	1375	1402	1422	1465	
12	मणिपुर Manipur	*	1112	1125	980	997	
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	*	1234	1236	1169	1169	
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	6.05	1063	1067	917	921	
15	पंजाब Punjab	c	1308	1321	1371	1390	
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	6.15	1306	1317	1316	1332	
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	5.67	1427	1453	1318	1351	
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	*	1021	1029	1041	1052	
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	6.60	1083	1093	1089	1098	
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	5.73	1103	1089	984	970	
अखिल भारत All-India			5.89	1241	1253	1185	1201

a = पुराने आधार (1960-61) के दिए गए माह के लिए सूचकांक को संबंधित सम्पर्क कारकों से उस माह के नए आधार (1986-87) के सूचकांक को गुणा करके प्राप्त किया जा सकता है जोकि केवल कृषि श्रमिकों पर लागू है / The indices for a given month of old base (1960-61) can be obtained by multiplying the index number of new base (1986-87) of that month by the relevant linking factors which are applicable to Agricultural Labourers only.

(समूह-वार एवं सामान्य) (आधार: 1986-87 = 100)

Labourers (Group-wise and General) (Base: 1986-87=100)

पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य सूचकांक Pan, Supari, Tobacco & Intoxicants Index		ईंधन एवं प्रकाश सूचकांक Fuel & Light Index		कपड़े, बिस्तरे एवं जूते सूचकांक Clothing, Bedding & Footwear Index		विविध सूचकांक Miscellaneous Index		क्र. सं. Sl.No.
October अक्टूबर 2023	November नवम्बर 2023	October अक्टूबर 2023	November नवम्बर 2023	October अक्टूबर 2023	November नवम्बर 2023	October अक्टूबर 2023	November नवम्बर 2023	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	1
2130	2146	1081	1076	1393	1391	1420	1427	1
1763	1760	1338	1336	1211	1212	1013	1018	2
1434	1434	1841	1820	1466	1476	1134	1139	3
2035	2040	1372	1419	1095	1105	1160	1174	4
1570	1574	1729	1751	1369	1361	929	922	5
1583	1582	559	559	870	866	1096	1090	6
1954	1963	948	909	1144	1151	1305	1310	7
2322	2311	954	951	1147	1147	1506	1507	8
2305	2334	1139	1132	1058	1059	1177	1181	9
1895	1884	1406	1415	1173	1186	1045	1042	10
1861	1872	1246	1232	1090	1093	1293	1292	11
2392	2393	1948	1975	1131	1131	853	854	12
1268	1296	1702	1702	1290	1307	1294	1294	13
1832	1847	1844	1846	1486	1487	1222	1221	14
1841	1842	1395	1409	1215	1213	992	994	15
2055	2062	1176	1181	1268	1265	1164	1165	16
2589	2637	1304	1312	1252	1255	1786	1788	17
1237	1226	1126	1126	1041	1042	789	797	18
1610	1614	997	1025	1134	1138	975	978	19
1877	1879	1294	1257	1710	1692	1479	1483	20
2009	2020	1308	1307	1266	1268	1277	1281	

b & c = असम तथा पंजाब के लिए सम्पर्क कारकों को प्राप्त करने हेतु कृपया इंडियन लेबर जर्नल का फरवरी, 1996 अंक में प्रकाशित लेख देखें / To obtain linking factors for Assam and Punjab, please refer article in February, 1996 issue of the Indian Labour Journal.

* = सूचकांकों को पहली बार नवंबर, 1995 से संकलित एवं प्रकाशित किया गया / Indices compiled and published for the first time w.e.f. November, 1995.

तालिकाअ.1.2.1 (ब) -श्रमब्यूरोकीग्रामीणश्रमिकोंकेलिएउपभोक्तामूल्यसूचकांककीश्रृंखला

Table A.1.2.1 (b) – Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Rural

क्र. सं. SI.No.	राज्य State	सामान्य सूचकांक General Index		खाद्य सूचकांक Food Index		पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य सूचकांक Pan, Supari, Tobacco & Intoxicants Index	
		October अक्टूबर 2023	November नवम्बर 2023	October अक्टूबर 2023	November नवम्बर 2023	October अक्टूबर 2023	November नवम्बर 2023
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	1415	1439	1402	1438	2126	2143
2	असम Assam	1136	1144	1073	1085	1737	1736
3	बिहार Bihar	1065	1074	923	934	1451	1451
4	गुजरात Gujarat	1290	1291	1290	1284	2007	2013
5	हरियाणा Haryana	1330	1336	1375	1384	1658	1661
6	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	1011	1015	1038	1048	1752	1751
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	1197	1207	1187	1206	2124	2130
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	1397	1417	1393	1424	2338	2327
9	केरल Kerala	1244	1247	1209	1211	2300	2328
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	1161	1168	1051	1057	1884	1873
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	1376	1399	1396	1437	1876	1889
12	मणिपुर Manipur	1120	1134	982	1000	2386	2386
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	1221	1224	1161	1161	1279	1309
14	ओडिशा Odisha	1067	1070	921	925	1837	1852
15	पंजाब Punjab	1319	1331	1372	1390	1806	1807
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	1282	1295	1296	1316	2009	2017
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	1415	1439	1327	1361	2619	2665
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	1054	1068	1045	1063	1270	1260
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	1089	1099	1091	1102	1588	1591
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	1123	1109	990	976	1881	1883
अखिल भारत All-India		1251	1262	1190	1206	2019	2030

(समूहवार और सामान्य) (आधार: 1986-87 = 100)

Labourers (Group wise and General) (Base: 1986-87=100)

ईंधन एवं प्रकाश सूचकांक Fuel & Light Index		कपड़े, बिस्तरे एवं जूते सूचकांक Clothing, Bedding & Footwear Index		विविध सूचकांक Miscellaneous Index		क्र. सं. Sl.No.
October अक्टूबर – 2023	November नवम्बर – 2023	October अक्टूबर – 2023	November नवम्बर – 2023	October अक्टूबर – 2023	November नवम्बर – 2023	
9	10	11	12	13	14	1
1072	1067	1387	1387	1430	1436	1
1355	1353	1204	1206	989	992	2
1842	1821	1446	1466	1146	1151	3
1376	1422	1116	1126	1155	1164	4
1726	1748	1272	1269	926	920	5
579	579	1015	1010	1025	1015	6
950	910	1299	1301	1217	1221	7
962	959	1178	1182	1575	1577	8
1132	1125	1112	1116	1235	1238	9
1410	1418	1441	1456	1089	1086	10
1254	1240	1283	1268	1326	1326	11
1953	1980	1156	1156	838	838	12
1699	1699	1107	1111	1311	1311	13
1844	1846	1453	1450	1222	1222	14
1386	1400	1306	1304	998	1001	15
1157	1162	1227	1225	1156	1157	16
1292	1300	1206	1208	1607	1609	17
1099	1099	1017	1017	1029	1044	18
998	1027	1235	1239	922	924	19
1344	1305	1689	1681	1491	1495	20
1299	1299	1315	1317	1282	1285	

तालिका अ.1.2.2 (अ) कृषि श्रमिकों के लिए चयनित वस्तुओं की राज्य-वार मासिक उपभोक्ता
Table A.1.2.2 (a) - State-wise monthly consumer prices of selected articles of Agricultural

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	मद Item	इकाई Unit	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	असम Assam	बिहार Bihar	गुजरात Gujarat
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.	चावल Rice	Kg.	24.15	20.42	13.48	4.68
2.	आटा Wheat:		-	-		-
	(अ) (a) गेहूँ साबुत Wheat Whole	Kg.	-	-	4.75	2.00
	(ब) (b) गेहूँ आटा Wheat Atta	Kg.	-	37.81	29.67	37.11
3.	ज्वार Jowar	Kg.	45.05	-	-	-
4.	बाजरा Bajra:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत बाजरा Bajra whole	Kg.	35.30	-	-	27.58
	(ब) (b) बाजरे का आटा Bajra Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	30.77
5.	मक्का Maize:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत मक्का Maize whole	Kg.	-	-	22.89	23.34
	(ब) (b) मक्के का आटा Maize Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	44.04
6.	रागी Ragi	Kg.	40.06	-	-	-
7.	अरहर दाल Arhar Dal	Kg.	169.81	149.75	159.69	151.27
8.	मूँगफली का तेल Groundnut Oil	Litre	163.80	-	-	194.60
9.	सरसों का तेल Mustard Oil	Litre	-	163.58	132.69	
10.	बक्रे/भेड़ का मांस Goat Meat/ Mutton	Kg.	693.97	658.53	657.58	549.04
11.	ताजा मछली Fish Fresh	Kg.	177.19	487.80	221.81	171.36
12.	दूध Milk	Litre	55.26	63.97	47.47	61.18
13.	प्याज Onion	Kg.	55.11	60.95	52.51	52.73
14.	सूखी मिर्च Chillies Dry	100Gms.	30.22	33.38	28.20	36.49
15.	आलू Potato	Kg.	31.30	25.92	18.02	25.16
16.	चीनी Sugar	Kg.	34.04	47.12	44.49	37.45
17.	गुड़ Gur	Kg.	54.38	67.42	51.10	56.11
18.	चाय पत्ती Tea Leaf	100Gms.	73.79	29.87	34.70	31.33
19.	जलाऊ लकड़ी Firewood	40 Kg.	190.97	183.80	332.85	212.73
20.	मिट्टी का तेल Kerosene Oil	Litre	21.05	61.24	75.19	63.58

कीमतें नवम्बर, 2023 माह के लिए

Labourers for the month of November, 2023

हरियाणा Haryana	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	कर्नाटक Karnataka	केरल Kerala	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	क्र. सं. Sl. No.
8	9	10	11	12	13	1
35.26	26.49	32.82	10.50	31.77	17.89	1.
-	-	-	-	-	-	2.
-	-	-	-	2.91	13.04	(अ) (a)
27.35	11.83	33.13	46.53	52.43	31.12	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	36.99	-	29.53	3.
-	-	-	-	-	-	4.
-	-	-	-	-	-	(अ) (a)
26.44	-	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	-	-	-	5.
27.50	-	27.44	-	-	24.19	(अ) (a)
-	26.00	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	33.33	-	-	6.
159.29	151.86	-	174.77	155.62	163.36	7.
-	-	-	149.18	-	189.82	8.
122.65	146.11	148.16	-	-	131.02	9.
596.90	510.00	586.63	628.71	733.40	566.01	10.
190.00	204.00	332.50	242.28	114.93	183.24	11.
67.04	53.56	45.77	45.93	55.95	50.40	12.
55.54	53.33	58.37	51.04	98.80	49.47	13.
36.89	37.89	47.37	30.52	31.13	29.64	14.
22.15	28.89	29.12	30.91	35.72	21.76	15.
15.42	25.60	44.57	43.55	43.05	37.08	16.
48.67	50.67	56.25	50.12	56.42	47.64	17.
31.27	32.78	45.81	42.82	24.28	27.96	18.
363.28	N.A.	304.37	132.92	148.34	221.36	19.
16.42	28.35	14.46	31.92	48.48	63.46	20.

तालिका अ.1.2.2 (अ) समाप्त / Table A.1.2.2 (a) Concl'd.

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	मद Item	इकाई Unit	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	मणिपुर Manipur	मेघालय Meghalaya	ओडिशा Odisha
1	2	3	14	15	16	17
1.	चावल Rice	Kg.	14.85	7.66	18.84	21.15
2.	आटा Wheat:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) गेहूँ साबुत Wheat Whole	Kg.	8.53	-	-	-
	(ब) (b) गेहूँ आटा Wheat Atta	Kg.	-	-	35.11	10.35
3.	ज्वार Jowar	Kg.	34.55	-	-	-
4.	बाजरा Bajra:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत बाजरा Bajra whole	Kg.	29.04	-	-	-
	(ब) (b) बाजरे का आटा Bajra Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	-
5.	मक्का Maize:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत मक्का Maize whole	Kg.	-	-	-	-
	(ब) (b) मक्के का आटा Maize Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	-
6.	रागी Ragi	Kg.	-	-	-	35.90
7.	अरहर दाल Arhar Dal	Kg.	168.22	139.75	113.75	161.22
8.	मूँगफली का तेल Groundnut Oil	Litre	163.95	-	-	89.74
9.	सरसों का तेल Mustard Oil	Litre	-	200.78	172.22	134.57
10.	बकरे/भेड़ का मांस Goat Meat/ Mutton	Kg.	621.08	-	-	700.70
11.	ताजा मछली Fish Fresh	Kg.	273.29	303.33	226.67	184.00
12.	दूध Milk	Litre	61.44	59.44	73.33	44.90
13.	प्याज Onion	Kg.	46.42	50.11	46.00	52.94
14.	सूखी मिर्च Chillies Dry	100Gms.	31.11	30.00	27.78	30.08
15.	आलू Potato	Kg.	25.15	31.56	33.78	18.93
16.	चीनी Sugar	Kg.	33.42	57.22	47.67	44.64
17.	गुड़ Gur	Kg.	31.85	-	-	47.64
18.	चाय पत्ती Tea Leaf	100Gms.	31.58	24.00	40.00	34.42
19.	जलाऊ लकड़ी Firewood	40 Kg.	205.80	328.89	276.67	214.55
20.	मिट्टी का तेल Kerosene Oil	Litre	29.59	29.28	63.14	70.66

- = मदें सूचकांक बास्केट में शामिल नहीं हैं / Items do not feature in the Index Basket.

N.A. = उपलब्ध नहीं / Not Available.

पंजाब Punjab	राजस्थान Rajasthan	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	त्रिपुरा Tripura	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	क्र. सं. Sl. No.
18	19	20	21	22	23	1
40.28	43.01	14.32	26.02	10.53	28.13	1.
	-	-	-	-	-	2.
22.25	4.67	-	-	1.58	-	(अ) (a)
29.10	30.38	59.76	37.88	25.46	14.27	(ब) (b)
-	31.94	41.53	-	30.65	-	3.
-	-	-	-	-	-	4.
-	23.16	38.56	-	25.39	-	(अ) (a)
-	-	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	-	-	-	5.
-	23.78	-	-	19.37	-	(अ) (a)
37.17	-	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	39.53	-	-	-	6.
-	163.39	179.67	-	147.17	142.52	7.
-	196.32	194.64	-	-	-	8.
142.35	130.06	-	149.44	135.32	131.58	9.
590.30	576.51	741.02	844.44	578.46	728.24	10.
-	-	218.24	355.56	177.86	213.49	11.
63.42	58.44	43.53	70.00	56.72	48.92	12.
52.24	49.16	74.98	50.00	47.43	53.30	13.
34.89	34.95	29.90	29.11	31.93	30.37	14.
22.63	20.65	39.35	24.11	19.26	19.84	15.
44.19	39.44	23.58	48.89	41.43	42.45	16.
51.41	49.15	58.51	65.56	48.16	51.35	17.
31.47	28.38	94.94	24.56	34.57	31.89	18.
308.43	202.64	240.06	202.50	255.31	215.05	19.
17.93	29.34	14.59	78.19	31.02	48.73	20.

टिप्पणी Note:- कीमतें दिये गए राज्य के प्रतिदर्श गांवों में चयनित दुकानों से लिए गए व्यक्तिगत उद्धरणों पर आधारित औसत कीमतें हैं तथा ये विनिर्देशन भिन्नता के कारण आपस में सही रूप से तुलनीय नहीं हैं। इसके अतिरिक्त कृषि श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक के संकलन में उपयोग की गई सभी मदों की कीमतों का प्रकाशन संसाधनों की कमी के कारण नहीं किया जा रहा है / The prices are average prices based on individual quotations obtained from the selected outlets of the sample villages of a given State and are not comparable with each other due to their varying specifications. Besides, the prices of all the items utilised in compilation of C.P.I. Numbers for Agricultural Labourers are not being published due to resource constraints.

