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श्रम एवं रोजगार मंत्रालय/MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT
श्रम ब्यूरो/LABOUR BUREAU
चंडीगढ़/CHANDIGARH

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अंशदाताओं के लिए अनुदेश

सामयिक हित के श्रम मामलों पर गैर-विवादास्पद लेख (जैसे श्रम एवं मजदूरी नीति; औद्योगिक संबंध; औद्योगिक प्रबंधन; श्रमिक संघ आंदोलन; श्रम कल्याण; प्रबंधन में श्रमिकों की भागीदारी; रोजगार/बेरोजगारी, अनुभवमूल्य तथा सामान्य हित के श्रमिक शोध आदि) जर्नल में प्रकाशन के लिए स्वीकार किए जाते हैं। लेख जो सामान्य तौर पर दस हजार शब्दों से ज्यादा के न हों को एक सी. डी. में केवल माइक्रोसॉफ्ट वर्ड प्रारूप में एक मुद्रित प्रति के साथ महानिदेशक श्रम ब्यूरो, 'श्रम ब्यूरो भवन', ब्लाक न.2, संस्थागत क्षेत्र, सेक्टर-38 पश्चिम, चंडीगढ़-160036 के नाम, लेखक की इस घोषणा के साथ कि यह लेख न तो पहले प्रकाशित हुआ है और न ही प्रकाशन के लिए अन्यत्र प्रस्तुत किया गया है, भेजे जा सकते हैं। सभी संदर्भ तथा फुटनोट केवल लेख के अंत में दिए जा सकते हैं।

लेखक उनके हस्ताक्षरित लेखों में तथ्यात्मक सटीकता और व्यक्त की गई राय के लिए व्यक्तिगत रूप से जिम्मेदार हैं। श्रम ब्यूरो किसी भी लेख को उपयुक्त नहीं पाए जाने पर अस्वीकार करने तथा लेख को अधिक आकर्षक बनाने के लिए उसके सम्पादन, संशोधन और किसी भी भाग को हटाने का अधिकार रखता है। अस्वीकृत किए गए लेखों को वापस नहीं किया जाएगा तथा संपादकीय समिति द्वारा अस्वीकृत किए गए लेखों पर कोई पत्राचार नहीं किया जाएगा।

पत्रिका जिसमें लेख छपा है की एक प्रति लेखक को भेजी जाती है। प्रत्येक प्रकाशित लेख के लिए नियमानुसार 1000/- रुपये तक का मानदेय भी दिया जाता है।

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ANY REPRODUCTION FROM THIS JOURNAL SHOULD BE SUITABLY ACKNOWLEDGED

इंडियन लेबर जर्नल की सदस्यता एवं वितरण से संबंधित शिकायतें, यदि कोई हो तो, केवल
निम्नलिखित को भेजी जानी चाहिए

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श्रमिक गतिविधियां / LABOUR ACTIVITIES

श्रम स्थिति / LABOUR SITUATION

देश में विभिन्न राज्यों/संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों के संबंध में जनवरी, 2023 से अक्टूबर, 2023 (अनंतिम) महीनों के लिए ब्यूरो में 30 नवम्बर, 2023 तक प्राप्त बंदीओं, छंटनीओं और कामबंदी से संबंधित सूचना निम्न तालिकाओं में प्रस्तुत की गई है -

Information relating to Closures, Retrenchments and Lay-offs in respect of various States/Union Territories in the country from January, 2023 to October, 2023 (Provisional) received in the Bureau up to 30th November, 2023 is presented in the following Tables:-

तालिका / Table-III

जनवरी से अक्टूबर, 2023 के दौरान राज्य-वार छंटनीओं और प्रभावित श्रमिकों (अनंतिम)
State-wise Number of Retrenchments and Workers Affected from
January to October, 2023 (P)

राज्य/संघ शासित प्रदेश States/Union Territories	इकाइयों की संख्या / No. of Units	प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या / No. of Workers Affected
1. असम / Assam	- (1)	- (11)
योग/Total : राज्य क्षेत्र State Sphere	-	-
केंद्रीय क्षेत्र Central Sphere	(1)	(11)
कुल योग Grand Total	1	11

तालिका / Table-IV

जनवरी से अक्टूबर, 2023 के दौरान उद्योग-वार छंटनीओं तथा प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या (अनंतिम)
Industry-wise Number of Retrenchments and Workers Affected from
January to October, 2023 (P)

खंड एनआईसी Section NIC-2008	विवरण/Description	इकाइयों की संख्या / No. of Units	प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या / No. of Workers Affected
M	व्यावसायिक, वैज्ञानिक एवं तकनीकी गतिविधियां/Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities	- (1)	- (1)
	योग/Total : राज्य क्षेत्र State Sphere	-	-
	केंद्रीय क्षेत्र Central Sphere	(1)	(11)
	कुल योग Grand Total	1	11

तालिका / Table-V

जनवरी से अक्टूबर, 2023 के दौरान राज्य-वार कामबंदी करने वाली इकाइयों, उनसे प्रभावित कर्मकारों तथा कार्यदिवस हानि की संख्या (अनंतिम)
State-wise Number of Units Affecting Lay-offs, Workers Laid-off and Mandays Lost from January to October, 2023 (P)

राज्य/संघ शासित प्रदेश State/Union Territory	इकाइयों की संख्या / No. of Units	प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या / No. of Workers Affected	कार्यदिवस की हानि / Mandays Lost
1. राजस्थान / Rajasthan	1 (-)	513 (-)	73359 (-)
2. हिमाचल प्रदेश / Himachal Pradesh	3 (-)	163 (-)	9592 (-)
योग/Total : राज्य क्षेत्र State Sphere	4	676	82951
केंद्रीय क्षेत्र Central Sphere	(-)	(-)	(-)
कुल योग Grand Total	4	676	82951

तालिका / Table- VI

जनवरी से अक्टूबर, 2023 के दौरान उद्योग-वार कामबंदी करने वाली इकाइयों, उनसे प्रभावित कर्मकारों तथा कार्यदिवस हानि की संख्या (अनंतिम)
Industry-wise Number of Units Affecting Lay-offs, Workers Laid-off and Mandays Lost from January to October, 2023 (P)

खंड एनआईसी Section	विवरण/Description	इकाइयों की संख्या/ No. of Units	प्रभावित श्रमिकों की संख्या / No. of Workers Affected	कार्यदिवस की हानि Mandays Lost
NIC-2008				
C	विनिर्माण/Manufacturing	2 (-)	591 (-)	74451 (-)
D	बिजली, गैस, भाप और एयर कंडीशनिंग आपूर्ति / Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	2 (-)	85 (-)	8500 (-)
योग/Total : राज्य क्षेत्र State Sphere		4	676	82951
केंद्रीय क्षेत्र Central Sphere		(-)	(-)	(-)
कुल योग Grand Total		4	676	82951

तालिका/Table-VII

जनवरी से अक्टूबर, 2023 के दौरान माह-वार कामबंदी के कारण कार्यदिवस की हानि का विवरण (अनंतिम)
Month-wise break-up of Mandays Lost due to Lay-offs from January to October, 2023 (P)

महीना/Month	कार्यदिवस की हानि / Mandays Lost
जनवरी/January	14437 (-)
फरवरी/February	13924 (-)
मार्च/March	14437 (-)
अप्रैल/April	14437 (-)
मई/May	12312 (-)
जून/June	12312 (-)
जुलाई/July	1092 (-)
अगस्त/August	- (-)
सितम्बर/September	- (-)
अक्टूबर/October	- (-)
योग/Total : राज्य क्षेत्र State Sphere	82951
केंद्रीय क्षेत्र Central Sphere	(-)
कुल योग Grand Total	82951

जनवरी, 2023 से अक्टूबर, 2023 के दौरान बन्दी का कोई मामला प्राप्त नहीं हुआ है अतः तालिकाएँ I एवं II को प्रस्तुत नहीं किया गया है। No case of Closures has been received for January, 2023 to October, 2023 as such Tables I and II have not been presented.

(P)= अनंतिम/Provisional.

= शून्य/Nil.

Note: (i) कोष्ठकों में दी गई जानकारी केन्द्रीय क्षेत्र से संबंधित है/Information within brackets related to Central Sphere.

(ii) शेष राज्य/संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों के बारे में जानकारी को 'शून्य' या 'रिपोर्ट नहीं किया गया' माना जाए/ Information about remaining States/Union Territories may be treated as either 'NIL' or 'Not reported'.

**जनवरी से अक्टूबर, 2023 के दौरान औद्योगिक विवाद (अनंतिम)
Industrial Disputes from January to October, 2023 (Provisional)**

विभिन्न राज्य के श्रम विभागों / क्षेत्रीय श्रम आयुक्तों (केन्द्रीय) से प्राप्त विवरणी के आधार पर जनवरी से अक्टूबर, 2023 के दौरान औद्योगिक विवादों के कारण हुए कार्य-स्थगन के आंकड़े निम्न तालिकाओं में प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं:

The statistics of work-stoppages due to Industrial Disputes from January to October, 2023 based on the returns received from different State Labour Departments / Regional Labour Commissioners (Central) are presented in the following tables:

उपलब्ध सूचना के अनुसार जनवरी से अक्टूबर, 2023 के दौरान औद्योगिक विवादों के फलस्वरूप हुए कार्यस्थगन के 36 मामले रिपोर्ट किए गए जिसमें 30,303 श्रमिक शामिल थे तथा 425,573 कार्य दिवसों की हानि हुई।

As per available information, 36 Industrial Disputes resulting in work-stoppages were reported during January to October, 2023 in which 30,303 workers were involved and 425,573 mandays lost were reported.

तालिका/Table-VIII

जनवरी से अक्टूबर, 2022 तथा 2023 के दौरान कार्य-स्थगन के कारण कार्यदिवस की हानि / Number of Mandays Lost on Account of Work-stoppages from January to October, 2022 and 2023

महीना/Month	कार्यदिवस की हानि /Number of Mandays Lost on Account of			
	औद्योगिक विवाद / Industrial Disputes		औद्योगिक विवादों के अलावा अन्य कारण / Reasons Other Than Industrial Disputes	
	2022 (P)	2023 (P)	2022 (P)	2023 (P)
1	2	3	4	5
जनवरी / January	50606	65330	66356	42900
फरवरी / February	63480	167614	66446	41016
मार्च / March	389112	16202	75082	45552
अप्रैल / April	53772	11276	72064	41860
मई / May	47665	14088	73336	44356
जून/June	42636	40361	76220	6500
जुलाई/July	46191	34073	70656	6500
अगस्त/August	53780	23367	64684	..
सितम्बर/September	97736	29952	75168	..
अक्टूबर/October	30116	23310	65928	..
योग / Total	875094	425573	705940	228689

(P)= अनंतिम एवं 30 नवम्बर, 2023 तक ब्यूरो में प्राप्त विवरणी/स्पष्टीकरण के आधार पर/Provisional and based on the returns /clarifications received in the Bureau till 30th November, 2023.

..= उपलब्ध नहीं है/Not available.

N.B:- विभिन्न राज्यों/संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों से जानकारी प्राप्त नहीं होने के कारण 2023 के लिए आंकड़े 2022 से तुलनीय नहीं है /

Figures for 2023 are not comparable with those for 2022 due to non-receipt of data from various States / Union Territories.

तालिका/Table-IX

जनवरी से अक्टूबर 2023 में औद्योगिक विवादों के अलावा अन्य कारणों से हुए विवादों सहित भारत में राज्य-वार प्रमुख* औद्योगिक विवाद (अनंतिम)
State-wise Major* Industrial Disputes in India including Industrial Unrest Due to Reasons other than Industrial Disputes from January to October 2023 (P)

राज्य/संघ राज्य क्षेत्र/ क्षेत्र का नाम / प्रभावित प्रतिष्ठानों की संख्या Name of the State / Union Territory / Sphere / Sector / Number of Establishments affected	हड़ताल/ तालाबंदी Strike/ Lockout	कारण/ Cause	शामिल श्रमिकों की संख्या/ No. of Workers involved	हानि हुए कार्यदिवस की संख्या (हजारों में)/ No. of Mandays lost (in 000's)	वेतन हानि (रु. लाखों में)/ Wages lost (Rs. in lakhs)	उत्पादन हानि (रु. लाखों में)/ Production loss (Rs. in Lakhs)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
केंद्रीय क्षेत्र / CENTRAL SPHERE			NIL			
राज्य क्षेत्र / STATE SPHERE						
Tamil Nadu	Strike	Wages and Allowances	680	85680	..	..
One Unit (Private Sector)						
One Unit (Private Sector)	Strike	Wages and Allowances	5000	50000	..	..
One Unit (Private Sector)	Strike	Wages and Allowances	12000	144000	..	..

(P) = अनंतिम और 30 नवम्बर, 2023 तक ब्यूरो में प्राप्त विवरणी/स्पष्टीकरण के आधार पर / Provisional and based on the returns/clarifications received in the Bureau till 30th November, 2023.

.. = उपलब्ध नहीं है / Not available

* = सभी विवाद जिनमें समीक्षाधीन अवधि के दौरान अथवा विवादों के आरंभ से 50000 या अधिक कार्य दिवसों का नुकसान हुआ था को प्रमुख विवादों के रूप में वर्गीकृत किया गया है/ All disputes in which there was a time-loss of 50000 or more mandays during the period under review or since the beginning of the disputes are classified as major disputes.

N.B:- Information in this statement has been given only for those case(s) which has/have been received in the current month sent by different State Labour Departments/Regional Labour Commissioners (Central) in their latest monthly return relating to current year.

संक्षेप में समाचार NEWS IN BRIEF

(अ) (a) भारतीय श्रम INDIAN LABOUR

The news items reported below have been gleaned from various official and unofficial sources. The Labour Bureau is not in a position to vouchsafe the authenticity of the unofficial news items.

National Career Service Center for Differently Abled Hosts Successful Diwali Products Exhibition- The National Career Service Center for Differently Abled in Delhi celebrated the spirit of inclusivity and vocational training by organizing an exhibition featuring Diwali products crafted by differently abled trainees at in Sharam Shakti Bhawan here yesterday. The exhibition was inaugurated by the Ms. Arti Ahuja, Secretary, Ministry of Labour & Employment, Ms. Debashree Mukherjee, Secretary, Department of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation and Shri Atul Kumar Tiwari, Secretary, Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship to promote vocational training and employment opportunities for differently-abled individuals. The exhibition showcased an impressive array of handmade Diwali products, including intricately designed candles, decorative diyas, paintings, and exquisite gift items. The items on display were a testament to the dedication and talent of the trainees who had put their heart and soul into creating these beautiful pieces. The presence of Secretaries of three Ministries under scored the government's commitment to empowering differently-abled individuals through skill development and employment opportunities. The Secretaries praised the trainees for their outstanding craftsmanship and encouraged everyone to support the cause of inclusivity and accessibility in the workforce. The exhibition provided a platform for the trainees to showcase their talents and skills, fostering a sense of pride and self-confidence. Visitors to the event were deeply moved by the creativity and resilience displayed by the differently-abled trainees. The trainees who participated in the exhibition shared their outlook towards life and career. Their determination and valour could be seen in their eyes as they exemplify the true meaning of an independent way of living and self-improvement. All the trainees were very happy and felt encouraged when they got appreciated for their handcrafts. The National Career Service Center for Differently Abled, Delhi aims to continue its mission of empowering differently-abled individuals by providing them with non-formal vocation training and employment support. This successful exhibition is a testament to the potential of these individuals and the opportunities that await them.

(PIB 03.11.2023)

Ministry of Labour and Employment achieves significant milestones on the conclusion of Special Campaign 3.0- The Ministry of Labour and Employment has successfully completed various activities under Special Campaign for Disposal of Pending Matters (SCDPM) 3.0. The campaign, in which the Ministry's Attached, Subordinate, and Autonomous Organizations spread over the country participated with overwhelming enthusiasm, has yielded remarkable results in key areas. Notable Achievements: i) Effective Disposal of Pending Matters: Under the campaign, the Ministry along with its Attached, Subordinate, and Autonomous Organizations have significantly reduced the backlog of following pending matters 102 out of 139 references from MPs have been disposed of 5 out of 12 parliamentary Assurance have been cleared 64 against targeted 37 state Government references have been disposed (172.97 %) 63,364 against targeted 45,284 public grievances have been disposed (139.93 %) 466 against targeted 288 PMO references have been cleared (161.81 %) 3,818 against targeted 3092 Public Grievances Appeals have been disposed (123.48%) On the ground of easing of rules for smooth functioning of work 5 1. rules/process out of target 2 rules/process have been eased. (250%) ii) Efficient Space Utilization: Around 3,00,000 square feet out of targeted 1,75,580 square feet of office and outdoor space has been reclaimed and beautified, contributing to a more pleasant and productive work environment. (172.30%) iii) Files Management: Ministry with its Attached, Subordinate, and Autonomous Organizations has successfully achieved the 100% target in reviewing files and 2,27,354 files are successfully weeded out. Further, 14,610 e-files were reviewed and out of these, 4,330 e-files were closed as part of the Special Campaign 3.0 iv) Revenue Generation: The disposal of scrap and unusable materials has

generated Rs 51,68,091 in revenue. v) Social Media Engagement: Ministry with its Attached, Subordinate, and Autonomous Organizations has been actively engaged on social media widely publicizing the efforts and progress of the ministry. vi) Cleanliness: Cleanliness drive have been conducted on 2,254 sites against targeted 1,618 sites to provide better work environment and in this way to increase the efficiency and better the experience at work place for the employee as well as for the general public. 2. The Campaign activities and progress were reviewed and monitored regularly at the highest level in the ministry and directions were provided by the highest-level officers in the Ministry. 3. Best Practices were also adopted during this Campaign. Glimpse of a few best practices are as follow: a) Awareness generation / mass mobilization / pledge conducted at more than 50 centers under Dattopant Thengadi National Board for Workers Education & Development, b) ESIC Hospital Peenya: Nutrition Education about types of millet and their use in daily diets is being provided to the outpatients visiting the OPD and inpatients referred for diet therapy. A millet-based breakfast is also provided regularly to the inpatients admitted to the hospital. c) ESIC Hospital, Bibvewadi, Pune, Maharashtra: Biomedical Waste Temporary Storage: For Temporary storage of BMW, the segregated storage facility has been created as a part of the best practices.