तालिका अ.1.2.2 (ब) ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए चयनित वस्तुओं की राज्य-वार मासिक उपभोक्ता

Table A.1.2.2 (b) - State-wise monthly consumer prices of selected articles of Rural

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	मद Item	इकाई Unit	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	असम Assam	बिहार Bihar	गुजरात Gujarat
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.	चावल Rice	Kg.	24.14	21.01	13.95	4.83
2.	आटा Wheat:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) गेहूँ साबुत Wheat Whole	Kg.	-	-	4.65	2.00
	(ब) (b) गेहूँ आटा Wheat Atta	Kg.	-	37.69	29.76	37.10
3.	ज्वार Jowar	Kg.	45.03	-	-	-
4.	बाजरा Bajra:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत बाजरा Bajra whole	Kg.	35.28	-	-	27.56
	(ब) (b) बाजरे का आटा Bajra Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	30.56
5.	मक्का Maize:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत मक्का Maize whole	Kg.	-	-	22.78	23.22
	(ब) (b) मक्के का आटा Maize Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	43.29
6.	रागी Ragi	Kg.	40.05	-	-	-
7.	अरहर दाल Arhar Dal	Kg.	169.93	149.72	160.25	151.19
8.	मूँगफली का तेल Groundnut Oil	Litre	163.67	-	-	194.44
9.	सरसों का तेल Mustard Oil	Litre	-	163.52	132.53	136.08
10.	बक्रे/भेड़ का मांस Goat Meat/ Mutton	Kg.	694.39	656.52	660.21	555.86
11.	ताजा मछली Fish Fresh	Kg.	177.52	497.15	219.37	171.60
12.	दूध Milk	Litre	54.99	64.04	47.40	61.08
13.	प्याज Onion	Kg.	55.19	60.86	52.57	52.67
14.	सूखी मिर्च Chillies Dry	100Gms.	30.22	33.86	28.21	36.46
15.	आलू Potato	Kg.	31.33	26.06	18.06	25.19
16.	चीनी Sugar	Kg.	34.57	47.16	44.48	37.30
17.	गुड़ Gur	Kg.	54.32	67.35	51.12	56.13
18.	चाय पत्ती Tea Leaf	100Gms.	73.26	29.48	34.49	31.28
19.	जलाऊ लकड़ी Firewood	40 Kg.	190.83	182.71	333.87	212.88
20.	मिट्टी का तेल Kerosene Oil	Litre	21.18	65.88	75.19	63.30

कीमतें नवम्बर, 2023 माह के लिए

Labourers for the month of November, 2023

हरियाणा Haryana	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	कर्नाटक Karnataka	केरल Kerala	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	क्र. सं. Sl. No.
8	9	10	11	12	13	1
35.30	26.29	30.14	11.91	31.62	17.64	1.
-	-	-	-	-	-	2.
-	-	-	-	2.86	14.54	(अ) (a)
27.35	14.47	32.95	46.46	52.31	31.14	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	37.02	-	29.39	3.
-	-	-	-	-	-	4.
-	-	-	-	-	-	(अ) (a)
26.66	-	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	-	-	-	5.
27.50	-	26.77	-	-	24.17	(अ) (a)
-	26.00	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	32.34	-	-	6.
159.39	151.86	-	174.88	156.59	162.48	7.
-	-	-	149.24	-	189.79	8.
122.83	146.11	147.89	-	-	131.24	9.
598.67	510.00	588.42	630.47	727.41	566.83	10.
190.00	204.00	332.50	243.44	115.02	183.32	11.
67.26	53.56	45.70	45.55	55.90	50.42	12.
55.55	53.33	57.13	51.05	98.94	49.59	13.
36.92	37.89	46.82	30.70	31.12	29.67	14.
22.21	28.89	29.39	31.00	35.59	21.70	15.
15.42	24.51	44.66	43.61	43.05	37.11	16.
48.77	50.67	56.09	50.06	56.22	47.62	17.
31.27	32.78	44.17	42.87	24.30	27.84	18.
363.29	N.A.	302.40	133.98	147.85	222.07	19.
16.44	28.35	14.90	32.06	48.56	63.48	20.

तालिका अ.1.2.2 (ब) समाप्त / Table A.1.2.2 (b) Concl'd.

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	मद Item	इकाई Unit	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	मणिपुर Manipur	मेघालय Meghalaya	ओड़िशा Odisha
1	2	3	14	15	16	17
1.	चावल Rice	Kg.	15.50	7.66	19.08	21.25
2.	आटा Wheat:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) गेहूँ साबुत Wheat Whole	Kg.	9.48	-	-	-
	(ब) (b) गेहूँ आटा Wheat Atta	Kg.	-	-	35.11	10.52
3.	ज्वार Jowar	Kg.	34.34	-	-	-
4.	बाजरा Bajra:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत बाजरा Bajra whole	Kg.	29.27	-	-	-
	(ब) (b) बाजरे का आटा Bajra Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	-
5.	मक्का Maize:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत मक्का Maize whole	Kg.	-	-	-	-
	(ब) (b) मक्के का आटा Maize Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	-
6.	रागी Ragi	Kg.	-	-	-	35.74
7.	अरहर दाल Arhar Dal	Kg.	168.17	139.75	113.75	161.42
8.	मूँगफली का तेल Groundnut Oil	Litre	162.68	-	-	89.77
9.	सरसों का तेल Mustard Oil	Litre	-	200.78	172.22	134.81
10.	बकरे/भेड़ का मांस Goat Meat/ Mutton	Kg.	631.52	-	-	699.84
11.	ताजा मछली Fish Fresh	Kg.	277.24	303.33	226.67	184.04
12.	दूध Milk	Litre	62.37	59.44	73.33	45.25
13.	प्याज Onion	Kg.	46.39	50.11	46.00	52.94
14.	सूखी मिर्च Chillies Dry	100Gms.	31.05	30.00	27.78	30.07
15.	आलू Potato	Kg.	25.18	31.56	33.78	18.96
16.	चीनी Sugar	Kg.	33.99	57.22	47.67	44.65
17.	गुड़ Gur	Kg.	32.10	-	-	47.61
18.	चाय पत्ती Tea Leaf	100Gms.	31.03	24.00	40.00	34.37
19.	जलाऊ लकड़ी Firewood	40 Kg.	206.05	328.89	276.67	214.76
20.	मिट्टी का तेल Kerosene Oil	Litre	31.15	29.28	63.14	70.64

- = मदें सूचकांक बास्केट में शामिल नहीं हैं / Items do not feature in the Index Basket.

N.A. = उपलब्ध नहीं / Not Available.

पंजाब Punjab	राजस्थान Rajasthan	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	त्रिपुरा Tripura	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	क्र. सं. Sl. No.
18	19	20	21	22	23	1
40.29	44.16	15.01	26.27	9.79	28.02	1.
	-	-	-	-	-	2.
22.29	4.82	-	-	1.34	-	(अ) (a)
29.10	30.40	59.94	37.88	24.82	14.89	(ब) (b)
-	31.91	40.95	-	30.36	-	3.
-	-	-	-	-	-	4.
-	23.28	38.58	-	25.29	-	(अ) (a)
-	-	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	-	-	-	5.
-	23.59	-	-	19.31	-	(अ) (a)
37.23	-	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	39.50	-	-	-	6.
-	168.10	180.15	-	147.47	140.80	7.
-	194.26	195.68	-	-	-	8.
142.04	131.19	-	149.44	135.17	131.55	9.
590.58	575.93	741.77	844.44	578.75	728.06	10.
-	-	216.85	355.56	177.87	210.04	11.
63.30	58.51	43.65	70.00	56.79	48.97	12.
52.17	49.11	74.91	50.00	47.37	53.49	13.
34.90	34.87	29.95	29.11	31.90	30.43	14.
22.63	20.31	39.67	24.11	19.52	19.84	15.
44.20	40.22	23.78	48.89	41.24	42.92	16.
51.49	49.36	59.04	65.56	48.20	51.35	17.
31.45	28.13	93.58	24.56	35.10	31.79	18.
310.61	200.40	239.89	202.50	257.70	216.06	19.
17.79	29.25	14.59	78.19	30.84	48.71	20.

टिप्पणी Note:- कीमतेँ दिये गए राज्य के प्रतिदर्श गाँवों में चयनित दुकानों से लिए गए व्यक्तिगत उद्धरणों पर आधारित औसत कीमतें हैं तथा ये विनिर्देशन भिन्नता के कारण आपस में सही रूप से तुलनीय नहीं हैं । इसके अतिरिक्त ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक के संकलन में उपयोग की गई सभी मदों की कीमतों का प्रकाशन संसाधनों की कमी के कारण नहीं किया जा रहा है / The prices are average prices based on individual quotations obtained from the selected outlets of the sample villages of a given State and are not comparable with each other due to their varying specifications. Besides, the prices of all the items utilised in compilation of C.P.I. Numbers for Rural Labourers are not being published due to resource constraints.

2. मजदूरी एवं उपार्जन WAGES AND EARNINGS

तालिका अ.2.1 (अ) - नवम्बर, 2023 के दौरान ग्रामीण भारत में कृषि व्यवसायों के लिए औसत दैनिक
Table A.2.1 (a) - Average Daily Wage Rates for Agricultural Occupations in Rural India

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	जुताई (हल/कुदाल) Ploughing/Tilling Workers			बुआई (रोपण / प्रतिरोपण / निराई आदि) Sowing (including Planting/ Transplanting/Weeding workers)		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	583.16	@	-	503.62	384.61	-
2	असम Assam	414.32	@	-	374.85	312.22	-
3	बिहार Bihar	396.48	-	-	383.44	318.49	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	324.14	288.00	-	286.17	279.31	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	477.25	@	-	459.00	426.73	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	@	-	-	462.00	@	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	688.18	-	-	587.06	@	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	477.56	266.67	-	437.86	318.80	-
9	केरल Kerala	887.78	@	-	909.63	641.41	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	290.25	234.00	-	265.09	236.57	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	389.52	308.33	-	370.26	272.25	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	351.43	-	-	333.89	303.13	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	368.50	204.00	-	342.33	209.89	-
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	335.71	280.75	-	339.66	293.81	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	443.56	@	-	426.18	373.00	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	375.00	-	-	393.67	350.45	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	697.65	@	-	557.56	368.05	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	320.00	-	-	320.00	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	338.14	309.09	-	352.36	312.93	@
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	416.61	@	-	337.40	286.06	-
	अखिल भारत All India	416.78	299.97	-	385.48	320.43	@

मजदूरी दरें (राज्यों एवं लिंग वार)
during November, 2023 (By States and Sex)

									(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)
कटाई/औसाई/तितुण Harvesting/Winnowing/ Threshing workers			चुनना/चयन करना (चाय, कपास, तंबाकू तथा अन्य नगदी फसलें) Picking Workers (including Tea, Cotton, Tobacco & other commercial crops)			बागवानी (नर्सरी उत्पादक सहित) Horticulture Workers (including Nursery growers)			क्र. सं. Sl.No.
पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	1
504.86	375.92	-	417.67	370.77	@	@	300.00	-	1
354.17	305.74	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	2
356.21	313.26	@	300.90	@	@	284.67	251.67	-	3
291.33	288.50	-	285.00	281.80	-	215.71	216.67	-	4
456.18	413.11	-	485.00	475.00	-	@	@	-	5
488.00	@	-	-	-	-	466.00	@	-	6
626.25	@	-	@	-	-	611.67	-	-	7
424.33	299.67	-	403.53	283.57	-	462.31	342.00	-	8
788.00	604.17	-	-	@	-	@	@	-	9
277.32	248.21	-	266.67	250.00	-	240.00	212.00	-	10
380.00	279.14	-	@	265.00	-	347.00	255.83	-	11
324.29	308.57	-	-	-	-	@	@	-	12
349.33	197.17	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	13
325.30	291.06	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	14
433.45	@	-	384.00	@	-	@	-	-	15
423.64	389.00	-	@	@	-	-	-	-	16
585.28	356.47	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	17
331.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
354.43	315.51	@	340.00	304.17	-	@	@	-	19
328.91	280.60	-	-	@	-	348.33	352.00	-	20
381.55	316.59	272.50	348.62	314.75	@	378.86	289.79	-	

तालिका अ.2.1 (अ) जारी / Table A.2.1 (a) Contd...

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	अंतर्देशीय मछुआरे Fishermen Inland			समुद्रतटीय/समुद्री मछुआरे Fishermen Costal/Deep Sea		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	@	@	-	-	-	-
2	असम Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	बिहार Bihar	319.81	-	-	-	-	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	@	-	-	-	-	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	@	-	-	@	-	-
9	केरल Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	250.00	-	@	-	-	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	@	-	-	@	@	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	224.00	-	-	@	-	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	518.65	-	-	@	-	-
	अखिल भारत All India	422.96	@	@	442.00	@	-

(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)									
लकड़हारा, लकड़ी चिराई व कटाई आदि Loggers and Wood Cutters			पशुपालन (मुर्गी व दुग्ध पालन, चरवाहा आदि) Animal husbandry workers: including Poultry workers, dairy workers & Herdsman			पैकिंग/बंधाई कृषि से संबन्धित Packaging Labourers			क्र. सं. Sl.No.
पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	1
455.01	-	-	300.44	@	-	@	@	-	1
377.00	-	-	285.00	-	-	344.00	@	-	2
432.44	-	-	280.46	261.67	@	291.67	@	-	3
335.83	@	-	241.36	@	-	238.57	@	-	4
@	-	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	5
@	-	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	6
614.74	-	-	554.44	-	-	636.67	-	-	7
503.89	-	-	402.00	308.57	-	411.67	@	-	8
1085.52	-	-	600.68	-	-	-	-	-	9
241.05	@	-	219.03	190.38	138.33	213.33	202.00	@	10
422.59	@	-	306.67	267.00	-	303.57	241.67	-	11
@	-	-	330.00	-	-	@	-	-	12
@	-	-	295.13	@	-	@	-	-	13
290.56	-	-	224.00	177.50	-	@	-	-	14
@	-	-	338.12	@	-	395.00	@	-	15
391.67	-	-	@	@	-	-	-	-	16
580.78	@	-	641.81	@	-	@	@	-	17
424.44	-	-	283.33	-	-	-	-	-	18
392.00	-	-	322.67	@	-	303.13	270.63	@	19
475.77	-	-	302.75	263.07	@	388.18	372.90	-	20
468.04	284.81	-	306.12	242.61	150.00	358.40	295.44	@	

तालिका अ.2.1 (अ) समाप्त / Table A.2.1 (a) Concl'd.

(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)							
क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	सामान्य कृषि श्रमिक (सिंचाई कर्मी सहित आदि) General Agricultural Labourers including Watering & Irrigation workers etc.			पौध संरक्षक (कीटनाशक, बीजोपचार आदि) Plant protection workers (applying pesticides, treating seeds, etc.)		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	33	34	35	36	37	38
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	440.35	322.73	@	671.01	@	-
2	असम Assam	374.21	331.85	-	@	@	-
3	बिहार Bihar	340.81	310.37	-	355.92	@	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	260.26	261.47	-	246.67	-	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	450.67	377.60	-	461.14	-	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	506.00	@	-	@	-	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	566.00	@	-	626.00	-	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	415.19	303.50	-	421.74	-	-
9	केरल Kerala	811.31	612.50	-	696.00	-	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	245.62	215.71	@	275.56	@	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	327.20	229.71	@	371.82	265.00	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	@	-	-	@	-	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	326.83	203.17	-	-	-	-
14	ओडिशा Odisha	319.02	280.65	-	241.11	@	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	414.40	-	-	414.29	-	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	385.88	338.57	-	322.22	@	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	549.01	353.54	-	662.06	@	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	337.22	-	-	-	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	336.04	289.05	257.67	397.50	@	-
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	335.19	314.91	-	411.32	276.12	-
अखिल भारत All India		375.79	299.50	232.88	421.86	296.01	-

- = यह दर्शाता है कि उस कार्य में श्रमिकों का विशेष वर्ग अर्थात् पुरुष/महिला/बच्चे, या तो उनकी अनुपलब्धता या व्यवसाय से संबंधित कार्य राज्य में आरम्भ नहीं किया गया था या राज्य में कार्य बेमौसमी था आदि के कारण, कार्यरत नहीं थे / Indicates that the particular category of workers, i.e. men/ women /children were not engaged in that operation either because of their non-availability; or the activity connected with the occupation was not undertaken in the State; or the activity was out of season in the State, etc.

@ = उद्धरणों की संख्या पाँच से कम है / Number of quotations are less than five.

तालिका अ.2.1 (ब) - नवम्बर, 2023 के दौरान ग्रामीण भारत में गैर-कृषि व्यवसायों के लिए औसत दैनिक मजदूरी दरें (राज्यों एवं लिंग वार)

Table A.2.1 (b) - Average Daily Wage Rates for Non-agricultural Occupations in Rural India during November, 2023 (By States and Sex).

(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)							
क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	बढ़ई Carpenter			लोहार Blacksmith		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	590.83	-	-	438.48	-	-
2	असम Assam	483.68	-	-	446.03	-	-
3	बिहार Bihar	512.26	-	-	436.94	-	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	476.09	-	-	359.90	-	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	686.50	-	-	602.80	-	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	704.44	-	-	621.25	-	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	764.76	-	-	704.71	-	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	545.43	-	-	391.58	-	-
9	केरल Kerala	995.00	-	-	783.45	-	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	383.65	-	-	359.53	-	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	454.31	-	-	418.71	@	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	420.63	-	-	389.38	-	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	420.38	-	-	409.00	-	-
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	492.06	-	-	338.57	-	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	594.13	-	-	551.67	-	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	562.78	-	-	437.50	@	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	784.20	-	-	652.05	-	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	420.00	-	-	294.44	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	554.11	-	-	492.74	-	-
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	434.43	-	-	383.05	-	-
	अखिल भारत All India	544.24	-	-	446.05	@	-

तालिका अ.2.1 (ब) जारी / Table A.2.1 (b) Contd...

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	राजमिस्त्री Mason			बुनकर/जुलाहे Weavers		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	739.08	-	-	@	-	-
2	असम Assam	516.27	-	-	@	-	-
3	बिहार Bihar	545.09	-	-	@	-	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	535.50	-	-	@	-	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	707.33	-	-	@	-	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	694.44	-	-	@	-	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	765.71	-	-	@	-	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	620.00	@	-	420.00	@	@
9	केरल Kerala	989.05	-	-	-	@	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	452.79	-	-	@	-	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	583.98	@	-	-	-	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	441.88	@	-	@	320.00	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	462.56	-	-	@	@	-
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	515.40	-	-	@	-	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	612.80	-	-	@	-	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	680.48	-	-	-	-	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	834.42	-	-	@	-	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	453.33	-	-	350.00	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	612.58	@	-	405.00	-	-
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	452.07	@	-	264.19	@	-
	अखिल भारत All India	604.43	390.50	-	362.21	268.00	@

(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)									
बीड़ी कर्मकार Beedi Makers			बांस/बैंत टोकरी कर्मकार Bamboo, Cane Basket Weavers			हस्तशिल्प कर्मकार Handicraft Workers			क्र. सं. Sl.No.
पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	1
-	201.33	-	@	215.14	-	@	-	-	1
-	-	-	362.86	-	-	-	@	-	2
@	@	-	299.39	@	-	@	@	-	3
@	@	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	4
@	-	-	@	@	-	@	-	-	5
-	-	-	@	-	-	-	-	-	6
-	-	-	-	-	-	@	-	-	7
@	@	-	360.00	@	-	458.33	@	-	8
@	@	-	@	-	-	@	-	-	9
@	@	-	244.38	235.63	-	@	-	-	10
-	-	-	345.00	370.00	@	@	-	-	11
-	-	-	@	325.00	-	@	@	-	12
-	-	-	@	-	-	@	@	-	13
@	@	-	@	@	-	-	-	-	14
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
-	-	-	@	@	-	-	-	-	16
@	@	-	@	-	-	@	-	-	17
294.44	-	-	383.33	-	-	350.00	-	-	18
@	@	-	@	@	-	-	-	-	19
176.81	188.30	@	272.62	248.84	-	@	@	-	20
243.92	185.37	@	323.81	270.59	@	423.86	285.09	-	

तालिका अ.2.1 (ब) जारी / Table A.2.1 (b) Contd...

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	नलसाज Plumbers			बिजली मिस्त्री Electrician		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	590.25	-	-	594.73	-	-
2	असम Assam	502.71	-	-	499.40	-	-
3	बिहार Bihar	469.21	-	-	472.30	-	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	439.09	-	-	399.72	-	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	663.11	-	-	624.00	-	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	688.89	-	-	645.71	-	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	722.67	-	-	715.63	-	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	523.46	-	-	495.17	-	-
9	केरल Kerala	911.80	-	-	920.37	-	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	385.98	-	-	365.93	-	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	462.97	-	-	476.58	-	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	@	-	-	392.86	-	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	@	-	-	@	-	-
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	433.83	-	-	405.00	-	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	633.54	-	-	626.89	-	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	485.83	-	-	502.50	-	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	700.57	-	-	708.71	-	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	420.00	-	-	400.00	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	521.52	-	-	513.68	-	-
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	503.95	-	-	540.94	-	-
	अखिल भारत All India	548.18	-	-	536.57	-	-

(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)						
निर्माण कार्य (सड़क, बांध, औद्योगिक एवं परियोजना निर्माण कार्य तथा कुआं खनन आदि) Construction Workers (for roads, dams, industrial & project construction work & well diggers)			हल्के मोटर वाहन एवं ट्रैक्टर चालक LMV & Tractors drivers			क्र. सं. Sl.No.
पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	
30	31	32	33	34	35	1
530.27	388.84	-	581.33	-	-	1
399.47	376.67	-	496.65	-	-	2
368.15	328.10	-	403.40	-	-	3
342.83	320.00	-	353.91	-	-	4
494.83	455.00	-	551.50	-	-	5
536.67	-	-	517.50	-	-	6
552.63	547.78	-	595.83	-	-	7
455.38	315.28	-	502.39	-	-	8
898.53	@	-	866.11	-	-	9
295.40	258.98	@	341.64	-	-	10
392.14	290.13	-	446.73	-	-	11
350.00	@	-	484.44	-	-	12
389.14	@	-	@	-	-	13
359.40	300.02	-	398.02	-	-	14
428.00	@	-	497.69	-	-	15
435.75	389.12	-	465.09	-	-	16
547.36	348.85	-	691.45	-	-	17
322.22	-	-	394.44	-	-	18
378.54	331.59	@	399.15	-	-	19
355.45	273.89	-	440.60	-	-	20
419.69	326.69	@	468.38	-	-	

तालिका अ.2.1 (ब) समाप्त / Table A.2.1 (b) Concl'd.

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)					
		गैर- कृषि श्रमिक (पल्लेदार, भार वाहक आदि) Non-agricultural labourers (Including porters, loaders)			सफाई कर्मी Sweeping/ Cleaning Workers		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	36	37	38	39	40	41
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	406.23	287.25	-	340.80	214.69	-
2	असम Assam	367.90	@	-	327.41	@	-
3	बिहार Bihar	337.64	241.50	-	325.39	268.60	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	286.75	275.00	-	210.28	216.67	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	468.17	-	-	427.33	424.00	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	442.50	@	-	@	@	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	538.33	-	-	@	@	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	351.43	256.25	-	368.33	311.33	-
9	केरल Kerala	735.78	@	-	@	660.30	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	265.93	224.29	@	283.02	223.68	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	308.87	199.23	-	291.45	222.80	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	@	@	-	@	@	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	320.13	-	-	-	-	-
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	321.98	274.55	-	225.71	@	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	396.71	-	-	294.75	227.50	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	383.08	@	-	@	@	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	523.50	354.26	-	343.04	291.94	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	311.11	-	-	265.56	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	357.14	288.75	@	308.33	258.10	@
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	354.49	245.71	-	370.83	289.95	-
	अखिल भारत All India	372.92	272.52	@	314.06	293.78	@

- = यह दर्शाता है कि उस कार्य में श्रमिकों का विशेष वर्ग अर्थात् पुरुष/महिला/बच्चे, या तो उनकी अनुपलब्धता या व्यवसाय से संबंधित कार्य राज्य में आरम्भ नहीं किया गया था या राज्य में कार्य बेमौसमी था आदि के कारण, कार्यरत नहीं थे / Indicates that the particular category of workers, i.e. men/ women /children were not engaged in that operation either because of their non-availability; or the activity connected with the occupation was not undertaken in the State; or the activity was out of season in the State, etc.

@ = उद्धरणों की संख्या पाँच से कम है / Number of quotations are less than five.

टिप्पण Note:- अखिल भारत स्तर पर औसत दैनिक मजदूरी दरों को सभी राज्यों की मजदूरी दरों के कुल योग को उद्धरणों की संख्या से भाग देकर प्राप्त किया गया है / The average daily wage rates at all-India level are derived by dividing the sum total of wages by number of quotations of all the states taken together.

3. औद्योगिक विवाद INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES

तालिका अ.3.1 जनवरी से नवम्बर, 2023 (अनंतिम) के दौरान क्षेत्र-वार विवादों की संख्या, उनमें शामिल श्रमिकों की संख्या एवं औद्योगिक विवादों के कारण कार्य दिवसों की हानि

Table A.3.1 Sector/Sphere-wise Number of Disputes, Workers involved and Mandays Lost due to Industrial Disputes from January to November, 2023 (P)

क्षेत्र / मद Sphere/ Item	सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र Public Sector			निजी क्षेत्र Private Sector			कुल Total		
	संख्या/Number of			संख्या/Number of			संख्या/Number of		
	विवाद Dis- putes	विवाद में शामिल श्रमिक Workers Involved	कार्य दिवस हानि Mandays Lost	विवाद Dis- putes	विवाद में शामिल श्रमिक Workers Involved	कार्य दिवस हानि Mandays Lost	विवाद Disputes	विवाद में शामिल श्रमिक Workers Involved	कार्य दिवस हानि Mandays Lost
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
(i) केंद्रीय क्षेत्र Central Sphere									
हड़ताल/ Strikes	7	5,582	17,110	..	..	..	7	5,582	17,110
तालाबंदी/ Lockouts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
हड़ताल एवं तालाबंदी/ Strikes & Lockouts (योग/Total-i)	7	5,582	17,110	..	..	..	7	5,582	17,110
(ii) राज्य क्षेत्र State Sphere									
हड़ताल /Strikes	5	3,834	38,332	28	23,833	411,836	33	27,667	450,168
तालाबंदी / Lockouts	1	180	21600	1	85	18,935	2	265	40,535
हड़ताल एवं तालाबंदी/ Strikes & Lockouts (योग/Total-ii)	6	4,014	59,932	29	23,918	430,771	35	27,932	490,703
कुल योग Grand Total (योग/Total-i+ii)	13	9,596	77,042	29	23,918	430,771	42	33,514	507,813

(P) = अनंतिम एवं 31 दिसम्बर, 2023 तक ब्यूरो में प्राप्त विवरणी/स्पष्टीकरण के आधार पर / Provisional and based on the returns/clarifications received in the Bureau till 31st December, 2023.

.. = उपलब्ध नहीं है / Not available

तालिका अ.3.2 जनवरी से नवम्बर, 2023 के दौरान (अनंतिम) औद्योगिक विवाद (सभी हड़ताल एवं तालाबंदी)
Table A.3.2- Industrial Disputes (All Strikes and Lockouts) from January to November, 2023 (P)

राज्य/केन्द्र शासित प्रदेश State/Union Territory	संख्या/Number of		
	विवाद Disputes	विवाद में शामिल श्रमिक Workers Involved	कार्यदिवस हानि Mandays Lost
1	2	3	4
आंध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	..	..	..
अरुणाचल प्रदेश Arunachal Pradesh	..	..	..
असम Assam	..	..	..
बिहार Bihar	..	..	..
छत्तीसगढ़ Chhattisgarh	..	..	..
गोवा Goa	..	..	..
गुजरात Gujarat	10	2544	22067
हरियाणा Haryana	4	3001	51551
हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	..	..	..
जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	..	..	..
झारखंड Jharkhand	..	..	..
कर्नाटक Karnataka	1	266	1596
केरल Kerala	..	..	..
मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	..	..	..
महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	6	959	63631
मणिपुर Manipur	..	..	..
मेघालय Meghalaya	..	..	..
मिजोरम Mizoram	#	#	#
नागालैंड Nagaland	..	..	..
ओड़िशा Odisha	..	..	..
पंजाब Punjab	..	..	..
राजस्थान Rajasthan	3	4790	7699
सिक्किम Sikkim	#	#	#
तमिल नाडु Tamil Nadu	16	21672	322227
तेलंगाना Telangana	2	282	39042
त्रिपुरा Tripura	..	..	..
उत्तराखण्ड Uttarakhand	..	..	..
उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	..	..	..
पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	..	..	..
अंडेमान एवं निकोबार A & N Islands	..	..	..
चंडीगढ़ Chandigarh	..	..	..
दादरा एवं नगर हवेली D & N Haveli	..	..	..
दिल्ली Delhi	..	..	..
दमन एवं दीव Daman & Diu	..	..	..
लक्षद्वीप Lakshadweep	..	..	..
पुडुचेरी Puducherry	..	..	..
अखिल भारत All India	42	33514	507813

(P) = अनंतिम एवं 31 दिसम्बर, 2023 तक ब्यूरो में प्राप्त विवरणी / स्पष्टीकरण के आधार पर / Provisional and based on the returns/clarifications received in the Bureau till 31st December, 2023.

.. = उपलब्ध नहीं है / Not available

= औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम 1947 कार्यान्वित किया जाना है / ID Act 1947 is to be implemented

खंड ब SECTION B

क्रमिक सांख्यिकी SERIAL STATISTICS

Notes

1. Prices and Price Indices

1.1 Industrial Workers' Consumer Price Index

B.1.1.1 *All-India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers* – The All India Consumer Price Index Numbers (General and Food) on base 2016=100 are being published since their first release with effect from September, 2020 index replacing the old series on base: 2001=100. The indices for the old base (2001=100) series can be derived by multiplying the 2016 series indices by the Linking Factors, which are 2.88 for the General index and 3.00 for the Food index. Similarly, the indices for 1982 series can be derived by multiplying the 2001 series indices by the Linking factors, which are 4.63 and 4.58 for General and Food group respectively. Further, the indices for the old base (1960=100) series can be derived by multiplying the 1982 series indices by the Linking Factors, which are 4.93 for the General index and 4.98 for the Food index. The Annual Average (Calendar year 2006 to 2022 as well as financial year 2006-07 to 2022-23) and monthly All India Index Numbers (General & Food) alongwith twelve monthly moving average from November, 2022 to November, 2023 have been presented in Table B.1.1.1.

B.1.1.2 *Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers* – Serial statistics in respect of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers on base 2001=100 and new series on base 2016=100 (General Index only) for 88 centres are set out in Table B.1.1.2.

1.2 Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural Labourers

B.1.2.1(a) and (b) *All-India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers (Base: 1986-87=100)* – Serial statistics relating to the All-India Consumer Price Index Numbers (General and Food) for Agricultural and Rural Labourers on base 1986-87=100 separately for Agricultural Years 1995-96 to 2022-23, Financial Years 1995-96 to 2022-23 and Calendar Years 1995 to 2022 along with month-wise indices and 12-month moving averages for October, 2022 to October, 2023 are presented in Tables B.1.2.1 (a) and (b) respectively.

B.1.2.2 (a) and (b) *Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural Labourers and Rural Labourers on Base: 1986-87=100* – Serial statistics in respect of Consumer Price Index Numbers (General Index) for Agricultural Labourers and Rural Labourers (Base: 1986-87=100) for 20 States are given in Tables B.1.2.2 (a) and (b) respectively.

1.3 Consumer Price Index for Rural, Urban and Combined

B.1.3 *All india Consumer Price Index for Rural, Urban and Combined* - The Consumer Price Index (CPI) for Rural (R), Urban (U) and Combined (C) are compiled and published by the National Statistical Office, Ministry of Statistics and Program Implementation, Govt. of India. The current series of CPI-R, CPI-U and CPI-C on base 2012=100 was released w.e.f. January, 2015 replacing the earlier series on base 2010=100. The All-India Consumer Price Index for Rural, Urban and Combined for the years 2011 to 2022 (Annual Averages) and for November, 2022 to November, 2023 (Monthly Figures) have been presented in Table B.1.3.

1.4 Wholesale Price Index

B.1.4 *All India Index Numbers of Wholesale prices* – The current series of Index Numbers of Wholesale Prices in India on base 2011-12=100 was released w.e.f. April, 2017 by replacing the earlier series on base 2004-05=100. These Index Numbers are compiled and published by the Office of the Economic Adviser, Ministry of Commerce & Industry, and Govt. of India. The indices for the period 2010 to 2022 (Annual Averages) and from November, 2022 to November, 2023 (Monthly Figures) are set out in Table B.1.4. These index numbers are published here to serve as supplementary information to the users of Consumer Price Index Numbers.

2. Wages and Earnings

B.2.1 *Earnings(Basic Wage and Dearness Allowance) of the Lowest-paid Workers/Operatives in Cotton Textile Mills* – The information concerning earnings of cotton producing Centres/States received from the State Governments, Employers' Associations and Individual Units is presented in Table B.2.1. The earnings of workers include minimum basic wage and dearness Allowance by whatever name called. The dearness allowance is linked to the Working Class Consumer Price Index Numbers of different Centres and varies from month to month according to the variation in the index.

3. Industrial Disputes

B.3.1 *Industrial Disputes (All Strikes and Lockouts)* –Industrial Disputes Statistics for the Years 2013 to 2023 are presented in Table B.3.1.