(PIB 07.11.2023)

ESIC observes National Ayurveda Day (Dhanwantari Jayanti)-2023- The National Ayurveda Day (Dhanwantari Jayanti) – 2023 was observed on 08th November, 2023 at ESIC Headquarters. The function was chaired by Dr. Rajendra Kumar, Director General, ESIC. Dr. Vijay Singh Chauhan, Member, ESI Corporation also graced the function as Chief Guest. During the event, five Ayush specialist doctors from various ESIC hospitals and dispensaries were felicitated by the Director General for their outstanding contribution and service in the field of Ayurveda. Dr. Rajendra Kumar, during the event, said that ayurveda has flourished in the subcontinent and has cured humankind for centuries. Ayurveda provides holistic treatment to the human body & mind and fights the root cause of the diseases. Fortunately, over the years, the research and development in the field of ayurveda which were neglected earlier have gained momentum. The popularity of Ayurveda has also increased in different parts of the world, where many foreign countries are conducting research on the possibility of Ayurveda as an alternate treatment method to the modern medicine. The unparalleled contribution of this ancient science brings satisfaction and positive impacts, yet demands the need to revive its glory through creating awareness and putting in more research into this field. Dr. Vijay Singh Chauhan, also emphasized upon creating an effective awareness on Ayurveda and said that more research in this field has to be put in. He further added that the World Health Organization has also accredited and approved findings & researches done in the field of Ayurveda. The function was also attended by the Financial Commissioner, Chief Vigilance Officer, Insurance Commissioners, Medical Commissioner (Ayush), officers and staff of ESIC Hqrs.

(PIB 09.11.2023)

18.88 lakh new workers enrolled under ESI Scheme in the month of September, 2023- The provisional payroll data of ESIC reveals that 18.88 lakh new employees have been added in the month of September, 2023. Around 22,544 new establishments have been registered and brought under the social security umbrella of the Employees' State Insurance Corporation in the month of September, 2023, thus ensuring more coverage. Data evidently reveal that more jobs have been generated for the youth of the nation as out of the total 18.88 lakh employees added during the month, 9.06 lakh employees up to the age group of 25 years constitute the majority of new registrations which is 47.98 % of the total employees. Gender-wise analysis of payroll data indicates that net enrolment of female members has been 3.51 lakh in September, 2023. The data shows that a total 61 transgender employees have also got registered under ESI Scheme in the month of September, 2023. It shows that ESIC is committed to deliver its benefits to every section of the society. The payroll data is provisional since the data generation is a continuous exercise.

(PIB 15.11.2023)

Shri Bhupender Yadav releases Handbook on Convergence of various organizations under Ministry of Labour & Employment- Union Minister for Labour & Employment and Environment, Forest & Climate Change, Shri Bhupender Yadav released a Handbook on Convergence of various

organizations under Ministry of Labour & Employment here. The handbook consists of Standard Operating Procedures (SoPs) for achieving convergence at the field level through collaborative efforts amongst verticals for information exchange, grievance redressal of workers and creating awareness regarding availability of various services of the Ministry and its Organizations. The function was attended by Ms. Arti Ahuja, Secretary, Labour & Employment and other officers of the Ministry and its Organizations in physical as well as virtual mode. A total number of 2013 officers and officials from field offices of Ministry of Labour & Employment participated in the function through webcast. In his address during the function, Shri Bhupender Yadav emphasised on the need for convergence not only amongst various Ministries/Departments of Government of India, but also amongst Ministry of Labour & Employment and in various organizations, for bringing in a holistic approach towards welfare of the labour in the country. Besides, he also noted that Convergence, in the context of the Ministry of Labour and Employment, is about bringing together various organizations, agencies, and departments that deal with labour and employment-related matters under a unified framework. This synergy is critical to ensuring the efficient and effective delivery of services and benefits to both employers and employees. the Minister also highlighted on some of the key aspects of convergence like streamlining services, holistic approach, effective policy implementation, enhancing labour market information, and harnessing technology and how it can be a game-changer for labour and employment sector. Earlier, a workshop on convergence of field offices of various organizations under Ministry of Labour & Employment was also organized on 31 October, 2023 in New Delhi. As part of the workshop, a training session was scheduled for the selected Regional Heads/In-charge of field offices of all organizations under Ministry of Labour & Employment on the implementation aspects of SOPs.

(PIB 17.11.2023)

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers (CPI-IW) on base 2016=100 and Agricultural and Rural Labourers on base 1986-87=100 for the month of October, 2023

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers- The All-India CPI-IW for October, 2023 increased by 0.9 points and stood at 138.4 (one hundred thirty eight point four). On 1-month percentage change, it increased by 0.65 per cent with respect to previous month compared to increase of 0.91 per cent recorded between corresponding months a year ago. The maximum upward pressure in current index came from Food & Beverages group contributing 0.68 percentage points to the total change. At item level, Wheat, Wheat Atta, Arhar Dal/Tur Dal, Cow milk, Egg Hen, Papaya, Pomegranate/Anar, Arum/Arbi, Brinjal, Capsicum, Carrot, Cauliflower, French beans, Garlic, Lady's Finger, Onion, Peas, Radish, Sugar White, Cumin seed/Jira, Mixed Spices, Cooked Meals, Vada/Idli/Dosa, Bidi, School uniform (Girls/Boys), Leather Sandle, Rubber Chappal, Bus fare, Toilet Soap, Medicine allopathic, etc. are responsible for the rise in index. However, this increase was largely checked by Rice, Fish Fresh, Poultry/Chicken, Mustard oil, Soyabean oil, Apple, Chillies Green, Ginger, Tomato, Cooking Gas (LPG), etc. putting downward pressure on the index. At centre level, Biswanath-Chariali recorded a maximum increase of 4.8 points. Among others, 4 centres recorded increase between 3 to 3.9 points, 4 centres between 2 to 2.9 points, 19 centres between 1 to 1.9 points and 42 centres between 0.1 to 0.9 points. On the contrary, Chennai recorded a maximum decrease of 1.3 point followed by Coonoor and Kolkata with 1.1 points each. Among others, 13 centres recorded decrease between 0.1 to 0.9 points. Rest of two centers index remained stationary. Year-on-year inflation for the month stood at 4.45 per cent compared to 4.72 per cent for the previous month and 6.08 per cent during the corresponding month a year before. Similarly, Food inflation stood at 6.27 per cent against 6.52 per cent of the previous month and 6.52 per cent during the corresponding month a year ago.

(Labour Bureau)

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers- The All India Consumer Price Index Number for Agricultural Labourers (CPI-AL) and Rural Labourers (CPI-RL) (Base: 1986-87=100) for the month of October, 2023 increased by 15 points and 14 points respectively to stand at 1241 (one thousand two hundred and forty-one) and 1251 (one thousand two hundred and fifty-one) points respectively. The major contribution towards the rise in general index of Agricultural Labourers and Rural Labourers came from food group to the extent of 13.20 and 12.48 points respectively mainly due to increase in prices of rice, wheat atta, pulses, vegetables, milk, onion, chillies (green), mixed spices etc.,. There has been an upward trend in the index across all the states. In the case of Agricultural Labourers, it recorded an increase of 1 to 10 points in 5 States, 11 to 20 points in 13 states and an increase of more than 20 points in 2 states. Tamil Nadu with 1427 points topped the index table whereas Himachal Pradesh with 960 points stood at the bottom. In the case of Rural Labourers, it recorded an increase of 1 to 10 points in 5 states, 11 to 20 points in 13 states and an increase of more than 20 points in 2 states. Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu with 1415 points each topped the index table whereas Himachal Pradesh with 1011 points stood at the bottom. Amongst states, the maximum increase was experienced by Jammu & Kashmir for both CPI-AL and CPI-RL (32 and 29 points respectively) mainly due to rise in the prices of rice, wheat atta, onion, kadam saag/spinach, etc. The minimum increase in both the indexes was experienced by Kerala (1 point each). Point to point rate of inflation based on the CPI-AL and CPI-RL stood at 7.08% and 6.92% in October, 2023 compared to 6.70% and 6.55% respectively in September, 2023 and 7.22% and 7.34% respectively during the corresponding month of the previous year. Similarly, food inflation stood at 8.42% and 8.18% in October, 2023 compared to 8.06% and 7.73% respectively in September, 2023 and 7.05% & 7.00% respectively during the corresponding month of the previous year.