1. कीमतेँ एवं मूल्य सूचकांक PRICES AND PRICE INDICES

1.1 औद्योगिक श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक Industrial Workers' Consumer Price Index

तालिका ब. 1.1.1 - औद्योगिक श्रमिकों के लिए अखिल भारतीय उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक (सामान्य एवं खाद्य)

Table B.1.1.1 – All India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers (General & Food)

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	वार्षिक औसत सूचकांक Annual Average Indices for					
	Calendar Year		Twelve monthly moving average of General Index	Financial year		
	General Index	Food Index		Year	General Index	Food Index
I- Base 2001=100						
2006	123	122	-	2006-07	125	126
2007	131	134	-	2007-08	133	136
2008	142	149	-	2008-09	145	153
2009	157	169	-	2009-10	163	176
2010	176	190	-	2010-11	180	194
2011	192	204	-	2011-12	195	206
2012	209	223	-	2012-13	215	230
2013	232	254	-	2013-14	236	259
2014	247	271	-	2014-15	251	276
2015	261	288	-	2015-16	265	293
2016	274	304	-	2016-17	276	305
2017	281	308	-	2017-18	284	310
2018	295	310	-	2018-19	300	312
2019	317	328	-	2019-20	322	335
2020	335	351	-	2020-21	339	354
II- Base 2016=100						
2021	122.0	121.8	-	2021-22	123.6	123.5
2022	129.2	129.3	-	2022-23	131.1	131.1
2022	नव/Nov	132.5	133.3	128.7		
	दिस./Dec	132.3	132.0	129.2		
2023	जन/Jan	132.8	131.8	129.9		
	फर./Feb	132.7	131.5	130.5		
	मार्च/Mar	133.3	131.7	131.1		
	अप्रैल/Apr	134.2	132.8	131.7		
	मई/May	134.7	133.7	132.1		
	जून/Jun	136.4	137.8	132.7		
	जुला/Jul	139.7	145.1	133.6		
	अग/Aug	139.2	143.3	134.3		
	सित/Sep	137.5	140.5	134.8		
	अक्टू/Oct	138.4	142.3	135.3		
	नव/Nov	139.1	143.9	138.9		

तालिका ब.1.1.2 – श्रम ब्यूरो की औद्योगिक श्रमिकों के लिए अखिल भारतीय उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक
Table B.1.1.2 – Labour Bureau's Series of All India Consumer Price Index Numbers of Industrial

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	गुन्टूर Guntur	नेल्लोर Nellore	विशाखापत्तनम Vishakha- patnam	बिस्वानाथ- चारियाली Biswanath- Chariali	डुमडुमा तिनसुकिया Doom Dooma Tinsukia	गुवाहाटी Guwahati	
Base Year	1960= 100			1960= 100			
Linking Factor	5.60		#		4.05	#	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
I. Base 2001=100							
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.57		4.64		4.04	4.80	
2006	120		119		116	115	
2007	126		126		125	120	
2008	139		135		133	128	
2009	161		153		147	143	
2010	181		173		160	156	
2011	194		192		170	168	
2012	208		213		182	184	
2013	233		236		196	198	
2014	251		249		213	214	
2015	259		263		235	226	
2016	270		275		246	242	
2017	275		279		259	247	
2018	281		286		266	255	
2019	294		298		284	281	
2020	307		311		309	300	
II. Base 2016=100							
Linking Factor with 2001=100	2.61	#	2.44	#	2.38	2.42	
2021	122.7	119.8	133.6	127.2	132.7	133.1	
2022	132.7	127.0	141.4	135.2	144.2	143.4	
2022 नव/Nov	139.6	133.0	145.7	137.1	147.5*	146.7	
दिस/Dec	139.0	132.7	146.2	136.3	147.3	145.7	
जन/Jan	140.4	132.9	147.3	135.0	146.7	146.3	
2023 फर./Feb	139.9	132.4	147.0	134.1	146.4	145.9	
मार्च/Mar	140.8	132.5	147.3	134.5	146.6	145.3	
अप्रैल/Apr	142.4	133.0	148.8	136.1	146.2	146.6	
मई/May	143.5*	133.7	148.8	136.9	147.8	147.8	
जून/Jun	147.1	136.0	150.9	137.8	150.2	148.9	
जुला/Jul	147.4	138.8	153.7	144.0	155.2	149.9	
अग/Aug	147.5	137.8	153.0	144.0	153.4	152.0	
सित/Sep	146.4	136.4	152.1	144.2	150.7	150.6	
अक्तू/Oct	147.1	138.0	153.0	149.0	151.8	152.9	
नव/Nov	147.5	138.9	153.2	149.2	153.0	152.2	

श्रृंखला (सामान्य सूचकांक)
Workers (General Index)

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	लबाक- सिल्चर Labac- Silchar	नुमालीगढ़- गोलाघाट Numaligarh- Golaghat	सिबसागर Sibsagar	मुंगेर जमालपुर Munger Jamalpur	पटना Patna	चंडीगढ़ Chandigarh
Base Year	1960= 100			1960= 100		
Linking Factor	3.96			5.29		#
1	8	9	10	11	12	13
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	3.65			4.30		5.26
2006	121			126		125
2007	130			134		131
2008	143			145		140
2009	155			162		155
2010	178			182		175
2011	186			199		197
2012	197			215		213
2013	216			238		232
2014	243			253		245
2015	247			274		254
2016	257			297		269
2017	258			298		278
2018	262			316		296
2019	278			351		314
2020	289			367		331
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	2.48	#	#	3.16	#	2.79
2021	117.8	116.7	120.4	119.5	120.5	124.6
2022	129.3	130.0	132.9	127.5	127.4	133.2
2022 नव/Nov	135.4	137.0	136.3	133.8	133.3	138.0
दिस/Dec	133.6	137.2	136.7	132.4	132.5	137.4
जन/Jan	132.1	137.2	136.5	132.5	132.5	139.3
2023 फर/Feb	131.4	137.7	136.7	133.6	132.9	140.5
मार्च/Mar	131.4	137.1	138.3	134.3	132.9	141.4
अप्रैल/Apr	132.4	139.2	139.6	135.2	132.8	141.3
मई/May	133.4	141.7	141.1	137.1	133.3	141.4
जून/Jun	139.7	143.6	142.9	136.0	133.5*	141.7
जुला/Jul	140.8	145.8	147.1	138.8	138.0	147.0
अग/Aug	142.0	147.2	149.5*	139.6	138.8	148.2
सित/Sep	141.9	145.8	147.4	140.3	136.6	145.7
अक्तू/Oct	142.6	146.0	147.2	142.8	138.4	145.4
नव/Nov	142.6	145.6	147.6	143.2	139.7	146.0

तालिका ब.1.1.2 जारी / Table B.1.1.2 Contd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	भिलाई Bhilai	कोरबा Korba	रायपुर Raipur	दादरा एवं नगर हवेली Dadar & Nagar Haveli	दिल्ली Delhi	गोवा Goa
Base Year	1966= 100				1960= 100	1966= 100
Linking Factor	3.49				4.97	3.40
1	14	15	16	17	18	19
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.20				5.60	5.59
2006	121				122	121
2007	132				128	130
2008	145				137	144
2009	162				147	164
2010	180				163	188
2011	206				176	203
2012	241				191	222
2013	265				209	248
2014	277				223	258
2015	291				234	277
2016	306				246	289
2017	310				257	295
2018	319				275	319
2019	332				303	332
2020	343				315	351
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	3.13	#	#	#	2.82	3.20
2021	116.5	125.7	117.6	115.7	116.4	117.9
2022	122.5	132.5	126.8	123.6	125.7	125.3
2022 नव/Nov	123.3	137.5	128.9	124.3	130.0	126.4
दिस/Dec	122.4	136.7	128.0	123.3	128.7	126.8
2023 जन/Jan	122.3	137.0	128.2	124.8	128.2	128.0
फर/Feb	122.7	137.6	128.1	124.5	128.3	128.1
मार्च/Mar	124.1	138.5*	128.7	125.3	128.9	128.5*
अप्रैल/Apr	124.9	139.5	129.1	126.2	128.9	128.5
मई/May	126.1	138.9	129.3	126.1	129.0	128.4
जून/Jun	128.0	140.3	136.1	126.8	129.2	129.1
जुला/Jul	130.0	145.5*	141.8	126.8	133.6	131.1
अग/Aug	129.6	145.9	139.9	130.5	133.0	131.6
सित/Sep	127.1	143.1	136.0	129.2	131.0	130.9
अक्तू/Oct	127.4	144.2	136.4	129.8	131.5	131.3
नव/Nov	127.8	145.9	136.5*	130.2	131.7	131.6

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	अहमदाबाद Ahmedabad	भावनगर Bhavnagar	राजकोट Rajkot	सूरत Surat	वड़ोदरा Vadodara	फरीदाबाद Faridabad
Base Year	1960= 100	1960= 100				
Linking Factor	4.78	4.99	#	#	#	#
1	20	21	22	23	24	25
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.62	4.76	4.38	4.54	4.39	4.79
2006	120	119	118	118	120	122
2007	129	129	126	127	127	130
2008	138	135	132	134	133	145
2009	151	147	146	146	147	160
2010	171	174	174	162	167	182
2011	186	189	193	174	180	194
2012	206	206	216	192	198	207
2013	233	221	231	218	219	218
2014	238	225	237	224	230	226
2015	249	239	248	238	244	240
2016	261	257	269	248	261	253
2017	266	265	270	258	261	257
2018	273	280	284	263	269	267
2019	288	300	300	278	282	280
2020	305	316	324	291	297	296
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	2.73	2.84	2.90	2.64	2.66	2.57
2021	117.2	117.7	120.5	117.8	118.6	119.5
2022	123.7	126.3	130.3	123.8	124.1	127.7
2022 नव/Nov	126.8	131.0	132.8	124.7	126.3	130.1
दिस/Dec	126.4	129.2	132.7	124.6	125.4	133.4
2023 जन/Jan	126.2	128.9	133.2	125.8	125.7	133.7
फर/Feb	126.1	129.3	133.2	126.8	126.3	134.0
मार्च/Mar	129.4	130.3	134.0	127.2	128.4	134.1
अप्रैल/Apr	129.8	131.8	134.9	129.0	130.0	134.1
मई/May	129.6	131.8	135.7	129.1	130.0	133.7
जून/Jun	134.9	132.7	136.1	129.5	131.2	135.3
जुला/Jul	137.9	135.8	139.0	132.8	134.2	143.2
अग/Aug	135.1	135.2	137.7	131.8	133.2	140.8
सित/Sep	134.2	132.4	133.3	129.8	132.7	137.7
अक्तू/Oct	135.3	132.7	132.8	130.8	134.1	137.9
नव/Nov	134.3	134.1	132.7	132.8	133.8	137.7

तालिका ब.1.1.2 जारी / Table B.1.1.2 Contd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	गुरुग्राम Gurugram	यमुनानगर Yamunanagar	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	जम्मू व कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	बोकारो Bokaro	धनबाद झरिया Dhanbad-Jharia
Base Year		1960= 100	1965= 100	1960= 100		1960= 100
Linking Factor		5.53	3.75	5.47		4.63
1	26	27	28	29	30	31
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100		4.34	4.53	5.62	#	3.72
2006		127	120	118	121	126
2007		133	126	125	130	136
2008		145	135	134	142	146
2009		162	147	155	158	161
2010		183	161	159	168	180
2011		197	172	172	192	198
2012		215	188	190	210	222
2013		230	208	203	229	262
2014		241	222	217	251	279
2015		248	232	235	268	290
2016		265	242	247	276	304
2017		273	254	261	276	306
2018		282	261	270	289	332
2019		300	274	282	307	367
2020		315	289	305	320	388
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	#	2.78	2.46	2.55	2.78	3.29
2021	122.1	119.5	123.4	127.1	121.4	126.4
2022	130.8	129.2	129.7	134.7	126.6	133.3
2022 नव/Nov	135.1	134.2	131.3	136.5*	128.1	136.6
दिस/Dec	133.6	134.5	130.2	136.0	126.9	135.9
2023 जन/Jan	133.9	134.2	130.2	136.4	126.4	136.3
फर/Feb	134.8	134.3	130.1	136.2	127.6	137.5*
मार्च/Mar	137.9	135.5*	131.5*	137.5*	128.1	137.3
अप्रैल/Apr	137.6	136.1	131.7	138.2	129.9	138.1
मई/May	137.0	136.1	131.5*	137.7	129.2	139.1
जून/Jun	138.6	139.6	132.2	137.8	130.1	140.2
जुला/Jul	146.9	144.7	136.3	141.6	134.3	144.4
अग/Aug	144.0	144.3	136.1	142.1	134.2	145.7
सित/Sep	142.5	140.0	132.6	143.2	132.6	143.0
अक्टू/Oct	142.9	140.9	133.0	143.9	134.0	143.8
नव/Nov	141.4	142.7	133.4	144.2	133.4	144.0

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	जमशेदपुर Jamshedpur	रामगढ़ Ramgarh	बेलगाम Belgaum	बेंगलूरु Bengaluru	चिकमगलूर Chikmagalur	दवनगिरी Davanagere
Base Year	1960= 100		1960= 100			
Linking Factor	4.68		5.66	#		
1	32	33	34	35	36	37
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.23		5.02	4.51		
2006	126		125	125		
2007	132		133	136		
2008	142		144	150		
2009	157		162	167		
2010	182		179	181		
2011	213		200	194		
2012	232		217	211		
2013	251		242	238		
2014	265		254	253		
2015	288		266	268		
2016	314		279	278		
2017	327		290	287		
2018	342		297	289		
2019	363		310	299		
2020	400		326	310		
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	3.24	#	2.86	2.75	#	#
2021	133.4	126.8	122.6	117.6	113.3	124.9
2022	139.1	131.6	130.2	122.8	121.0	131.9
2022 नव/Nov	142.5	135.2	135.7	124.9	125.8	137.3
दिस/Dec	142.1	135.6	135.1	125.0	125.9	136.7
2023 जन/Jan	142.9	135.1	135.8	125.5	126.2	137.6
फर/Feb	141.5*	134.9	135.7	125.7	126.3	138.5*
मार्च/Mar	144.7	134.5	136.0	125.8	127.3	139.9
अप्रैल/Apr	147.5	136.4	137.8	127.8	127.7	140.8
मई/May	147.4	135.6	138.3	128.2	127.4	140.0
जून/Jun	147.2	135.1	140.3	130.0	128.2	142.8
जुला/Jul	151.5	139.5*	144.2	133.9	130.4	146.4
अग/Aug	154.4	139.7	143.4	133.2	130.6	146.1
सित/Sep	151.0	138.7	139.1	131.8	131.8	144.2
अक्तू/Oct	150.9	141.7	138.8	132.7	132.7	144.8
नव/Nov	152.9	143.3	140.5*	134.2	132.8	146.2

तालिका ब.1.1.2 जारी / Table B.1.1.2 Contd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	हुबली-धारवाड़ Hubli Dharwar	मरकारा Mercara- Kodagu	मैसूर Mysore	एरनाकुलम Ernakulam / Alwaye	इडुकी Idukki	कोललम Kollam
Base Year	1960= 100					
Linking Factor	#	#	#	5.19	#	#
1	38	39	40	41	42	43
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.71	4.47	#	4.52	#	4.61
2006	123	114	123	125		126
2007	132	121	130	131		129
2008	147	135	142	142		143
2009	164	154	160	153		154
2010	182	172	174	167		172
2011	200	188	187	185		195
2012	219	208	205	199		206
2013	248	240	242	225		236
2014	266	255	258	248		260
2015	281	269	267	260		277
2016	293	282	280	268		297
2017	299	296	295	289		323
2018	314	302	302	304		339
2019	337	313	316	321		365
2020	354	321	328	341		379
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	3.10	2.97	2.92	2.84	#	3.21
2021	120.3	115.9	120.5	126.8	125.5	123.7
2022	126.2	125.5	128.1	131.9	132.6	129.7
2022 नव/Nov	128.0	129.6	132.5*	134.3	134.8	133.1
दिस/Dec	127.5*	130.5*	132.5*	134.1	136.5*	133.5*
2023 जन/Jan	128.3	130.6	132.7	134.2	136.1	133.2
फर/Feb	128.4	130.2	132.6	133.9	134.7	132.3
मार्च/Mar	129.8	129.6	133.1	135.1	135.0	133.8
अप्रैल/Apr	131.6	130.8	134.8	136.1	136.7	134.9
मई/May	132.4	131.8	135.1	135.4	136.9	134.0
जून/Jun	133.3	132.9	136.2	138.9	140.1	134.9
जुला/Jul	135.8	136.7	138.1	141.3	142.3	134.9
अग/Aug	136.0	135.4	137.6	139.3	142.8	138.6
सित/Sep	134.4	133.6	138.1	137.9	140.8	136.7
अक्टू/Oct	135.4	135.3	138.6	138.4	140.6	136.8
नव/Nov	135.9	136.3	140.2	138.7	141.1	135.8

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	भोपाल Bhopal	छिंदवाड़ा Chhindwara	इन्दौर Indore	जबलपुर Jabalpur	मुम्बई Mumbai	नागपुर Nagpur
Base Year	1960= 100	1966= 100	1960= 100	1949= 100	1960= 100	1960= 100
Linking Factor	5.46	2.59	5.18	6.41	5.12	4.99
1	44	45	46	47	48	49
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.83	4.03	4.73	4.53	5.18	4.68
2006	127	127	122	128	126	130
2007	135	137	131	135	134	140
2008	145	150	140	148	144	151
2009	161	162	152	159	159	174
2010	185	177	168	184	174	203
2011	205	195	181	198	192	220
2012	221	216	200	212	212	240
2013	238	242	222	231	237	265
2014	251	247	232	240	257	277
2015	260	262	243	256	276	294
2016	271	281	252	274	287	306
2017	276	286	257	279	289	312
2018	301	293	269	298	294	344
2019	333	314	288	325	312	396
2020	349	334	304	342	327	413
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	3.11	2.94	2.70	3.00	2.91	3.60
2021	119.1	120.9	116.9	124.1	116.6	121.2
2022	124.9	127.9	123.1	131.9	122.7	128.7
2022 नव/Nov	127.6	132.1	125.4	132.9	125.3	129.2
दिस/Dec	126.8	130.4	124.4	132.6	124.3	132.2
2023 जन/Jan	127.8	130.5	125.3	133.1	124.8	132.9
फर/Feb	128.2	130.3	125.4	133.2	124.9	132.7
मार्च/Mar	129.3	130.4	126.9	133.6	125.5	133.1
अप्रैल/Apr	129.5	129.6	127.4	134.5*	126.1	133.5
मई/May	130.1	130.4	127.6	139.7	126.2	135.4
जून/Jun	131.6	135.4	128.2	141.0	127.3	135.8
जुला/Jul	135.5*	137.5*	130.9	143.0	131.4	140.0
अग/Aug	136.8	137.3	132.5	143.0	130.4	138.7
सित/Sep	135.1	136.5	130.4	140.0	128.2	136.9
अक्तू/Oct	135.2	137.4	131.1	140.4	129.2	137.6
नव/Nov	135.8	140.3	133.8	141.3	129.3	140.6

तालिका ब.1.1.2 जारी / Table B.1.1.2 Contd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	नासिक Nasik	पुणे Pune	शोलापुर Solapur	ठाणे Thane	शिलोंग Shillong	अंगुल-तलचर Angul- Talcher
Base Year			1960= 100			
Linking Factor	#	#	5.03			
1	50	51	52	53	54	55
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.94	4.96	4.73			#
2006	124	127	123			120
2007	130	136	139			128
2008	139	146	149			143
2009	157	162	160			160
2010	181	181	179			181
2011	204	200	199			200
2012	223	217	216			221
2013	242	237	239			241
2014	255	254	261			256
2015	271	266	281			265
2016	285	277	293			284
2017	291	275	294			297
2018	322	306	305			310
2019	364	345	335			335
2020	386	368	355			357
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	3.42	3.22	3.10	#	#	2.88
2021	118.3	119.0	125.0	115.9	131.9	129.3
2022	123.3	122.5	134.8	123.7	139.4	140.5
2022 नव/Nov	126.4	122.3	137.2	125.3	142.4	142.7
दिस/Dec	124.5*	122.4	137.9	124.9	143.5*	143.4
2023 जन/Jan	124.4	123.4	138.9	125.1	144.8	142.1
फर/Feb	124.5	123.4	138.5*	124.8	144.8	142.6
मार्च/Mar	124.6	124.3	138.8	126.0	145.3	144.7
अप्रैल/Apr	125.6	124.3	141.1	126.8	145.5	144.0
मई/May	125.6	125.0	141.7	126.7	146.3	144.4
जून/Jun	126.3	126.3	143.1	127.5*	147.2	152.9
जुला/Jul	131.5*	127.4	143.9	129.6	148.5*	153.2
अग/Aug	131.7	127.1	144.1	128.8	148.5	150.1
सित/Sep	131.5	125.0	142.9	127.2	148.6	149.7
अक्तू/Oct	132.2	128.1	142.9	128.0	149.0	150.6
नव/Nov	133.8	127.3	143.2	129.7	148.3	150.5

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	कटक Cuttack	क्योंझर Keonjhar	पुडुचेरी Puducherry	अमृतसर Amritsar	जालंधर Jalandhar	लुधियाना Ludhiana
Base Year				1960= 100		
Linking Factor			#	5.19		#
1	56	57	58	59	60	61
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100			4.88	4.09	#	4.12
2006			123	130	126	129
2007			130	139	131	134
2008			146	149	141	146
2009			163	163	155	160
2010			173	190	174	175
2011			184	208	190	188
2012			209	227	205	205
2013			237	240	224	222
2014			256	255	239	235
2015			271	263	250	251
2016			286	271	270	273
2017			299	281	281	275
2018			308	308	299	282
2019			320	343	326	299
2020			335	360	339	315
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	#	#	2.88	2.98	2.84	2.62
2021	129.1	128.9	127.1	121.7	120.9	122.3
2022	139.0	138.6	134.9	124.8	131.0	130.8
2022 नव/Nov	140.6	142.3	137.2	125.2	136.7	139.2
दिस/Dec	139.4	140.6	138.1	126.6	137.5*	138.6
2023 जन/Jan	140.7	141.3	140.3	126.6	139.5*	137.6
फर/Feb	141.5	140.9	138.5	129.7	139.1	137.8
मार्च/Mar	141.6	142.3	139.1	129.0	139.7	140.1
अप्रैल/Apr	143.2	143.2	140.7	128.1	140.5*	141.1
मई/May	143.2	143.2	142.6	128.1	140.1	140.1
जून/Jun	144.5	146.4	148.2	132.0	139.7	141.5*
जुला/Jul	147.4	145.4	155.4	134.9	145.8	148.3
अग/Aug	151.8	145.7	155.1	135.5	149.8	145.8
सित/Sep	151.5	145.3	153.6	135.8	144.4	143.6
अक्त/Oct	151.1	145.6	153.3	135.7	144.7	146.8
नव/Nov	153.4	147.2	153.3	135.9	145.3	146.1

तालिका ब.1.1.2 जारी / Table B.1.1.2 Contd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	संगरूर Sangrur	अलवर Alwar	भीलवाड़ा Bhilwara	जयपुर Jaipur	चेन्नई Chennai	कोयम्बटूर Coimbatore
Base Year			1966= 100	1960= 100	1960= 100	1960= 100
Linking Factor			3.20	5.17	5.05	5.35
1	62	63	64	65	66	67
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100			4.62	4.25	4.95	4.49
2006			125	127	118	119
2007			133	134	124	127
2008			144	145	135	137
2009			158	159	149	151
2010			176	179	161	166
2011			192	192	171	176
2012			215	214	196	193
2013			236	230	218	217
2014			245	238	230	231
2015			259	245	248	243
2016			269	257	255	250
2017			274	268	261	265
2018			278	282	269	275
2019			296	313	284	290
2020			310	326	296	304
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	#	#	2.71	2.89	2.50	2.60
2021	119.4	120.9	118.5	115.8	122.5	120.7
2022	128.2	126.3	127.0	123.1	127.3	125.7
2022 नव/Nov	132.5*	127.8	129.8	126.3	129.7	127.6
दिस/Dec	132.8	127.1	129.8	126.0	130.4	127.0
2023 जन/Jan	132.7	127.1	129.9	126.7	131.9	130.0
फर/Feb	132.6	126.5*	130.2	126.8	131.3	129.1
मार्च/Mar	132.4	127.1	131.7	127.6	130.6	129.2
अप्रैल/Apr	131.8	126.9	132.0	128.1	131.7	130.7
मई/May	132.0	127.1	132.2	127.8	133.1	133.3
जून/Jun	134.6	128.2	134.0	128.6	137.7	135.5*
जुला/Jul	139.8	131.0	136.1	130.0	139.9	138.2
अग/Aug	137.5	130.2	132.6	125.2	139.0	139.7
सित/Sep	137.6	126.1	130.5	123.4	137.4	138.6
अक्तू/Oct	138.4	127.5	131.5*	124.2	136.1	138.0
नव/Nov	138.6	127.4	131.2	124.4	136.1	139.0

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	कुनूर Coonoor	मदुरई Madurai	सेलम Salem	तिरुनेल्वेलि Tirunelveli	विरुधु नगर Virudhu Nagar	हैदराबाद Hyderabad
Base Year	1960=100	1960= 100				1960= 100
Linking Factor	4.80	5.27	#			5.23
1	68	69	70	71	72	73
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.58	4.51	4.45			4.79
2006	115	116	114			116
2007	122	121	122			123
2008	134	134	134			135
2009	148	147	151			152
2010	168	162	163			165
2011	182	174	172			174
2012	204	196	192			190
2013	224	218	216			207
2014	241	239	233			217
2015	261	259	254			228
2016	272	265	268			240
2017	281	277	270			246
2018	304	281	280			252
2019	336	303	297			267
2020	352	317	307			284
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	2.96	2.69	2.69	#	#	2.44
2021	126.6	125.3	121.9	125.6	122.4	121.2
2022	127.3	132.1	127.2	134.6	128.1	128.3
2022 नव/Nov	129.6	137.4	130.8	138.5*	131.0	133.0
दिस/Dec	129.7	138.2	131.8	140.9	130.8	132.5*
जन/Jan	131.2	138.5	132.4	141.6	132.9	132.6
2023 फर/Feb	131.1	137.4	131.1	141.0	134.0	133.1
मार्च/Mar	132.6	136.5*	129.7	139.9	135.0	133.1
अप्रैल/Apr	133.2	136.6	127.8	141.6	136.9	133.7
मई/May	134.1	137.7	131.6	143.5	136.7	134.6
जून/Jun	137.3	140.1	134.7	145.2	138.4	136.8
जुला/Jul	141.8	144.4	142.0	147.0	141.6	138.3
अग/Aug	138.9	142.1	138.7	147.9	140.7	137.8
सित/Sep	137.2	138.1	132.0	148.0	140.7	136.5
अक्तू/Oct	136.1	139.5	135.4	149.0	143.1	137.5
नव/Nov	137.2	143.2	138.7	153.1	144.6	137.1

तालिका ब.1.1.2 जारी / Table B.1.1.2 Contd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	मांचेरीयाल Mancheriyal	वारंगल Warrangal	त्रिपुरा Tripura	आगरा Agra	गाजियाबाद/ गौ. बु.नगर Ghaziabad/G. B. Nagar	कानपुर Kanpur
Base Year			1961= 100			1960= 100
Linking Factor		#	4.37	#	#	4.69
1	74	75	76	77	78	79
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100		4.75	4.17	4.36	4.78	4.50
2006		123	115	128	125	125
2007		133	123	136	132	132
2008		149	131	146	142	141
2009		172	144	168	159	158
2010		199	156	193	182	183
2011		204	167	208	198	200
2012		222	177	220	209	214
2013		247	194	240	232	237
2014		259	210	255	240	255
2015		272	227	269	256	268
2016		287	244	291	270	285
2017		287	256	303	277	287
2018		302	264	332	306	313
2019		323	267	362	341	347
2020		343	282	387	355	368
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	#	2.97	2.43	3.33	3.00	3.15
2021	131.0	121.9	120.5	123.5	122.8	124.1
2022	138.8	131.2	130.3	132.3	131.3	131.8
2022 नव/Nov	144.8	135.4	133.9	137.1	136.1	135.6
दिस/Dec	144.3	135.3	133.3	137.6	135.1	134.8
जन/Jan	144.5*	135.6	132.0	136.9	134.8	135.3
2023 फर/Feb	145.0	136.1	130.9	137.3	135.4	135.7
मार्च/Mar	145.6	137.2	129.9	138.2	136.7	136.2
अप्रैल/Apr	146.5	137.4	130.5	139.0	137.0	136.9
मई/May	146.7	138.2	130.4	139.0	137.9	137.5
जून/Jun	148.2	141.2	134.7	141.1	138.9	138.9
जुला/Jul	151.2	145.6	140.4	147.0	142.9	141.8
अग/Aug	150.1	146.6	141.0	144.8	140.5	142.3
सित/Sep	149.2	144.8	140.7	142.4	141.1	139.9
अक्तू/Oct	150.5*	145.5	140.4	142.7	142.4	140.4
नव/Nov	150.2	145.1	141.2	143.4	142.1	141.3

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	लखनऊ Lucknow	वाराणसी Varanasi	उधम सिंह नगर Udham Singh Nagar	दार्जिलिंग Darjeeling	दुर्गापुर Durgapur	हल्दिया Haldia
Base Year	1960=100		1960=100			
Linking Factor	5.12		4.55		#	#
1	80	81	82	83	84	85
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	#	4.96		3.80	5.13	5.64
2006	121	122		120	121	116
2007	129	131		130	130	124
2008	144	142		142	140	131
2009	163	160		153	155	144
2010	185	183		170	178	161
2011	195	194		184	193	185
2012	203	208		196	215	211
2013	224	231		215	263	230
2014	242	247		232	282	241
2015	261	265		239	287	275
2016	274	278		253	298	302
2017	275	279		260	306	310
2018	305	302		272	317	325
2019	343	338		279	331	351
2020	369	360		285	341	410
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	3.05	3.03	#	2.53	2.92	3.55
2021	126.0	124.8	130.7	116.0	123.2	117.0
2022	136.1	130.9	138.4	120.4	133.1	120.7
2022 नव/Nov	140.1	135.2	141.9	125.5*	137.1	122.4
दिस/Dec	138.2	134.1	141.5	125.1	135.6	122.1
जन/Jan	138.8	134.8	142.5	125.4	134.9	121.9
2023 फर/Feb	140.6	134.5	143.4	125.7	135.5	122.6
मार्च/Mar	141.0	135.9	144.7	126.0	136.3	123.4
अप्रैल/Apr	142.0	136.2	145.4	125.3	138.0	124.5
मई/May	142.8	135.8	144.5*	124.8	138.1	124.6
जून/Jun	142.9	135.3	146.8	125.9	138.7	125.8
जुला/Jul	148.0	139.3	153.7	127.9	142.2	127.6
अग/Aug	147.4	139.3	151.7	128.1	140.8	126.6
सित/Sep	144.9	138.3	145.9	126.8	139.3	127.4
अक्तू/Oct	145.6	138.5*	145.9	126.9	141.3	127.1
नव/Nov	146.9	138.6	146.6	127.3	142.3	126.2

तालिका ब.1.1.2 समाप्त / Table B.1.1.2 Concl'd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	हावड़ा Howrah	जलपाईगुड़ी Jalpaiguri	कोलकाता Kolkata	रानीगंज Raniganj
Base Year	1960= 100	1960= 100	1960= 100	1960= 100
Linking Factor	4.12	4.16	4.74	4.40
1	86	87	88	89
I. Base 2001=100				
Linking Factor with 1982=100	5.42	3.96	5.12	4.02
2006	121	117	121	124
2007	130	125	132	132
2008	139	136	142	140
2009	154	150	156	156
2010	171	167	172	169
2011	183	179	185	180
2012	199	192	199	195
2013	215	221	222	214
2014	228	241	239	228
2015	240	252	251	238
2016	258	266	261	253
2017	267	272	266	251
2018	281	280	278	271
2019	293	285	292	297
2020	309	299	306	319
II. Base 2016=100				
Linking Factor with 2001=100	2.58	2.52	2.46	2.57
2021	122.2	119.2	126.0	130.7
2022	130.9	128.9	137.4	139.8
2022 नव/Nov	135.2	134.3	139.7	141.7
दिस/Dec	135.0	132.9	138.4	142.0
जन/Jan	134.7	132.2	137.8	141.2
2023 फर/Feb	135.0	130.4	137.5*	139.4
मार्च/Mar	135.2	131.4	138.3	139.4
अप्रैल/Apr	139.3	132.1	138.0	140.0
मई/May	138.9	131.8	137.6	140.7
जून/Jun	139.7	135.7	138.2	141.3
जुला/Jul	142.6	136.4	141.7	143.3
अग/Aug	141.6	138.0	140.9	142.8
सित/Sep	140.6	139.9	140.8	141.8
अक्तू/Oct	140.8	140.2	141.6	143.2
नव/Nov	141.0	140.3	141.1	143.4

#- No Linking Factor as these centres were not covered in the earlier series.

* Rounded up from second decimal place.

Linking Factor – Figures on previous base (General Index) can be obtained by multiplying the index numbers of new base by the respective linking factors given against each centre and rounding off the result to the nearest whole number.