(Labour Bureau)

(ब) (b) विदेशी श्रम FOREIGN LABOUR

Asia largely spared from global job cuts, says Barclays CEO Venkatakrisnan- Barclays Plc's chief executive officer plans to spare its Asia business from the bulk of job cuts as the British bank embarks on a reduction in its global workforce. "It is a reduction in workforce generally speaking," CEO C.S. Venkatakrisnan said in a Bloomberg TV interview Thursday in Singapore. "Proportionally, it is far less likely to impact" Asia, he added, citing the growing businesses there. However, he struck a cautious tone on expanding into markets such as China, which has seen diminishing interest from financial services firms in the past year amid the deteriorating geopolitical climate and economic outlook in the world's second-largest economy. Venkatakrisnan said it would be "ambitious" for Barclays to consider expanding into wealth in China at this point in time, and the bank should instead focus on doing better in the UK. Barclays, based in London, reported disappointing third-quarter earnings last month that prompted a fresh slide in the bank's share price. In the UK, the tailwind from higher interest rates is slowing while Barclays' traders couldn't keep pace with US peers. That's adding to pressure on Venkatakrisnan to clarify his strategic priorities for the coming years and bolster the bank's valuation. The bank has said it will provide an investor update alongside full-year results in February and is "evaluating actions to reduce structural costs to help drive future returns, which may result in material additional charges" in the fourth quarter. The bank has been working with consulting firm Boston Consulting Group to examine its strategy, Bloomberg has previously reported. So far, there's been little indication whether there will be any major strategic changes. For now, Barclays is streamlining its portfolio with the sale of a consumer-finance business in Germany and a possible sale of its merchant-acquiring business. Barclays's investment bank is also nearing a deal with AGL Credit Management for a private credit fund, Bloomberg has reported. "There will be some areas where we can become more efficient," he said, adding that more detail would be shared in the new year. Barclays has been selectively expanding in Asia recently after former CEO Jes Staley unleashed a global round of job cuts five years ago that shuttered its cash securities operations across Asia. The bank had then scaled back operations in countries including Australia, South Korea and Malaysia, but kept its prime brokerage and derivatives business in the region. Unlike peers such as UBS Group AG and Citigroup Inc., Barclays currently has a small presence in China and operates through a single branch and a representative office.

(Business Standard 02.11.2023)

China's Slowing Economy Will Hit Sub-Saharan Africa's Growth- China has forged deep economic ties with countries in sub-Saharan Africa over the past 20 years, making it the region's largest single country trading partner. China buys one-fifth of the region's exports—metals, minerals, and fuel—and provides most of the manufactured goods and machinery imported by African countries. However, China's recovery from the pandemic has slowed recently due to a property downturn and aging demand for its manufactured goods as global growth has also slowed. This matters for Africa. A one percentage point decline in China's growth rate could reduce average growth in the region by about 0.25 percentage points within a year, according to the latest Regional Economic Outlook For oil-exporters, such as Angola and Nigeria, the loss could be 0.5 percentage points on average. The ripple effects of China's slowing economy extend to sovereign lending to sub-Saharan Africa, which fell below \$1 billion last year—the lowest level in nearly two decades. The cutback marks a shift away from big ticket infrastructure financing, as several African countries struggle with escalating public debt. Chinese loans to the region rose rapidly in the 2000s, with the country's share of total sub-Saharan African external public debt jumping from less than 2 percent before 2005 to 17 percent by 2021. This makes China the largest bilateral official lender to countries in the region. However, the share of debt owed to China remains relatively small, at just under 6 percent of the region's overall public debt and is mostly owed by five countries—Angola, Cameroon, Kenya, Nigeria, and Zambia. With geoeconomic fragmentation on the rise, sub-Saharan African countries will need to adapt to China's growth slowdown and declining economic engagements by building resilience through increased inter-African trade and by rebuilding buffers, including through tax policy reforms and improvements to revenue administration. Efforts to diversify African economies are also vital to sustain future growth. The strong demand for minerals that support renewable energy development could provide an opportunity for countries to forge new trade relationships and develop more local processing capabilities. Countries can improve their

competitiveness by creating a favorable business environment, investing in infrastructure, and deepening domestic financial markets.

(IMF News 09.11.2023)

Japan's Economy would gain with more women in Science and Technology- Japan has one of the oldest populations globally, with its working-age population shrinking since the late 1990s. Despite that, Japan achieved impressive per capita gross domestic product growth, trailing only the United States, from 2012 to 2019 during "Abenomics"—the combination of monetary stimulus, fiscal flexibility, and structural reform advocated by Prime Minister Shinzō Abe. A major contributor to per capita growth was the rising number of women entering the labor force. The female labor-force participation rate in Japan rose to 74 percent in 2022 from 63 percent in 2012. The new entrants, typically former stay-at-home mothers, were able to rejoin the labor force thanks to enhanced child-care support from the government and improved maternity-leave policies. These additional female workers helped mitigate the country's chronic labor shortage, boosted family income, and fueled the growth engine. However, the upward trend of women's labor-force participation rate is now slowing and will likely plateau soon. Japan is in search of a new growth engine. One oft-suggested solution is to bring in more talent from overseas. Compared with other Group of Seven countries, Japan has the lowest number of foreign workers, accounting for only 2.8 percent of the workforce. The government is implementing policies to attract more skilled workers from abroad but is unlikely to reach the scale that would offset the population decline under the current political environment. To raise output without more workers, Japan must boost the labor productivity of its existing workforce. Our previous analysis of this situation promotes automation and digitalization, but both require STEM, or science, technology, engineering and math, talent that is in short supply in Japan. Our recent research suggests that women in Japan could, again, be the growth engine. Rather than supplying cheap labor, more women should be encouraged to pursue careers in STEM fields. In Japan, only 7 percent of female university students major in STEM, compared with 36 percent of male students; that's also less than comparable countries. Such under-representation reflects various barriers in Japan that exist for women in STEM fields, rather than a lack of female talent. Eliminating those barriers will increase the supply of STEM talent, providing more Japanese workers who are instrumental for automation, digitalization, and innovation. Using a model with STEM talent as the engine for economic growth, our research shows that eliminating the barriers faced by women in such jobs could accelerate productivity growth by 20 percent in Japan. The permanent productivity gains mainly reflect an increase in the number of STEM workers, who will innovate and push the technology frontier. With productivity growing at a faster pace, output and wages will also increase faster, leading to higher consumption and welfare. Although beneficial to the economy as a whole, bridging the gender gap creates winners and losers. Female STEM workers would benefit the most, as, in theory, their income would converge with their male counterparts', conditional on their talent. All non-STEM workers would also benefit from faster productivity growth. On the other hand, male STEM workers could receive lower wages as the total supply of those workers increases. The least talented male STEM workers could even be replaced by female ones. The average welfare of all Japanese workers would rise by about 4 percent, based on our model calculation. Women worldwide face both explicit and implicit pay gaps in STEM fields. Explicit pay gaps can be directly observed in earnings data, all other factors being equal. Such barriers are easier to identify and target with policies. At the same time, women also face implicit pay gaps due to disproportionate family burdens and workplace discrimination. Women disproportionately step back from their careers when they have care-giving responsibilities, as Harvard University's Claudia Goldin, this year's Nobel laureate for economic sciences, documented in her 2021 book, *Career and Family: Women's Century-Long Journey toward Equity*. That reality is responsible in large part for their diverging career paths and earnings gap. The Japanese government is making progress in reducing the explicit pay gap. Recent "framework policies" that require companies to increase the transparency of data about their gender wage gaps are a welcome step. Such disclosure can help the government enforce its "equal pay for equal work" regulation and narrow the gender pay gap. But more needs to be done to eliminate the implicit pay gap in Japan. Work-style reforms and a more flexible labor market are both essential. Labor-market changes in hiring and promotion based on merit, instead of seniority, would improve the returns on STEM education for women. While eliminating barriers for women in STEM may take years, if not

decades, to implement, Japan's policymakers can explore the use of quotas and other policies to correct for gender biases, including in STEM elds. Over time, more talented women will be encouraged to join STEM elds once they can observe other women with successful careers in those occupations. When this happens, women with STEM training will innovate and contribute more to Japan's economic prosperity.