1.2 कृषि एवं ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers

तालिका ब.1.2.1 (अ) - कृषि श्रमिकों के लिए वर्ष-वार अखिल भारतीय औसत उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक (सामान्य एवं खाद्य आधार: 1986-87 = 100)

Table B.1.2.1 (a) - Year-wise All India Average Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural Labourers (General & Food on Base: 1986-87=100)

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	वार्षिक औसत सूचकांक Annual Average Indices for							
	Agricultural Year		Twelve Monthly moving average of General Index	Agricultural Year		Calendar Year		
	General Index	Food Index		General Index	General Index	Year	General Index	Food Index
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1995-1996@	240 @	242 @	-	237^	239^	1995	239\$	242\$
1996-1997	260	264	-	256	260	1996	249	253
1997-1998	269	269	-	264	264	1997	262	262
1998-1999	299	305	-	293	299	1998	287	293
1999-2000	309	314	-	306	312	1999	304	310
2000-2001	304	299	-	305	303	2000	307	307
2001-2002	311	304	-	309	302	2001	307	300
2002-2003	323	316	-	318	312	2002	315	308
2003-2004	332	326	-	331	325	2003	328	322
2004-2005	342	335	-	340	333	2004	337	331
2005-2006	358	351	-	353	345	2005	348	341
2006-2007	388	384	-	380	376	2006	372	366
2007-2008	417	416	-	409	406	2007	402	400
2008-2009	462	464	-	450	452	2008	439	440
2009-2010	530	540	-	513	522	2009	494	500
2010-2011	577	582	-	564	572	2010	553	562
2011-2012	622	610	-	611	602	2011	602	598
2012-2013	692	679	-	672	658	2012	652	638
2013-2014	764	750	-	750	737	2013	735	724
2014-2015	808	783	-	800	778	2014	788	769
2015-2016	847	820	-	835	807	2015	825	797
2016-2017	873	841	-	870	841	2016	864	837
2017-2018	893	846	-	741	708	2017	883	845
2018-2019	920	863	-	907	850	2018	900	844
2019-2020	999	955	-	980	932	2019	957	905
2020-2021	1042	994	-	1034	990	2020	1027	987
2021-2022	1092	1026	-	1075	1013	2021	1060	1002
2022-2023	1166	1094	-	1148	1076	2022	1129	1059
2022-2023								
नव/Nov	1167	1098	1124					
दिस/Dec	1167	1096	1129					
जन/Jan	1170	1096	1136					
फर/Feb	1171	1096	1142					
मार्च/March	1175	1098	1148					
अप्रैल/April	1180	1104	1154					
मई/May	1186	1112	1160					
जून/June	1196	1126	1166					
2023-2024								
जलाई/July	1215	1152	1173					
अगस्त/August	1224	1164	1180					
सित/Sept	1226	1166	1186					
अक्तू/Oct	1241	1185	1193					
नव/Nov	1253	1201	1200					

Note: -(i) Agricultural Year (July to June). (ii) Financial Year (April to March). (iii) New series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural Labourers on Base: 1986-87=100 released w.e.f. November, 1995. To obtain indices on Base: 1960-61=100, the index figures need to be multiplied by the linking factor as below:-
General Index - 5.89 Food Index - 6.38

@ = औसत केवल 8 महीनों अर्थात् नव., 95 से जून, 96 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 8 months i.e. Nov., 95 to June, 96 only.

^ = औसत केवल 5 महीनों अर्थात् नव., 95 से मार्च, 96 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 5 months i.e. Nov., 95 to March, 96 only

\$ = औसत केवल 2 महीनों अर्थात् नव., 95 से दिस., 95 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 2 months i.e. Nov., 95 and Dec., 95 only.

तालिका ब.1.2.1 (ब) - ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए वर्ष-वार अखिल भारतीय औसत उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक (सामान्य एवं खाद्य आधार: 1986-87 = 100)

Table B.1.2.1 (b) - Year-wise All India Average Consumer Price Index Numbers for Rural Labourers (General & Food on Base: 1986-87=100)

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	वार्षिक औसत सूचकांक/Annual Average Indices for							
	Agricultural Year		Twelve Monthly moving average of General Index	Agricultural Year		Calendar Year		
	General Index	Food Index		General Index	General Index	Year	General Index	Food Index
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1995-1996@	240@	242@	-	238^	240^	1995	239\$	242\$
1996-1997	260	264	-	256	260	1996	250	253
1997-1998	270	270	-	266	265	1997	263	263
1998-1999	299	305	-	294	300	1998	288	293
1999-2000	310	313	-	307	311	1999	305	310
2000-2001	306	300	-	307	303	2000	308	307
2001-2002	313	305	-	311	303	2001	309	302
2002-2003	325	317	-	321	312	2002	318	309
2003-2004	335	327	-	333	326	2003	331	323
2004-2005	344	335	-	342	333	2004	340	332
2005-2006	360	352	-	355	346	2005	351	341
2006-2007	389	384	-	382	376	2006	373	366
2007-2008	418	416	-	409	406	2007	403	399
2008-2009	462	463	-	451	452	2008	440	440
2009-2010	529	541	-	513	523	2009	494	500
2010-2011	577	582	-	564	573	2010	552	563
2011-2012	623	611	-	611	603	2011	602	599
2012-2013	693	681	-	673	660	2012	654	640
2013-2014	765	751	-	751	738	2013	735	725
2014-2015	811	787	-	802	781	2014	791	771
2015-2016	852	826	-	839	813	2015	829	802
2016-2017	879	847	-	875	847	2016	869	843
2017-2018	900	852	-	895	852	2017	889	850
2018-2019	927	868	-	915	855	2018	908	850
2019-2020	1005	959	-	986	937	2019	964	910
2020-2021	1049	1000	-	1040	995	2020	1033	991
2021-2022	1102	1034	-	1084	1021	2021	1068	1009
2022-2023	1177	1101	-	1160	1084	2022	1141	1066
2022-23								
नव/Nov	1178	1105	1135					
दिस/Dec	1179	1102	1141					
जन/Jan	1181	1103	1147					
फर/Feb	1182	1102	1154					
मार्च/March	1186	1105	1160					
अप्रैल/April	1192	1111	1166					
मई/May	1197	1118	1172					
जून/June	1207	1131	1177					
2023-24								
जुलाई/July	1226	1158	1184					
अगस्त/August	1234	1170	1191					
सित/Sept	1237	1171	1197					
अक्तू/Oct	1251	1190	1204					
नव/Nov	1262	1206	1211					

टिप्पण Note: - (i) कृषि वर्ष/Agricultural Year (जुलाई से जून/July to June). (ii) वित्तीय वर्ष/Financial Year (अप्रैल से मार्च/April to March). (iii) ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए आधार 1986-87=100 पर उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक की नई श्रृंखला नवम्बर, 1995 से पहली बार शुरू की गई/New series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Rural Labourers on Base: 1986-87=100 was introduced for the first time w.e.f. November, 1995.

@ = औसत केवल 8 महीनों अर्थात नव., 95 से जून, 96 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 8 months i.e. Nov., 95 to June, 96 only.

^ = औसत केवल 5 महीनों अर्थात नव., 95 से मार्च, 96 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 5 months i.e. Nov., 95 to March, 96 only

\$ = औसत केवल 2 महीनों अर्थात नव., 95 से दिस., 95 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 2 months i.e. Nov., 95 and Dec., 95 only.

तालिका ब.1.2.2 (अ) - कृषि श्रमिकों के लिए राज्य-वार श्रम ब्यूरो की उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक श्रृंखला (सामान्य सूचकांक आधार: 1986-87 = 100)

Table B.1.2.2 (a) - State-wise Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural Labourers (General Index on Base: 1986-87=100)

कृषि वर्ष/महीना Agricultural Year/Month	आंध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	असम Assam	बिहार Bihar	गुजरात Gujarat	हरियाणा Haryana	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir
Linking factor	4.84	b	6.22	5.34	*	*	5.98
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1995-1996 @	243	244	223	241	235	220	226
1996-1997	268	259	250	254	265	240	252
1997-1998	282	281	252	270	278	256	269
1998-1999	309	311	285	297	306	283	303
1999-2000	318	323	300	310	312	294	323
2000-2001	317	322	282	314	313	292	326
2001-2002	328	320	290	320	322	298	331
2002-2003	342	330	299	332	329	308	344
2003-2004	347	343	311	339	341	321	345
2004-2005	357	347	324	350	359	325	348
2005-2006	371	362	347	369	376	343	359
2006-2007	401	388	384	403	403	367	392
2007-2008	430	417	411	424	447	376	413
2008-2009	484	451	446	459	498	406	453
2009-2010	552	520	500	538	588	455	524
2010-2011	603	580	532	583	642	484	568
2011-2012	668	622	552	627	690	513	608
2012-2013	733	682	617	694	765	555	671
2013-2014	820	740	691	777	840	619	730
2014-2015	873	789	718	822	898	660	765
2015-2016	930	803	726	876	931	690	791
2016-2017	958	810	728	900	974	720	818
2017-2018	986	844	726	898	989	735	843
2018-2019	1027	866	750	929	1017	749	879
2019-2020	1130	937	828	1017	1090	785	938
2020-2021	1186	973	852	1045	1118	803	970
2021-2022	1244	1029	906	1106	1188	866	1042
2022-2023	1324	1065	988	1191	1276	911	1116
2022-23							
नव/Nov	1316	1069	990	1188	1278	912	1123
दिस/Dec	1322	1071	993	1184	1276	911	1122
जन/Jan	1328	1059	996	1186	1281	914	1125
फर/Feb	1332	1052	994	1194	1287	915	1127
मार्च/March	1338	1056	999	1202	1291	917	1130
अप्रैल/April	1341	1060	1005	1205	1294	918	1133
मई/May	1358	1055	1012	1210	1296	918	1132
जून/June	1378	1063	1019	1227	1299	914	1114
2023-24							
जुलाई/July	1399	1082	1027	1249	1321	932	1134
अगस्त/August	1412	1098	1033	1266	1325	942	1145
सित/Sept	1400	1101	1042	1270	1323	949	1151
अक्तू/Oct	1416	1115	1055	1289	1332	960	1183
नव/Nov	1440	1124	1063	1292	1338	958	1192

तालिका ब.1.2.2 (अ) समाप्त / Table B.1.2.2 (a) Concl'd.

कृषि वर्ष/महीना Agricultural Year/Month	कर्नाटक Karnataka	केरल Kerala	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	मणिपुर Manipur	मेघालय Meghalaya	ओडिशा Odisha
Linking factor	5.81	6.56	6.04	5.85	*	*	6.05
1	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1995-1996 @	251	259	237	248	244	252	236
1996-1997	266	281	261	256	252	264	254
1997-1998	276	292	273	266	268	282	262
1998-1999	306	305	300	291	292	321	289
1999-2000	316	312	313	304	312	338	316
2000-2001	302	321	310	303	316	346	304
2001-2002	309	321	310	306	304	351	300
2002-2003	325	330	318	321	300	343	298
2003-2004	341	342	318	335	308	350	314
2004-2005	340	351	330	350	310	360	320
2005-2006	341	356	352	368	328	382	334
2006-2007	367	374	388	402	337	410	365
2007-2008	406	403	412	432	367	439	400
2008-2009	458	454	459	475	407	484	438
2009-2010	535	496	525	562	455	540	495
2010-2011	595	562	569	619	527	576	538
2011-2012	665	601	615	691	594	633	562
2012-2013	750	665	679	760	639	706	631
2013-2014	826	772	723	804	718	756	714
2014-2015	877	840	737	861	787	794	764
2015-2016	949	877	771	912	811	831	741
2016-2017	1019	931	794	952	836	855	744
2017-2018	1054	980	796	957	863	885	770
2018-2019	1032	1002	814	990	910	912	806
2019-2020	1109	1045	857	1124	974	988	865
2020-2021	1149	1053	871	1161	1002	1044	887
2021-2022	1252	1115	943	1217	1031	1115	942
2022-2023	1298	1197	1017	1298	1053	1158	999
2022-23							
नव/Nov	1293	1193	1013	1302	1056	1161	1007
दिस/Dec	1295	1199	1014	1297	1047	1158	1004
जन/Jan	1301	1204	1018	1302	1040	1157	1002
फर/Feb	1305	1206	1023	1304	1037	1152	1001
मार्च/March	1308	1207	1028	1306	1042	1159	999
अप्रैल/April	1315	1212	1031	1313	1051	1166	1004
मई/May	1325	1211	1040	1322	1063	1163	1000
जून/June	1342	1211	1054	1328	1082	1171	1007
2023-24							
जुलाई/July	1362	1237	1081	1343	1096	1186	1027
अगस्त/August	1379	1245	1093	1352	1105	1205	1040
सित/Sept	1385	1236	1100	1359	1110	1215	1047
अक्तू/Oct	1403	1237	1112	1375	1112	1234	1063
नव/Nov	1423	1239	1118	1402	1125	1236	1067

टिप्पण Note:- कृषि वर्ष/Agricultural Year (जुलाई से जून/July to June)

@ = औसत केवल 8 महीनों अर्थात नव., 95 से जून, 96 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 8 months i.e. Nov., 95 to June, 96 only

कृषि वर्ष/महीना Agricultural Year/Month	पंजाब Punjab	राजस्थान Rajasthan	तमिल नाडु Tamil Nadu	त्रिपुरा Tripura	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal
Linking factor	c	6.15	5.67	*	6.60	5.73
1	16	17	18	19	20	21
1995-1996 @	244	238	246	220	232	230
1996-1997	263	261	261	240	264	247
1997-1998	278	268	264	263	268	259
1998-1999	306	290	291	312	298	308
1999-2000	314	310	302	331	307	303
2000-2001	316	311	299	324	301	292
2001-2002	326	309	311	322	312	303
2002-2003	331	325	344	325	323	305
2003-2004	343	323	349	326	331	321
2004-2005	355	346	347	337	343	333
2005-2006	380	377	355	351	371	342
2006-2007	417	413	371	383	408	365
2007-2008	448	439	403	407	433	395
2008-2009	501	490	455	433	469	432
2009-2010	586	573	514	466	535	504
2010-2011	624	608	565	514	566	561
2011-2012	685	668	605	548	595	592
2012-2013	756	749	686	587	672	655
2013-2014	822	822	767	668	734	730
2014-2015	865	870	829	730	766	755
2015-2016	894	915	901	764	817	760
2016-2017	942	960	955	768	808	778
2017-2018	964	950	1020	763	796	821
2018-2019	990	997	1056	817	839	827
2019-2020	1055	1083	1163	869	906	864
2020-2021	1081	1094	1215	889	926	889
2021-2022	1153	1151	1273	907	971	958
2022-2023	1234	1260	1348	966	1042	1023
2022-23						
नव/Nov	1233	1256	1345	969	1057	1032
दिस/Dec	1235	1263	1350	966	1054	1025
जन/Jan	1239	1269	1356	968	1053	1015
फर/Feb	1244	1273	1359	965	1050	1013
मार्च/March	1249	1278	1360	970	1046	1022
अप्रैल/April	1254	1281	1367	975	1048	1034
मई/May	1253	1280	1371	982	1045	1043
जून/June	1257	1284	1391	993	1050	1045
2023-24						
जुलाई/July	1276	1294	1420	994	1062	1064
अगस्त/August	1288	1297	1423	996	1066	1068
सित/Sept	1293	1297	1413	1001	1078	1077
अक्तू/Oct	1308	1306	1427	1021	1083	1103
नव/Nov	1321	1317	1453	1029	1093	1089

* = राज्यों के सूचकांकों को पहली बार नवंबर, 1995 से संकलित एवं प्रकाशित किया गया / Indices for the State compiled and published for the first time w.e.f. November, 1995.

b & c = आधार 1986-87=100 पर असम तथा पंजाब के लिए सम्पर्क कारकों को प्राप्त करने हेतु कृपया इंडियन लेबर जर्नल का फरवरी, 1996 अंक में प्रकाशित लेख देखें / To obtain linking factors for Assam and Punjab on Base 1986-87=100, please refer the article published in February, 1996 issue of the Indian Labour Journal.