(IMF News 13.11.2023)

Clean technologies are driving job growth in the energy sector, but skills shortages are an increasing concern- The number of jobs in the global energy sector rose in 2022 as growing investment in clean energy technologies drove demand for new workers in every region of the world, according to a new IEA report that offers a benchmark for employment across all energy industries. The second edition of the *World Energy Employment* report, which is published annually, maps energy sector employment by region, fuel, technology, and value chain. The report provides a data-rich foundation for policy makers, industry, labour, and educators to understand the labour-related impacts of clean energy transitions. Global energy employment rose to 67 million people in 2022, an increase of 3.5 million from pre-pandemic levels. More than half of employment growth over this period was in just five sectors: solar PV, wind, electric vehicles (EVs) and batteries, heat pumps, and critical minerals mining. Of the five sectors, solar PV is by far the largest employer, accounting for 4 million jobs, while EVs and batteries were the fastest growing, adding well over 1 million jobs since 2019. Jobs in fossil fuel industries have also seen an increase year-on-year, but the rebound has been more subdued, leaving fossil fuels below pre-pandemic levels, despite oil and gas companies experiencing record revenues in 2022. As a result, clean energy employment represents over half of total energy sector jobs, having overtaken fossil fuels in 2021. The uptick of clean energy jobs occurred in every region of the world, with China, home to the largest energy workforce today, accounting for the largest share of jobs added globally. The expansion of clean energy industries is also generating upstream jobs in critical mineral mining, which added 180 000 jobs in the last three years, highlighting the growing importance of these essential elements in the new energy economy. However, a growing number of energy industries are citing skilled labour shortages as a key barrier to ramping up activity, according to a proprietary survey carried out by the IEA with 160 energy firms globally. The report finds the number of workers pursuing degrees or certifications relevant to energy sector jobs is not keeping pace with growing demand. This is particularly the case for vocational workers like electricians specialised for energy-sector work, as well as professionals in science, technology and engineering. "The unprecedented acceleration that we have seen in clean energy transitions is creating millions of new job opportunities all over the world – but these are not being filled quickly enough," said IEA Executive Director Fatih Birol. "Governments, industry and educational institutions need to put in place programmes to deliver the expertise needed in the energy sector to keep pace with growing demand, particularly to manufacture and build the clean energy projects necessary to meet our energy and climate goals." Around 36% of the world's energy workers are in high-skilled occupations, compared with about 27% for the wider economy. Some fossil fuel companies are retraining workers internally for positions in low-emissions areas to retain talent or to maintain flexibility as needs arise. However, this is not an option everywhere, and ensuring a people-centred and just transition for affected workers must remain a focus for policy makers, especially in the coal sector where employment has been declining consistently for several years, largely due to increasing mechanisation. The increasing demand for workers in clean energy is expected to continue, with the growth in new jobs outweighing declines in fossil fuel roles in all IEA scenarios. In the updated Net Zero Emissions by 2050 Scenario – which provides a global energy sector pathway consistent with limiting global warming to 1.5 °C – 30 million new clean energy jobs are created by 2030, while close to 13 million jobs in fossil fuel-related industries are at risk. This means that around two clean energy jobs would be created for every fossil fuel-related job lost. Energy jobs may not always be in the same location nor require the same skills, meaning policy makers should focus on job training and capacity building to ensure that energy transitions benefit as many people as possible. Workers coming from outside the energy sector will be essential, and with some retraining, many workers today could benefit from higher wages in the energy sector. There is a growing body of policy making that aims to ensure the jobs created offer rising standards for workers, are more inclusive and target energy communities impacted by the transition, an area the IEA is tracking and analysing.

(IEA News 15.11.2023)

Clean energy overtakes fossil fuels in global job market: IEA report- With 35 million jobs worldwide, clean energy has exceeded the number of jobs available in the traditional fossil fuel sector (32 million) for the first time in 2021, as indicated by a global report from the International Energy Agency. Released, the World Energy Employment 2023 report shows that clean energy jobs are steadily maintaining the lead and are also growing at more than 3.6 times the rate of fossil fuel jobs. Clean energy sectors added 4.7 million jobs globally, while fossil fuel jobs recovered more slowly after layoffs in 2020 and remain around 1.3 million below pre-pandemic employment levels, the report said. However, new opportunities in clean energy outweigh job losses in fossil fuels. In India, fossil fuel employment rose above pre-pandemic levels of 2019. On the other hand, the country also saw the fourth-highest number of new clean energy jobs being generated. "India and West Asia were the only major regions to see growth in both clean energy and fossil fuel employment in the 2019-22 period," the report stressed. Overall, India has the third-highest number of workers in the energy space, after China and Asia-Pacific regions. China witnessed both the largest gains in clean energy jobs from 2019-22 and the biggest drop in fossil fuel employment, reflecting the sheer size of its energy sector. More than half of the job growth in clean energy since 2019 is attributable to just five sectors — solar photovoltaic (PV) cell, wind, electric vehicle (EV) and battery manufacturing, heat pump, and critical mineral mining. These five sectors employ around 9 million workers and each has seen more than a 6 per cent annual growth. "Solar PV is the largest of these sectors, at around 4 million jobs, while manufacturing of EVs and their batteries was the largest source of growth, adding globally well over 1 million jobs since 2019. Many of the new jobs are in construction and manufacturing, which represent over half of energy jobs, and grew by 2.6 million jobs since 2019," the report said. The report pointed out that global employment in the coal industry continues to contract, with the total number of jobs down to 6.2 million jobs in 2022. China (51 per cent), India (27 per cent), and Indonesia together account for nearly 85 per cent of all coal supply jobs worldwide in 2022. Coal mining in these three countries is less mechanised than in advanced economies. The report showed China and India require around 10 times more workers per tonne of coal produced than Australia or the US. As labour productivity inevitably rises, Beijing and New Delhi would have to deal with the fallout of the number of jobs going down, the report said. The decline of coal supply employment in China slowed in 2022. However, employment continues to climb slowly in India, "with labour productivity gains partially offsetting rising demand as the sector increasingly opens to private sector players". The report said increased coal production in advanced economies during the energy crisis did not translate into more jobs, though it did momentarily slow the fall in coal employment.

(Business Standard 15.11.2023)

For success of any mission, it is necessary to have creative leadership. Creative leadership is vital for government, non-governmental organisations as well as for industries.

A. P. J. Abdul Kalam

श्रम निर्णय LABOUR DECISION

Professional negligence in the banking sector especially in loan management, carries significant implications.

State Bank of India vs. A.G.D. Reddy

The Supreme Court of India revisited the case concerning disciplinary actions taken by the State Bank of India (SBI) against A.G.D. Reddy, a former Field Officer, who was accused of professional misconduct. The dispute centered on procedural lapses in loan approvals and inspections that occurred during Reddy's tenure at SBI's Mahadevapura Branch.

Key Allegations and Disciplinary Proceedings

1. Primary Charges:

- **Neglect of Loan Inspections:** Reddy allegedly failed to conduct mandatory periodic inspections for loans he had recommended, as required by SBI's operational guidelines.
- **Improper Loan Approvals:** Loans were sanctioned outside the bank's approved jurisdiction without obtaining the necessary permissions.
- **Failure to Secure Collateral:** For a loan sanctioned to M/s Saraswathi Fabricators, Reddy did not secure an equitable mortgage on a property offered as collateral, increasing the bank's risk.

2. Disciplinary Actions:

- SBI initiated disciplinary proceedings against Reddy in 1992, leading to findings of negligence.
- The bank imposed a penalty of reducing his basic pay to the lowest stage in Scale-I, along with treating the suspension period as a punishment.

3. Judicial Challenge:

- Reddy contested the disciplinary actions in the Karnataka High Court, which ruled in his favour, quashing the bank's orders. The High Court held that the findings of guilt were not based on substantive evidence.

Supreme Court Proceedings

1. Bank's Arguments:

- SBI contended that the High Court had exceeded its jurisdiction in interfering with the disciplinary authority's findings.
- The bank argued that there was sufficient evidence in the inquiry report to support the charges, particularly regarding Reddy's failure to secure the collateral and conduct proper inspections.

2. Reddy's Defense:

- Reddy's counsel argued that the inquiry was flawed, relying heavily on the personal opinions of the inquiry officer rather than concrete evidence.
- It was further asserted that Reddy had taken steps to address the missing collateral documentation and that there was no intention to breach bank protocols.

Supreme Court Judgment

1. On Loan Inspections:

- The Court found evidence supporting the claim that Reddy failed to conduct periodic inspections. This failure was deemed significant given the bank's reliance on such practices to monitor financial risks.

2. On Collateral Security:

- The Court highlighted that Reddy's negligence in not ensuring the equitable mortgage of the property for M/s Saraswathi Fabricators resulted in a lack of collateral for the loan. This omission was found to be a clear violation of SBI's guidelines.