तालिका ब.1.2.2 (ब) - ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए राज्य-वार श्रम ब्यूरो की उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक
Table B.1.2.2 (b) - State-wise Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers

कृषि वर्ष/महीना Agricultural Year/Month	आंध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	असम Assam	बिहार Bihar	गुजरात Gujarat	हरियाणा Haryana	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1995-1996 @	244	243	223	241	237	221	225
1996-1997	269	258	250	254	266	240	250
1997-1998	282	278	254	270	279	258	266
1998-1999	309	310	287	298	306	284	297
1999-2000	318	321	302	311	312	295	316
2000-2001	318	321	284	315	314	294	319
2001-2002	328	320	292	322	323	304	324
2002-2003	343	330	301	333	330	314	337
2003-2004	348	344	313	341	342	326	340
2004-2005	357	348	326	351	361	331	344
2005-2006	371	364	348	371	378	350	359
2006-2007	401	390	384	403	404	377	393
2007-2008	429	419	412	425	445	388	413
2008-2009	482	454	447	460	495	420	451
2009-2010	550	524	500	538	583	474	521
2010-2011	599	583	532	583	638	503	564
2011-2012	665	625	555	626	685	535	602
2012-2013	732	686	620	692	759	582	668
2013-2014	817	746	695	775	834	653	726
2014-2015	870	796	724	821	893	696	760
2015-2016	927	813	732	877	930	728	788
2016-2017	954	821	731	900	970	765	819
2017-2018	982	853	731	899	984	779	844
2018-2019	1022	876	757	929	1012	794	880
2019-2020	1125	946	834	1015	1082	832	945
2020-2021	1159	984	858	1043	1110	851	977
2021-2022	1242	1045	914	1107	1186	917	1051
2022-2023	1323	1084	997	1194	1275	961	1132
2022-23							
नव/Nov	1315	1088	1000	1190	1277	965	1142
दिस/Dec	1322	1089	1002	1187	1275	961	1139
जन/Jan	1328	1077	1005	1190	1279	960	1140
फर/Feb	1331	1070	1002	1198	1285	961	1142
मार्च/March	1338	1073	1007	1205	1290	968	1146
अप्रैल/April	1341	1078	1014	1208	1293	969	1147
मई/May	1358	1077	1023	1213	1295	968	1146
जून/June	1378	1084	1028	1230	1299	973	1130
2023-24							
जुलाई/July	1400	1103	1038	1251	1320	993	1150
अगस्त/August	1412	1118	1043	1269	1324	1003	1161
सित/Sept	1400	1123	1052	1272	1321	1000	1168
अक्तू/Oct	1415	1136	1065	1290	1330	1011	1197
नव/Nov	1439	1144	1074	1291	1336	1015	1207

श्रृंखला (सामान्य सूचकांक आधार: 1986-87 = 100)

for Rural Labourers (General Index on Base: 1986-87=100)

कृषि वर्ष/महीना Agricultural Year/Month	कर्नाटक Karnataka	केरल Kerala	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	मणिपुर Manipur	मेघालय Meghalaya	ओडिशा Odisha
1	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1995-1996 @	250	260	239	247	245	250	236
1996-1997	266	284	262	256	253	263	254
1997-1998	276	294	274	266	268	281	262
1998-1999	306	306	300	291	293	319	289
1999-2000	316	314	314	303	312	336	315
2000-2001	304	324	313	303	317	343	304
2001-2002	311	324	314	307	304	348	300
2002-2003	326	332	323	321	301	340	299
2003-2004	341	343	324	336	309	349	314
2004-2005	340	352	336	350	311	358	320
2005-2006	341	359	358	368	328	379	335
2006-2007	367	378	392	400	338	408	366
2007-2008	407	404	415	428	368	436	400
2008-2009	459	456	463	470	407	481	439
2009-2010	534	502	532	557	456	535	496
2010-2011	594	566	576	613	529	572	538
2011-2012	665	604	622	683	596	629	563
2012-2013	747	668	688	754	641	701	631
2013-2014	820	770	739	800	720	751	714
2014-2015	871	848	759	857	790	792	764
2015-2016	946	896	794	906	814	832	742
2016-2017	1013	939	817	946	839	856	746
2017-2018	1041	988	821	952	866	887	772
2018-2019	1021	1008	838	985	914	913	808
2019-2020	1096	1052	879	1113	979	986	867
2020-2021	1137	1063	892	1146	1008	1041	889
2021-2022	1249	1128	980	1211	1038	1111	945
2022-2023	1297	1200	1063	1299	1061	1149	1002
2022-23							
नव/Nov	1292	1191	1059	1301	1064	1152	1011
दिस/Dec	1294	1199	1061	1298	1055	1149	1007
जन/Jan	1299	1204	1066	1302	1048	1148	1006
फर/Feb	1303	1207	1070	1303	1045	1143	1005
मार्च/March	1308	1210	1074	1307	1050	1150	1003
अप्रैल/April	1315	1215	1077	1314	1059	1157	1008
मई/May	1323	1215	1084	1322	1070	1154	1003
जून/June	1338	1216	1100	1330	1089	1162	1011
2023-24							
जुलाई/July	1358	1244	1126	1346	1104	1176	1030
अगस्त/August	1370	1253	1138	1354	1113	1194	1044
सित/Sept	1379	1243	1145	1361	1118	1203	1050
अक्तू/Oct	1397	1244	1161	1376	1120	1221	1067
नव/Nov	1417	1247	1168	1399	1134	1224	1070

तालिका ब.1.2.2 (ब) समाप्त / Table B.1.2.2 (b) Concl'd.

कृषि वर्ष/महीना Agricultural Year/Month	पंजाब Punjab	राजस्थान Rajasthan	तमिल नाडु Tamil Nadu	त्रिपुरा Tripura	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal
1	16	17	18	19	20	21
1995-1996 @	247	239	244	219	231	232
1996-1997	265	262	260	237	262	248
1997-1998	281	270	265	261	267	260
1998-1999	309	292	290	308	297	309
1999-2000	317	310	301	328	307	304
2000-2001	320	312	299	318	303	293
2001-2002	330	311	311	316	316	305
2002-2003	336	326	343	318	326	308
2003-2004	347	323	348	318	335	324
2004-2005	359	345	348	329	346	336
2005-2006	384	375	355	344	372	346
2006-2007	419	412	370	373	409	368
2007-2008	449	438	402	399	434	398
2008-2009	501	486	452	429	469	435
2009-2010	585	567	509	462	532	506
2010-2011	622	600	559	512	563	564
2011-2012	681	661	603	547	597	597
2012-2013	749	740	683	586	672	662
2013-2014	813	809	761	662	732	739
2014-2015	860	854	824	723	764	765
2015-2016	894	898	893	760	812	774
2016-2017	940	948	947	766	807	791
2017-2018	967	937	1011	773	801	834
2018-2019	1001	980	1049	833	847	841
2019-2020	1063	1061	1150	889	914	879
2020-2021	1090	1074	1200	910	935	905
2021-2022	1170	1137	1260	933	983	975
2022-2023	1250	1238	1336	993	1051	1042
2022-23						
नव/Nov	1247	1235	1333	1000	1067	1051
दिस/Dec	1250	1241	1338	998	1063	1043
जन/Jan	1255	1247	1345	999	1060	1034
फर/Feb	1261	1252	1349	994	1056	1032
मार्च/March	1265	1259	1350	997	1053	1041
अप्रैल/April	1270	1260	1356	999	1055	1053
मई/May	1269	1261	1360	1006	1052	1063
जून/June	1273	1259	1379	1018	1058	1066
2023-24						
जुलाई/July	1289	1269	1407	1027	1070	1085
अगस्त/August	1300	1273	1410	1030	1072	1089
सित/Sept	1306	1273	1400	1034	1084	1098
अक्तू/Oct	1319	1282	1415	1054	1089	1123
नव/Nov	1331	1295	1439	1068	1099	1109

टिप्पण Note:- कृषि वर्ष/Agricultural Year (जुलाई से जून/July to June)

@ = औसत केवल 8 महीनों अर्थात नव., 95 से जून, 96 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 8 months i.e. Nov., 95 to June, 96 only

1.3. ग्रामीण, शहरी एवं संयुक्त उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक Consumer Price Index for Rural, Urban and Combined

तालिका ब.1.3 - ग्रामीण, शहरी एवं संयुक्त अखिल भारत उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक

Table B.1.3 - All India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Rural, Urban and Combined

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	ग्रामीण/Rural	शहरी/Urban	संयुक्त /Combined	
I. Base: 2010=100				
2011	110.8	108.1	-	
2012	121.4	118.8	-	
2013	133.6	130.8	110.0	
2014	143.5	139.7	117.4	
II. Base: 2012=100				
2015	124.3	121.7	123.1	
2016	131.3	126.8	129.2	
2017	135.6	131.0	133.5	
2018	140.7	136.5	138.8	
2019	144.9	142.8	143.9	
2020	154.5	152.3	153.5	
2021	161.9	160.7	161.4	
2022	173.1	171.0	172.2	
2022	नव/Nov	177.8	175.0	176.5
	दिस/Dec	177.1	174.1	175.7
2023	जन/Jan	177.8	174.9	176.5
	फर/Feb	177.9	175.6	176.8
	मार्च/Mar	178.0	176.3	177.2
	अप्रैल/Apr	178.8	177.4	178.1
	मई/May	179.8	178.2	179.1
	जून/Jun	181.9	179.9	181.0
	जुला/Jul	187.6	184.7	186.3
	अग/Aug	187.6	184.5	186.2
	सित/Sep	185.8	182.2	184.1
	अक्तू/Oct	187.0	183.4	185.3
	नव/Nov	188.2	184.2	186.3

Source: National Statistical Office, New Delhi.

1.4 थोक मूल्य सूचकांक Wholesale Price Index

तालिका ब.1.4 – भारत में थोक मूल्यों की सूचकांक

Table B.1.4 – Index Numbers of Wholesale Prices in India

वर्ष/माह Year/Month	सभी वस्तुओं All Commodities	I. प्राथमिक वस्तुएँ /Primary Articles				II. ईंधन एवं बिजली Fuel & Power	
		सभी All	खाद्य पदार्थ Food Articles	गैर-खाद्य वस्तुएँ Non-Food Articles	खनिज पदार्थ Minerals		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
I Base: 2004-05 = 100							
2010	140.1	175.9	174.6	155.9	244.0	144.2	
2011	153.4	197.1	190.4	183.1	299.2	163.3	
2012	164.9	215.0	206.5	196.8	345.0	182.5	
2013	175.4	237.8	234.1	210.7	347.9	200.5	
2014	181.9	249.2	249.1	215.1	344.8	210.1	
2015	177.1	248.4	258.9	214.3	245.4	183.0	
2016	180.6	259.0	274.0	227.4	205.7	181.8	
II Base: 2011-12=100							
2017	114.1	130.2	142.8	120.1	119.2	92.2	
2018	118.9	132.9	142.3	122.4	133.2	103.4	
2019	121.2	141.2	152.9	127.2	150.3	101.7	
2020	121.8	144.7	160.4	128.3	158.5	93.3	
2021	135.0	155.1	163.8	150.1	186.1	116.1	
2022	151.3	175.4	177.8	172.1	206.6	155.2	
2022	नव/Nov	152.5	178.4	181.0	168.8	198.5	162.8
	दिस/Dec	150.5	172.9	174.9	171.2	203.9	158.0
2023	जन/Jan	150.7	174.3	176.6	173.7	202.3	155.6
	फर/Feb	150.9	173.6	176.9	170.2	217.5	157.6
	मार्च/Mar	151.0	175.2	178.8	167.1	222.4	156.4
	अप्रैल/Apr	151.1	177.8	182.1	165.6	224.6	152.7
	मई/May	149.4	175.1	181.3	162.8	214.8	148.6
	जून/Jun	148.9	176.1	184.9	158.9	207.4	146.2
	जुला/Jul	152.1	191.7	205.9	161.9	215.4	145.4
	अग/Aug	152.5	190.3	202.8	163.2	205.5	149.1
	सित/Sep	151.8	183.6	189.1	164.6	220.9	153.1
	अक्तू/Oct	152.5	185.3	192.00	164.1	219.7	155.5
	नव/Nov	153.1	187.6	197.0	163.8	215.8	156.2

वर्ष/माह Year/Month	III. विनिर्मित उत्पाद/ Manufactured Products								
	सभी/All	खाद्य उत्पाद Food Products	पेय पदार्थ Beverages	तंबाकू उत्पाद Tobacco Products	कपड़ा Textiles	लकड़ी एवं लकड़ी उत्पाद Wood & Wood Products	कागज एवं कागज उत्पाद Paper & Paper Products	चमड़ा एवं संबंधित उत्पाद Leather & Related Products	
1	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
I Base: 2004-05 =100									
2010	128.1	140.9	143.1	-	115.3	147.5	123.1	127.6	
2011	137.5	149.1	159.4	-	128.8	157.7	130.8	128.3	
2012	145.4	160.3	172.4	-	130	168.6	134.8	133.4	
2013	150.2	168.2	182.2	-	136.7	176.4	141.2	140.4	
2014	154.7	172.0	197.3	-	142.8	185.6	149.0	145.7	
2015	153.6	172.4	204.7	-	140.2	194.0	153.5	144.0	
2016	156.0	187.4	217.9	-	141.1	197.5	156.2	146.1	
II Base: 2011-12=100									
2017	112.9	127.6	118.2	146.1	113.0	131.2	117.5	120.1	
2018	117.2	128.3	120.2	150.1	116.7	132.6	122.3	121.8	
2019	118.1	131.7	123.0	153.1	118.3	119.3	134.3	122.1	
2020	119.6	138.9	124.4	156.2	115.5	133.6	120.1	117.9	
2021	131.7	154.5	126.1	159.5	130.9	139.4	133.1	118.4	
2022	142.1	165.1	128.2	163.7	144.0	143.2	151.2	122.0	
2022	नव/Nov	141.3	164.6	129.1	163.9	139.2	143.0	150.9	122.4
	दिस/Dec	141.1	163.6	129.1	166.1	137.6	143.1	148.4	121.5
2023	जन/Jan	141.4	163.1	129.8	165.9	137.1	143.1	148.3	121.2
	फर/Feb	141.6	161.9	130.3	166.5	137.2	142.6	148.0	122.2
	मार्च/Mar	141.3	160.8	130.3	169.2	136.8	143.0	147.0	122.3
	अप्रैल/Apr	141.4	160.5	130.9	169.8	137.2	143.9	147.2	123.4
	मई/May	140.6	158.9	130.6	171.4	135.9	145.0	146.0	123.5
	जून/Jun	139.9	158.8	130.7	173.7	134.8	145.2	143.6	124.7
	जुला/Jul	139.5	159.9	130.8	173.2	133.9	144.4	139.5	125.7
	अग/Aug	139.9	160.8	131.4	172.6	134.1	144.9	139.0	125.5
	सित/Sep	140.4	160.4	131.3	173.8	134.3	146.5	138.4	123.9
	अक्तू/Oct	140.4	160.8	131.7	174.1	134.7	147.1	138.5	124.0
	नव/Nov	140.2	162.0	131.7	175.0	134.2	147.7	138.4	124.0

तालिका ब.1.4 समाप्त /Table B.1.4 Concltd.

वर्ष/माह Year/Month	III. विनिर्मित उत्पाद/ Manufactured Products					
	रबड़ एवं प्लास्टिक उत्पाद Rubber & Plastic Products	रसायन एवं रसायन उत्पाद Chemicals & Chemical Products	गैर-धातु खनिज उत्पाद Non-metallic Mineral Products	मूल धातु Basic Metals	मशीनरी एवं उपकरण Machinery & Equipment	अन्य परिवहन उपकरण Other Transport Equipment
1	16	17	18	19	20	21
I Base: 2004-05 =100						
2010	123.2	122.1	143.6	137.3	120.3	119.4
2011	132.9	132.1	150.3	152.3	124.2	123.6
2012	136.3	141.8	161	165.3	127.6	128.3
2013	143.6	147.4	165.9	150.3	130.8	133.5
2014	150.1	152.7	169.2	166.4	133.8	135.9
2015	148.1	150.9	176.4	158.0	135.0	137.5
2016	146.9	150.4	178.9	153.8	135.3	139.5
II Base: 2011-12=100						
2017	107.9	111.6	111.4	97.9	108.5	109.7
2018	108.9	117.9	115.2	111.6	110.8	111.4
2019	118.5	109.0	116.9	107.3	112.8	116.3
2020	108.9	116.4	117.0	107.4	113.4	124.0
2021	122.1	129.4	121.6	133.4	118.4	130.4
2022	129.6	144.7	131.6	149.5	124.9	135.9
2022 नव/Nov	128.1	145.2	134.3	143.2	126.7	137.5
दिस/Dec	128.1	144.0	134.8	143.2	126.3	138.2
2023 जन/Jan	128.6	143.3	135.3	145.5	127.0	138.8
फर/Feb	128.7	142.8	135.3	146.9	127.7	139.6
मार्च/Mar	128.3	142.2	134.6	146.2	128.0	141.6
अप्रैल/Apr	128.4	141.1	135.2	145.3	128.4	141.9
मई/May	127.6	139.6	134.7	143.6	128.5	142.0
जून/Jun	127.1	137.9	134.7	141.6	128.0	142.1
जुला/Jul	127.0	136.6	134.6	139.9	128.6	142.4
अग/Aug	127.1	136.3	135.0	140.6	128.5	142.8
सित/Sep	128.0	136.3	135.0	143.0	129.2	144.6
अक्तू/Oct	127.2	136.6	135.6	142.2	128.9	143.7
नव/Nov	126.8	136.0	134.6	140.2	129.2	143.8

टिप्पण / Note : आधार 2011-12=100 तथा आधार 2004-05=100 के मध्य संपर्क कारक सभी वस्तुओं के लिए = 1.561, प्राथमिक वस्तुओं के लिए = 2.003, ईंधन एवं बिजली के लिए = 1.690, विनिर्मित उत्पादों के लिए = 1.395 है / Linking factor for deriving the indices on base 2004-05=100 from base 2011-12=100 are for All commodities=1.561, Primary articles=2.003, Fuel & Power=1.690, Manufactured products =1.395

स्रोत/Source : आर्थिक सलाहकार का कार्यालय, वाणिज्य मंत्रालय, नई दिल्ली/Office of the Economic Adviser, Ministry of Commerce, New Delhi.

2. मजदूरी एवं उपार्जन WAGES AND EARNINGS

तालिका ब.2.1 - नवम्बर, 2023 महीने के लिए सूती वस्त्र मिलों में निम्नतम भुगतान किए गए कर्मकारों/कार्यकर्ताओं का उपार्जन (मूल वेतन, महंगाई भत्ता)

Table B.2.1 – Earnings (Basic Wage, Dearness Allowances) of the Lowest Paid Workers/Operatives in Cotton Textile Mills for the month of November, 2023

वर्ष/महीना Year/ Month	अहमदाबाद Ahmedabad	बेंगलुरु Bengaluru	वडोदरा Vadodara	मुंबई Mumbai	कोयम्बटूर एवं चेन्नई Coimbatore & Chennai
1	2	3	4	5	6
1996	1996.05	2591.10	1963.43	2389.95	2953.13
1997	2155.88	2840.36	2122.65	2622.11	3178.79
1998	2348.78	3073.17	2314.56	2958.08	3523.80
1999	2543.10	3199.73	2507.78	3084.01	3732.75
2000	2646.28	3353.44	2610.72	3294.36	3954.97
2001	2751.31	3451.66	2715.14	3455.99	4062.23
2002	2849.90	3567.03	2799.20	3642.14	4287.30
2003	2930.80	3749.72	2891.41	3811.69	4438.76
2004	3019.05	3944.89	2981.75	3941.44	4583.10
2005	3100.05	4191.63	3062.36	3996.49	4726.11
2006	3273.76	4447.32	3235.24	4227.16	4859.40
2007	3539.73	4821.78	3490.90	4472.78	5137.83
2008	3767.74	5275.10	3726.69	4799.79	5559.81
2009	4076.37	5903.63	4034.08	5267.03	6164.64
2010	4623.52	6431.40	4579.07	5782.10	6648.95
2011	5054.33	6880.72	5007.73	6369.27	7065.77
2012	5554.74	7469.64	5505.81	7023.55	8065.37
2013	6255.70	8421.27	6203.55	7863.58	9002.26
2014	6469.62	8989.26	6416.69	8498.45	9498.48
2015	6794.28	9549.32	6739.77	9213.70	10321.01
2016	7109.85	9920.22	7053.86	9563.04	10584.85
2017	7251.92	10232.85	7195.21	9654.53	10862.51
2018	7429.71	10316.06	7372.45	9795.92	11199.18
2019	7824.28	10669.77	7765.07	10408.61	11792.67
2020	8283.66	11074.89	8222.26	10901.07	12288.88
2021	8697.01	11536.48	8633.74	11316.58	12734.84
2022	9177.11	12050.36	9111.49	11907.94	13237.15
2022 नव/Nov	9565.86	12257.49	9498.58	12162.07	13486.20
दिस/Dec	9440.94	12267.10	9373.64	12065.25	13559.00
2023 जन/Jan	9410.32	12316.08	9344.24	12113.66	13715.10
फर/Feb	9395.62	12335.61	9329.54	12123.34	13652.80
मार्च/Mar	9388.28	12345.53	9322.19	12181.43	13580.00
अप्रैल/Apr	9632.00	12541.14	9564.73	12239.51	13694.45
मई/May	9661.39	12580.20	9594.13	12249.20	13840.05
जून/June	9646.70	12757.83	9579.43	12355.69	14319.20
जुला/July	10038.61	13140.99	9968.98	12752.61	14548.10
अग/Aug	10260.29	13071.24	10189.48	12655.80	14454.30
सित/Sep	10053.31	12934.22	9983.68	12442.82	14287.70
अक्त/Oct	9987.17	13022.26	9917.53	12539.63	14152.60
नव/Nov	10068.01	13170.44	9998.38	12549.31	14152.60

N.B.- वार्षिक आंकड़े 12 कैलेंडर महीनों का औसत दर्शाते हैं तथा मासिक आंकड़े 26 दिनों के मानक महीने से संबंधित हैं / Yearly figures indicate average of twelve calendar months and the monthly figures relate to a standard month of 26 days.

तालिका ब.2.1 समाप्त /Table B.2.1 Concl'd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/ Month	दिल्ली Delhi	इंदौर Indore	कानपुर Kanpur	नागपुर Nagpur	सोलापुर Solapur	कोलकाता Kolkata
1	7	8	9	10	11	12
1996	1831.84	1970.78	2078.29	1638.04	1889.84	2099.53
1997	2013.39	2061.69	2243.55	1794.01	1981.08	2229.42
1998	2307.43	2256.09	2553.60	1988.73	2249.74	2452.04
1999	2524.99	2466.82	2743.61	2140.61	2399.14	2728.51
2000	2693.26	2540.94	2750.02	2195.02	2474.53	2796.11
2001	2775.73	2675.21	2839.01	2322.34	2489.57	2964.03
2002	2881.49	2792.85	2931.94	2383.55	2572.85	3292.82
2003	2981.47	2912.04	2995.84	2422.82	2636.12	3347.73
2004	3113.99	2986.63	3112.39	2496.74	2789.17	3478.77
2005	3350.68	3057.48	3279.56	2637.64	2841.65	3599.75
2006	3544.08	3255.16	3592.54	2338.85	2239.55	3797.02
2007	*	3474.05	3833.84	3097.41	*	4097.84
2008	*	3676.41	4062.10	3318.05	*	4420.66
2009	*	3939.07	4487.57	3726.56	*	4775.49
2010	*	4418.29	5238.85	4391.43	*	5362.25
2011	*	4748.82	5731.94	4800.80	*	5755.50
2012	*	5189.95	6104.54	5212.98	*	6134.40
2013	*	5769.71	6741.06	5751.93	*	6783.80
2014	*	6129.88	7303.78	6069.26	*	7478.77
2015	*	6405.52	7695.51	6433.11	*	7854.73
2016	*	6682.63	8210.65	6763.17	*	8239.46
2017	*	6792.15	8270.39	6865.28	*	8370.92
2018	*	7097.20	8960.80	7440.61	*	8720.59
2019	*	7552.92	9908.39	8579.56	*	9128.10
2020	*	8016.88	10542.55	9047.09	*	9565.03
2021	*	8349.80	11196.40	9542.17	*	9811.35
2022	*	8754.86	11875.79	10137.17	*	10509.86
2022 नव/Nov	*	8935.66	12240.96	10301.27	*	10897.27
दिस/Dec	*	9009.48	12277.41	10282.53	*	10897.27
2023 जन/Jan	*	9009.48	12205.86	10345.29	*	10892.09
फर/Feb	*	9009.48	12250.41	10432.41	*	10892.09
मार्च/Mar	*	9035.68	12285.51	10524.22	*	10892.09
अप्रैल/Apr	*	9035.68	12331.41	10547.64	*	10749.81
मई/May	*	9035.68	12393.51	10563.56	*	10749.81
जून/June	*	9169.05	12447.51	10634.75	*	10749.81
जुला/July	*	9169.05	12573.06	10705.01	*	10754.98
अग/Aug	*	9169.05	12833.61	10875.50	*	10754.98
सित/Sep	*	9421.49	12878.16	10962.62	*	10754.98
अक्तू/Oct	*	9421.49	12663.51	10991.66	*	11003.34
नव/Nov	*	9421.49	12708.06	10927.96	*	11003.34

New series on Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers on base 2016=100 has been introduced w.e.f. the index of September 2020.

Centre linking factor on base 2016=100 is: Ahmedabad (2.73), Bangalore (2.75), Vadodara (2.66), Mumbai (2.91), Coimbatore / Chennai (2.50), Delhi (2.82), Indore (2.70), Kanpur (3.15), Nagpur (3.60), Sholapur (3.10) and Kolkata (2.46)

* Earning of Delhi and Sholapur Centres have been discontinued due to closure of Textile Mills.

Source: Monthly returns received from the selected centres.

3. औद्योगिक विवाद/INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES

तालिका ब.3.1 औद्योगिक विवाद (सभी हड़ताल एवं तालाबंदी) 2013 से 2023 की अवधि के दौरान
Table B.3.1- Industrial Disputes (All Strikes and Lockouts) for the period 2013 to 2023

वर्ष/Year	संख्या/Number of		
	विवाद Disputes	विवाद में शामिल श्रमिक Workers Involved	विवाद Disputes
1	2	3	4
2013	258	1838160	12645
2014	287	1158770	11095
2015	150	757850	4912
2016	97	961177	5046
2017	112	762832	5233
2018	86	742968	3150
2019(P)	79	625344	3328
2020(P)	54	603,485	2,482
2021(P)	56	461,706	2,432
2022(P)	39	247,222	1,019
2023(P)(Jan. to Nov.)	42	33,514	508

(P) = अनंतिम एवं 31 दिसम्बर, 2023 तक ब्यूरो में प्राप्त विवरणी/स्पष्टीकरण के आधार पर / Provisional and based on the returns/clarifications received in the Bureau till 31st December, 2023.

.. = उपलब्ध नहीं है / Not available

He who gives away shall have real gain. He who subdues himself shall be free; he shall cease to be a slave of passions. The righteous man casts off evil, and by rooting out lust, bitterness, and illusion do we reach Nirvana.

-Buddha

To run away from trouble is a form of cowardice and, while it is true that the suicide braves death, he does it not for some noble object but to escape some ill.

- Aristotle

Latest publications of the Labour Bureau

1. ANNUAL SURVEY OF INDUSTRIES – Abstract on Employment, Labour Cost, Absenteeism and Labour Turnover

The publication presents statistics on Absenteeism, Labour Turnover, Employment and Labour Cost for the year 2020-21 and is based on Block-A, B and E of Part-I and Part-II of the ASI Schedule.

2. ANNUAL SURVEY OF INDUSTRIES – Abstract on Employment, Labour Cost, Absenteeism and Labour Turnover

The publication presents statistics on Absenteeism, Labour Turnover, Employment and Labour Cost for the year 2021-22 and is based on Block-A, B and E of Part-I and Part-II of the ASI Schedule.

**3. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Four Mining Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Four Mining Industries (Coal Mines, Iron Ore Mines, Manganese Mines and Oil Mines) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-677
120-2018 (DSK-II)

Price : Rs. 483.00

**4. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Nine Engineering Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Nine Engineering Industries (Iron & Steel, Casting & Forgings, Agricultural Implements, Textile Machinery, Machine Tools, Electrical Industrial Machinery, Electrical Apparatus, Boilers and Aluminium) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-683
120-2018 (DSK-II)

Price : Rs. 744.00

All the priced publications brought out by the Labour Bureau can be obtained from the Controller of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi - 110054 by remitting the price in advance. Kindly quote the Symbol number of the publication to facilitate its delivery.

**5. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Nine Manufacturing Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Nine Manufacturing Industries (Sugar, Oils & Fats, Edible Nuts, Tobacco, Paper, Printing/Publishing, Milk Products, Soft Drinks and Plastic Articles Industries) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-684 Price : Rs. 712.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**6. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Ten Engineering Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Ten Engineering Industries (Ship Building, Locomotives, Motor Vehicles, Motor Cycles, Bicycles/Rickshaws, Aircrafts, Domestic Appliances, Televisions, Computers and Watches) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-685 Price : Rs. 605.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**7. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Ten Manufacturing Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Ten Manufacturing Industries (Footwear, Petroleum Refineries, Chemicals & Gases, Fertilizers, Drugs & Medicines, Soaps & Detergents, Match, Glass & Glass Products, Cement and Tyres & Tubes Industry) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-686 Price : Rs. 713.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**8. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Three Plantation Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Three Plantation Industries (Coffee Plantations, Rubber Plantations and Tea Plantations) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-678 Price : Rs. 359.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**9. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Tea Processing Industry)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Tea Processing Industry presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-680 Price : Rs. 301.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**10. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Textile Garments Industry)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Textile Garments Industry presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-682 Price : Rs. 405.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**11. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Five Textile Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Five Textile Industries (Cotton Textiles, Woollen Textiles, Silk Textiles, Synthetic Textiles and Jute Textiles) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-681 Price : Rs. 555.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**12. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Four Service Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Four Service Industries (Electricity Generation & Distribution, Railways, Public Motor Transport and Ports & Docks Industries) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-679 Price : Rs. 393.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**13. RURAL LABOUR ENQUIRY REPORT ON WAGES & EARNINGS OF
RURAL LABOUR HOUSEHOLDS – 2009-2010**

The report contains data on Wages & Earnings of Rural labour Households collected by the National Sample Survey Organisation during its 66th round (2009-2010) of survey. It gives information on Wages & Earnings of Rural as well as Agricultural Labour Households by States and Categories of Households, in the country, for various agricultural occupations. The data is of immense use to the planners, researchers and policy framers.

Symbol: PDLB - 691 Price : Rs. 220.00
250-2017 (DSK-II)

**14. RURAL LABOUR ENQUIRY REPORT ON GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF
RURAL LABOUR HOUSEHOLDS – 2009-2010**

The report contains data on general characteristics of rural labour households, viz., demographic structure of labour households; size of households; land holding pattern of households; and number of agricultural and non-agricultural households, etc.

Symbol: PDLB – 672 Price : Rs. 90.00
250-2016 (DSK-II)

15. RURAL LABOUR ENQUIRY REPORT ON INDEBTEDNESS AMONG RURAL LABOUR HOUSEHOLDS – 2009-2010

The report analyses the magnitude and incidence of indebtedness among rural and agricultural labour households in the country on the basis of the results of data collected by National Sample Survey Organisation during its 66th round (2009-2010) of survey. The data is of immense use to the planners, researchers and policy framers.

Symbol: PDLB – 688 Price : Rs. 230.00
250-2017 (DSK-II)

16. RURAL LABOUR ENQUIRY REPORT ON CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE OF RURAL LABOUR HOUSEHOLDS - 2009-2010

The report presents analysis of data on consumption expenditure of the rural labour households collected by the National Sample Survey Office during the 66th round (2009-10) of the survey. The data is of immense use to the planners, researchers and policy framers.

Symbol: PDLB – 673 Price : Rs. 170.00
250-2016 (DSK-II)

17. RURAL LABOUR ENQUIRY REPORT ON EMPLOYMENT & UNEMPLOYMENT OF RURAL LABOUR HOUSEHOLDS - 2009-2010

The report presents analysis of data on employment & unemployment of rural labour households on the basis of the results of data collected by National Sample Survey Organisation during its 66th round (2009-10) of survey. This report has been brought out in two volumes. Vol.-I presents the main findings whereas Vol.-II contains 'appendices' in which detailed data have been presented. The data is of immense use to the planners, researchers and policy framers.

Symbol: PDLB – 693 Price (per set) : Rs. 525.00
250-2018 (DSK-II)

18. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR AGRICULTURAL AND RURAL LABOURERS (Base: 1986-87=100) ANNUAL REPORT 202-23

This publication contains detailed information on Consumer price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers (Base: 1986-87=100) for the period July, 2021 to June, 2022. These index numbers, and especially the CPI (AL), play an important role in fixing/revising the minimum wages of agricultural workers.

Symbol: PDL – 585
150-2024 (DSK-II)

19. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR INDUSTRIAL WORKERS (2016=100) ANNUAL REPORT 2021

The report contains indices of all 88 centres and All-India at group/sub-group level for January to December, 2021. It also includes serial data for centres and All-India for 2001 series with their linking factors.

20. WAGE RATES IN RURAL INDIA 2022-23 (Agricultural Year)

The publication contains daily wage rate data in respect of agricultural and non-agricultural occupations for the period July, 2020 to June, 2021. The data on wage rates play an important role in the calculation of State/National Income, drawing up and implementation of wage policy as well as in fixation/revision of support prices of agricultural crops.

Symbol: PDLB – 710
150-2023 (DSK-II)

21. TRADE UNIONS IN INDIA 2021

Trade Unions in India is a biennial publication. It presents information in respect of Workers and Employers Unions, on Registered Trade Unions submitting returns by their sex-wise membership. Besides, it also presents data on income and expenditure of Workers as well as Employers Unions.

22. STATISTICAL PROFILE ON WOMEN LABOUR 2014-15

The publication provides comprehensive and recent most statistics on important aspects of Women Labour in India at one place and helps the researchers to study the gender variations in the population, employment, employment services and training, wages/earnings, participation in trade union movement, social security.

Symbol: PDLB -695
70-2019 (DSK-II)

Price : Rs. 215.00

23. REPORT ON MINIMUM WAGES ACT, 1948 FOR THE YEAR 2020

The report covers information on employment added, employments in which the Minimum Wages were fixed for the first time, the Minimum Wages in different scheduled employments prevalent during the year, the range of Minimum Wages, comparative Minimum Wage Rates prevailing in scheduled employments and number of Inspections etc.

24. INDIAN LABOUR YEAR BOOK 2022

The Indian Labour Year Book provides, in a compact volume, a general description of various topics, alongwith the latest available data in the field of labour such as Employment, Wages, Levels of Living and Consumer Price Index Numbers, Industrial Relation, Welfare, Housing, Health, Labour Legislation, Labour Administration etc., alongwith relevant supporting statistics and synopsis of Labour Bureau Publications.

Symbol: PDLB-19-2022
175-2023 (DSK-III)

25. INDIAN LABOUR STATISTICS 2021 (Bilingual)

A bilingual publication containing serial statistics relating to Labour and Labour related matters. It presents data on employment in Factories, Mines, Plantation, Railways, Employment Service and Training, Wages and Earnings, Price Indices, Trade Unions, Industrial Injuries, Absenteeism and Labour Turnover, Social Security, Industrial Disputes and International statistics pertaining to Labour.

Symbol: PDLB -3-2021 (Bilingual)
100-2023 (DSK-III)

26. POCKET BOOK OF LABOUR STATISTICS 2021 (Bilingual)

Pocket Book of Labour Statistics presents in a concise form the principal statistical series in respect of important aspects of labour. These statistics cover data on employment; population and labour force; wages and earnings; Prices; trade unions; industrial disputes; accidents, safety and absenteeism; social security etc. along with brief explanatory notes.

Symbol: PDLB-163.2021 (Bilingual)
100-2023 (DSK-III)

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