3. Judicial Review:

- The Supreme Court reiterated that judicial review of disciplinary actions is limited. Courts should not substitute their judgment for that of the disciplinary authorities.

unless there is evidence of arbitrariness, lack of due process, or findings that are patently perverse.

- It was noted that in this case, the disciplinary authority's findings were based on material evidence, and the High Court erred in overturning them.

Final Outcome

The Supreme Court upheld the disciplinary actions imposed by SBI, reinforcing the validity of the inquiry process and the bank's decision to penalize Reddy. The Court emphasized that professional negligence in the banking sector, especially in loan management, carries significant implications and must be addressed with due seriousness.

(State Bank of India vs A.G.D. Reddy, All India Services Law Journal Vol-144 Part X October 2023 pp. 117-132)

Whether you call it Buddhism or another religion, self-discipline, that's important. Self-discipline with awareness of consequences.

Dalai Lama

श्रम साहित्य LABOUR LITERATURE

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Employment and Unemployment

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सांख्यिकी STATISTICS

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मासिक सांख्यिकी MONTHLY STATISTICS

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खंड अ SECTION A
मासिक सांख्यिकी MONTHLY STATISTICS

Notes

1. Prices and Price Indices

1. 1. Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers

A.1.1.1. Labour Bureau's Series of All India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers (Base: 2016=100) – The All-India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers on Base: 2016=100 (General and Group-wise) along with Linking Factors with previous base: 2001=100 are presented in Table A.1.1.1. The All India Index is a weighted average of 88 constituent centre Indices compiled by the Labour Bureau. The current series of the Index Numbers has been introduced with effect from September, 2020 index replacing the series on base: 2001=100. The All India General Index as well as Group Indices for previous series on base: 2001=100 can be obtained by multiplying the current series indices by the respective Linking Factors. A note on the scope and methods of construction of these index numbers was published in December 2020 issue of the "Indian Labour Journal". The All India Consumer Price Index Number for the month of October, 2023 decreased by 0.9 points with respect to previous month and stood at 138.4 points.

A.1.1.2. Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers in respect of 88 constituent centres on Base: 2016=100 – The Consumer Price Index Numbers for industrial workers on Base: 2016=100 for 88 centres compiled by the Labour Bureau are presented group wise in Table A.1.1.2 for the months of September, 2023 and October, 2023. The Index Numbers measure the extent to which the overall levels of retail prices of goods and services consumed by Industrial Workers has changed when compared with the base period viz., 2016=100. As compared to previous month, At centre level, Biswanath-Chariali recorded a maximum increase of 4.8 points. Among others, 4 centres recorded increase between 3 to 3.9 points, 4 centres between 2 to 2.9 points, 19 centres between 1 to 1.9 points and 42 centres between 0.1 to 0.9 points. On the contrary, Chennai recorded a maximum decrease of 1.3 point followed by Coonoor and Kolkata with 1.1 points each. Among others, 13 centres recorded decrease between 0.1 to 0.9 points. Rest of two centers index remained stationary.

1.2. Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers:

A.1.2.1 (a) and (b). Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers on Base: 1986-87=100 - All-India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers on Base: 1986-87=100 replacing the earlier series on base 1960-61=100 were released with effect from November, 1995. The all-India index is a weighted average of 20 constituent State indices compiled by the Labour Bureau for Agricultural and Rural Labourers separately. A detailed note on the scope and method of construction of these indices was published in February, 1996 issue of the Indian Labour Journal.

The Consumer Price Index Numbers (Base: 1986-87=100) for Agricultural and Rural Labourers for 20 States and All-India are presented group-wise in Tables A.1.2.1 (a) and (b) for the months of September, 2023 and October, 2023. These index numbers measure the extent of change in the retail prices of goods and services consumed by Agricultural and Rural Labourers as compared with the base period viz., 1986-87. The All-India Consumer Price Index Number for Agricultural Labourers and Rural Labourers (Base: 1986-87=100) for the month of October, 2023 increased by 15 & 14 points respectively to stand at 1241 (One thousand two hundred and forty one) and 1251 (One thousand two hundred and fifty one) points respectively.

A.1.2.2 (a) and (b). Monthly Consumer Prices of Selected Articles for Agricultural and Rural Labourers – The monthly consumer prices of selected articles of index basket of agricultural and rural labourers utilized in the compilation of Consumer Price Index Numbers (Base: 1986-87=100) for 20 States separately for Agricultural and Rural Labourers for the month of October, 2023 are given in Tables A.1.2.2. (a) and (b). Though the spatial coverage and the individual sample village price quotations in both the series relating to the Agricultural and Rural Labourers

are the same, the weighted prices of items at the State level will be slightly different from each other due to difference in the regional weights in each of the series.

2. Wages and Earnings

A.2.1 (a) and (b). Average Daily Wage Rates for Agricultural and Non-agricultural occupations- In pursuance of the recommendations of the Technical Working Group on rural retail prices set up by the NSO in 1974, Labour Bureau has been compiling and maintaining average daily wage rate data in respect of agricultural and non-agricultural occupations based on the data collected by the Field Operation Division of National Statistical Office (NSO) from a fixed set of 600 sample villages spread over 66 NSS regions in 20 states. Though these wage rate data have been collected since 1986-87, their regular compilation and dissemination started w.e.f December, 1998. The average daily wage rate data was collected for eleven agricultural and seven non-agricultural occupations till October, 2013. However, following the recommendations of the Working Group constituted by the CSO on advice of the National Statistical Commission (NSC), wage rate data is now being collected for 25 occupations (12 agricultural and 13 non-agricultural). The daily wage rate data received from the field are first normalized for eight working hours a day. The simple arithmetic average of these normalized daily wage rates is worked out for each of the 20 states. The average wage rates at all-India level are derived by dividing the sum total of wages of all the 20 states by the number of quotations. These averages are restricted only to those occupations where the number of quotations are five or more in order to avoid the apparent inconsistency in wages paid to different categories of workers on account of differences in number of quotations. The month-wise average daily wage rates are thus worked out at State level and also at all-India level are released regularly to the users through various sources. State-wise and all-India average daily wage rates by occupation and sex for the month of October, 2023 have been presented in Table A.2.1 (a) for agricultural occupations and Table A.2.1 (b) for non-agricultural occupations.

3. Industrial Dispute

A.3.1. Sector / Sphere-wise Number of Disputes, Workers Involved and Mandays Lost due to Industrial Disputes from January to October, 2023 – These statistics are received in the Bureau from the State Labour Departments and Regional Labour Commissioners (Central) in the prescribed format in the shape of monthly voluntary returns covering State and Central Spheres separately. Information on Strikes and Lockouts is collected by the concerned authorities and sent to the Bureau every month. Consolidated information for the year 2023 (as on 30th November, 2023) is presented in Table A.3.1.

A.3.2. Industrial Disputes (All Strikes and Lockouts) during January to October, 2023 - State-wise scenario of Industrial Disputes from January to October, 2023 is presented in Table A.3.2.

NOTES - 1. Labour Bureau takes every care to ensure correctness of the information presented in Sections A and B of the Journal. However, any error, if noticed, may kindly be brought to the notice of the Labour Bureau.
2. The indices given in Sections A and B measure the relative change in Consumer Prices over time at each Centre and as such these cannot be used for comparison of costliness among the different Centres.

1. कीमतें एवं मूल्य सूचकांक
PRICES AND PRICE INDICES

1.1 औद्योगिक श्रमिक उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक
1.1 Industrial Workers Consumer Price Index

तालिका अ.1.1.1. औद्योगिक श्रमिकों के लिए 2016 = 100 पर आधारित अखिल भारतीय उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक (समूह-वार और सामान्य) की श्रम ब्यूरो की श्रृंखला

Table A.1.1.1. Labour Bureau's Series of All India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers on base 2016=100 (Group-wise and General)

वर्ग / Group	सम्पर्क कारक Linking Factor	सितम्बर/September 2023	अक्तूबर/October 2023
सामान्य सूचकांक / General Index	2.88	137.5	138.4
I खाद्य एवं पेय / Food & Beverages	3.00	140.5	142.3
II पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य / Pan, Supari, Tobacco and Intoxicants	3.19	156.8	157.0
III वस्त्र एवं जूते / Clothing and Footwear	1.98	139.4	139.5
IV आवास / Housing	4.01	125.7	125.7
V ईंधन एवं प्रकाश / Fuel and Light	2.41	161.8	161.7
VI विविध / Miscellaneous	2.25	134.7	135.1

सम्पर्क कारक: वर्तमान श्रृंखला सूचकांक को संबंधित सम्पर्क कारक से गुणा करके आधार 2001 = 100 पर स्थित पिछली श्रृंखला के लिए अखिल भारतीय सामान्य सूचकांक तथा वर्ग सूचकांकों को प्राप्त किया जा सकता है।

Linking Factor: The All-India General Index as well as Group Indices for previous series on base: 2001=100 can be obtained by multiplying the current series indices by the respective Linking Factors.

तालिका अ.1.1.2 - श्रम ब्यूरो की औद्योगिक श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक
Table A.1.1.2 - Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य/संघ राज्य/केन्द्र State/Union Territory/ Centre	सम्पर्क कारक Linking factor for General Index with previous base 2001=100	सामान्य General		खाद्य एवं पेय Food & Beverages	
			सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/Oct. 2023
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
आंध्र प्रदेश ANDHRA PRADESH						
1	गुन्टूर Guntur	2.61	146.4	147.1	145.1	146.5
2	नेल्लोर Nellore	N	136.4	138.0	139.5*	141.7
3	विशाखापत्तनम Vishakhapatnam	2.44	152.1	153.0	136.8	139.5
असम ASSAM						
4	बिस्वानथ-चारियाली Biswanath-Chariali	N	144.2	149.0	137.0	143.6
5	डुमडूमा तिनसुकिया DD Tinsukia	2.38	150.7	151.8	145.1	144.8
6	गुवाहाटी Guwahati	2.42	150.6	152.9	135.3	137.5
7	लबाक सिल्चर Labac-Silchar	2.48	141.9	142.6	138.2	137.2
8	नुमालीगढ़ गोलाघाट Numaligarh-Golaghat	N	145.8	146.0	134.8	135.2
9	सिबसागर Sibsagar	N	147.4	147.2	154.9	154.4
बिहार BIHAR						
10	मुंगेर जमालपुर Munger-Jamalpur	3.16	140.3	142.8	129.1	135.4
11	पटना Patna	N	136.6	138.4	134.1	138.7
चंडीगढ़ CHANDIGARH						
12	चंडीगढ़ Chandigarh	2.79	145.7	145.4	141.9	141.2
छत्तीसगढ़ CHHATTISGARH						
13	भिलाई Bhilai	3.13	127.1	127.4	136.5	133.1
14	कोरबा Korba	N	143.1	144.2	146.2	149.5
15	रायपुर Raipur	N	136.0	136.4	145.9	146.1
दा. न. ह. DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI						
16	दादरा नगर हवेली Dadra & Nagar Haveli	N	129.2	129.8	123.3	124.8
दिल्ली DELHI						
17	दिल्ली Delhi	2.82	131.0	131.5	140.8	142.0
गोवा GOA						
18	गोवा Goa	3.20	130.9	131.3	140.0	141.1
गुजरात GUJARAT						
19	अहमदाबाद Ahmedabad	2.73	134.2	135.3	145.1	148.0
20	भावनगर Bhavnagar	2.84	132.4	132.7	140.7	141.6
21	राजकोट Rajkot	2.90	133.3	132.8	141.0	139.8
22	सूरत Surat	2.64	129.8	130.8	142.8	145.4
23	वड़ोदरा Vadodara	2.66	132.7	134.1	143.8	147.8

* दूसरे दशमलव बिन्दु से राउन्ड हुआ है/Rounded up from second decimal place

श्रृंखला (समूह-वार एवं सामान्य) (आधार 2016 = 100)
Workers (Group-wise & General) (Base 2016=100)

पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य Pan, Supari, Tobacco and Intoxicants		वस्त्र एवं जूते Clothing & Footwear		आवास Housing		ईंधन एवं प्रकाश Fuel & Light		विविध Misc.	
सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/Oct. 2023
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
165.6	165.6	131.0	131.0	107.8	107.8	189.4	189.4	166.7	166.9
147.5	147.5	133.5	138.2	117.8	117.8	167.5*	167.5*	136.7	138.0
219.7	227.1	176.1	176.1	130.8	130.8	195.7	195.7	162.9	162.9
179.3	182.6	127.5	128.3	105.7	105.7	208.0	209.1	137.3	142.3
151.8	153.4	229.9	231.6	126.8	126.8	214.6	214.5*	138.9	144.2
139.3	139.5	119.2	119.2	207.8	207.8	193.9	193.9	130.4	136.2
160.6	159.6	144.8	144.8	102.1	102.1	306.8	331.4	120.0	119.8
172.9	172.9	171.2	171.2	106.5*	106.5*	249.3	249.3	125.3	125.3
181.9	182.0	119.9	119.9	104.2	104.2	227.3	227.3	120.1	120.1
137.5*	137.5*	167.0	167.0	121.3	121.3	185.7	185.7	146.6	146.6
148.3	134.7	146.9	147.2	133.2	133.2	180.2	180.2	132.6	132.6
133.8	133.9	185.3	185.4	153.7	153.7	155.6	155.6	136.0	136.0
172.0	176.9	116.0	117.3	115.3	115.3	164.9	165.4	120.0	122.6
182.7	182.7	153.1	153.1	144.4	144.4	169.6	170.1	133.2	133.5*
187.2	187.2	114.5	114.5	123.4	123.4	149.5	149.5*	130.9	132.0
160.6	165.5*	115.0	115.0	118.8	118.8	164.3	164.3	139.2	139.2
144.1	144.1	157.8	158.4	124.2	124.2	106.6	106.6	124.4	124.6
121.9	122.0	115.1	115.1	121.9	121.9	140.7	140.7	126.4	126.4
118.6	118.6	123.1	123.1	119.6	119.6	173.8	173.8	123.9	123.8
156.8	156.8	115.2	115.2	115.3	115.3	181.8	181.7	121.8	121.7
112.4	116.3	125.3	125.3	114.4	114.4	170.4	170.4	126.9	126.9
109.3	109.3	107.4	107.4	109.9	109.9	166.1	166.1	125.1	125.1
154.8	154.8	111.3	111.3	113.7	113.7	157.4	157.4	131.0	131.0

तालिका अ.1.1.2 जारी / Table A.1.1.2 Contd.

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य/संघ राज्य/केन्द्र State/Union Territory/ Centre	सम्पर्क कारक Linking factor for General Index with previous base 2001=100	सामान्य General		खाद्य एवं पेय Food & Beverages	
			सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/Oct. 2023
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
हरियाणा HARYANA						
24	फरीदाबाद Faridabad	2.57	137.7	137.9	133.0	133.3
25	गुरुग्राम Gurugram	N	142.5	142.9	139.6	144.0
26	यमुनानगर Yamunanagar	2.78	140.0	140.9	141.4	143.7
हिमाचल प्रदेश HIMACHAL PRADESH						
27	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	2.46	132.6	133.0	134.4	135.5*
जम्मू एवं कश्मीर JAMMU & KASHMIR						
28	जम्मू व कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	2.55	143.2	143.9	145.1	146.8
झारखंड JHARKHAND						
29	बोकारो Bokaro	2.78	132.6	134.0	138.6	141.8
30	धनबाद झरिया Dhanbad-Jharia	3.29	143.0	143.8	144.2	146.6
31	जमशेदपुर Jamshedpur	3.24	151.0	150.9	154.5	154.2
32	रामगढ़ Ramgarh	N	138.7	141.7	139.1	146.5*
कर्नाटक KARNATAKA						
33	बेलगाम Belgaum	2.86	139.1	138.8	136.9	135.7
34	बेंगलुरु Bengaluru	2.75	131.8	132.7	140.0	141.9
35	चिकमंगलूर Chikmanglur	N	131.8	132.7	142.8	144.4
36	दवनगिरी Davanagere	N	144.2	144.8	146.9	144.7
37	हुबली-धारवाड़ Hubli-Dharwar	3.10	134.4	135.4	136.1	138.8
38	मरकारा कोडागु Mercara-Kodagu	2.97	133.6	135.3	136.3	141.3
39	मैसूर Mysore	2.92	138.1	138.6	144.7	146.3
केरल KERALA						
40	एरनाकुलम/अलवाई Ernakulam/Alwaye	2.84	137.9	138.4	136.8	136.2
41	इदुकी Idukki	N	140.8	140.6	139.0	138.1
42	कोललम Kollam	3.21	136.7	136.8	132.2	132.2
मध्यप्रदेश MADHYA PRADESH						
43	भोपाल Bhopal	3.11	135.1	135.2	144.9	145.1
44	छिंदवाड़ा Chhindwara	2.94	136.5*	137.4	142.4	143.4
45	इन्दौर Indore	2.70	130.4	131.1	138.3	140.1
46	जबलपुर Jabalpur	3.00	140.0	140.4	137.5*	138.8

* दूसरे दशमलव बिन्दु से राउन्ड हुआ है/Rounded up from second decimal place

पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य Pan, Supari, Tobacco and Intoxicants		वस्त्र एवं जूते Clothing & Footwear		आवास Housing		ईंधन एवं प्रकाश Fuel & Light		विविध Misc.	
सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/Oct. 2023
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
167.2	167.2	135.1	135.1	129.9	129.9	141.2	141.2	149.3	149.3
133.2	133.5	143.5*	143.7	133.7	133.7	172.4	146.6	147.0	147.3
171.4	171.4	170.0	170.0	133.4	133.4	121.2	121.2	140.8	140.9
161.3	161.3	126.7	125.7	131.1	131.1	127.4	127.4	130.9	130.9
152.9	152.9	118.0	118.1	143.0	143.0	157.3	157.3	142.6	142.7
176.2	176.2	138.4	141.3	127.0	127.0	132.4	132.4	125.8	125.8
178.3	178.3	158.2	158.2	163.4	163.4	126.1	126.1	133.8	133.8
432.8	432.8	154.4	154.4	156.8	156.8	93.9	93.9	147.2	147.2
179.7	179.7	147.2	147.2	151.4	151.4	116.9	116.9	131.2	131.0
150.4	151.5	137.3	139.0	147.2	147.2	183.4	183.4	130.3	130.7
148.8	149.2	133.6	134.1	119.4	119.4	202.1	202.1	121.5*	122.1
174.1	174.1	117.3	119.6	109.6	109.6	182.1	182.1	120.0	120.0
163.2	163.2	142.3	145.3	129.9	129.9	206.9	206.9	135.9	140.7
169.5	169.1	156.1	156.1	116.3	116.3	180.6	180.6	129.5*	129.5*
155.9	148.8	130.3	130.3	114.0	114.0	190.5*	190.5*	124.8	124.8
174.4	174.4	147.9	147.9	117.3	117.3	187.9	187.9	136.2	136.2
142.2	142.2	145.0	148.7	127.2	127.2	172.3	173.1	140.8	142.2
153.1	153.1	127.6	127.6	102.9	102.9	159.1	161.5*	155.8	155.8
172.7	171.4	185.2	185.2	118.2	118.2	165.8	167.8	137.7	137.7
201.8	201.8	131.3	131.3	122.5	122.5	161.7	161.7	127.6	127.6
145.3	148.7	143.5*	143.5*	119.7	119.7	162.1	167.7	128.2	128.2
141.4	141.4	112.0	112.0	117.6	117.6	168.0	168.0	123.0	123.0
156.9	156.9	121.8	121.8	138.5	138.5	167.4	167.4	141.1	141.1

तालिका अ.1.1.2 जारी / Table A.1.1.2 Contd.

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य/संघ राज्य/केन्द्र State/Union Territory/ Centre	सम्पर्क कारक Linking factor for General Index with previous base 2001=100	सामान्य General		खाद्य एवं पेय Food & Beverages	
			सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
महाराष्ट्र MAHARASHTRA						
47	मुम्बई Mumbai	2.91	128.2	129.2	135.2	137.6
48	नागपुर Nagpur	3.60	136.9	137.6	132.3	134.3
49	नासिक Nasik	3.42	131.5	132.2	140.9	142.5*
50	पुणे Pune	3.22	125.0	128.1	129.8	135.9
51	शोलापुर Solapur	3.10	142.9	142.9	139.5*	139.4
52	ठाणे Thane	N	127.2	128.0	131.2	133.4
मेघालय MEGHALAYA						
53	शिलांग Shillong	N	148.6	149.0	143.2	144.0
ओडिशा ODISHA						
54	अंगुल-तलचर Angul-Talcher	2.88	149.7	150.6	155.7	157.6
55	कटक Cuttack	N	151.5	151.1	142.4	141.3
56	क्योंझर Keonjhar	N	145.3	145.6	150.4	151.0
पुडुचेरी PUDUCHERRY						
57	पुडुचेरी Puducherry	2.88	153.6	153.3	155.7	153.5*
पंजाब PUNJAB						
58	अमृतसर Amritsar	2.98	135.8	135.7	152.4	152.1
59	जालंधर Jalandhar	2.84	144.4	144.7	152.6	153.2
60	लुधियाना Ludhiana	2.62	143.6	146.8	148.0	155.1
61	संगरूर Sangrur	N	137.6	138.4	159.4	161.1
राजस्थान RAJASTHAN						
62	अलवर Alwar	N	126.1	127.5	133.2	136.5*
63	भीलवाड़ा Bhilwara	2.71	130.5*	131.5*	135.2	137.1
64	जयपुर Jaipur	2.89	123.4	124.2	141.3	143.6
तमिलनाडु TAMIL NADU						
65	चेन्नई Chennai	2.50	137.4	136.1	153.8	151.6
66	कोयम्बटूर Coimbatore	2.60	138.6	138.0	157.2	155.9
67	कुन्नूर Coonoor	2.96	137.2	136.1	153.6	151.0
68	मदुरई Madurai	2.69	138.1	139.5	139.2	140.1
69	सेलम Salem	2.69	132.0	135.4	135.1	142.4
70	तिरुनेल्वेलि Tirunelveli	N	148.0	149.0	149.7	152.0
71	विरुधु नगर Virudhu Nagar	N	140.7	143.1	142.0	145.6

* दूसरे दशमलव बिन्दु से राउन्ड हुआ है/Rounded up from second decimal place

पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य Pan. Supari, Tobacco and Intoxicants		वस्त्र एवं जूते Clothing & Footwear		आवास Housing		ईंधन एवं प्रकाश Fuel & Light		विविध Misc.	
सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्तूबर/ Oct. 2023
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
142.8	143.2	128.6	129.7	121.3	121.3	170.4	170.4	115.3	115.6
155.7	155.7	135.4	135.4	144.4	144.4	179.9	179.9	127.2	127.2
137.8	137.8	149.6	149.6	120.8	120.8	180.5	180.5	114.4	114.4
161.4	167.7	103.6	106.6	111.2	111.2	190.3	190.8	122.7	124.9
144.3	144.3	139.4	139.4	159.1	159.1	183.4	183.4	127.8	127.8
139.8	139.8	134.7	134.7	113.8	113.8	160.9	160.9	122.6	122.6
133.9	133.9	145.9	145.9	137.0	137.0	161.5	161.5	162.5*	162.4
144.0	144.0	159.2	157.1	149.3	149.3	168.5	170.9	137.7	137.9
174.9	174.9	159.9	159.9	144.9	144.9	191.4	191.4	158.2	158.2
155.1	155.1	127.9	127.9	132.6	132.6	188.3	188.3	138.5	138.5
165.8	165.8	164.5	173.3	112.8	112.8	209.6	209.6	158.9	159.5*
126.9	126.9	146.6	146.6	126.6	126.6	83.1	83.1	132.3	132.3
117.4	117.4	203.0	203.0	128.8	128.8	86.9	86.9	151.1	151.1
160.3	160.3	157.0	157.9	143.0	143.0	101.6	101.6	144.3	144.0
146.5	146.5	134.1	134.1	117.4	117.4	80.2	80.2	141.9	142.0
142.7	142.7	123.0	123.0	114.1	114.1	118.8	118.8	125.1	125.1
139.5	139.5	134.3	134.9	117.3	117.3	95.7	95.7	136.0	136.5
117.7	117.7	136.3	136.3	116.8	116.8	73.7	73.7	119.0	119.0
152.2	152.2	123.3	123.0	106.4	106.4	133.8	133.8	140.5*	139.0
142.5*	142.5*	131.6	131.6	109.4	109.4	181.1	181.1	128.6	128.6
147.9	147.6	136.4	137.0	105.5*	105.5*	142.4	142.4	125.9	125.9
149.8	149.8	133.8	137.5*	112.1	112.1	172.4	173.1	142.7	145.5
143.3	143.3	135.8	136.2	125.8	125.8	164.0	164.0	124.8	125.4
116.9	116.9	174.9	173.8	110.1	110.1	191.5	191.5	161.7	161.9
158.5	158.5	144.2	154.1	117.2	117.2	169.2	169.2	137.3	137.3

तालिका अ.1.1.2 समाप्त / Table A.1.1.2 Concl'd.

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य/संघ राज्य/केन्द्र State/Union Territory/ Centre	सम्पर्क कारक Linking factor for General Index with previous base 2001=100	सामान्य General		खाद्य एवं पेय Food & Beverages	
			सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
तेलंगाना TELANGANA						
72	हैदराबाद Hyderabad	2.44	136.5	137.5	138.4	141.0
73	मांचेरीआल Mancheriyal	N	149.2	150.5*	148.0	150.3
74	वारंगल Warangal	2.97	144.8	145.5	146.9	145.6
त्रिपुरा TRIPURA						
75	त्रिपुरा Tripura	2.43	140.7	140.4	133.8	132.9
उत्तर प्रदेश UTTAR PRADESH						
76	आगरा Agra	3.33	142.4	142.7	144.8	145.5
77	गाजियाबाद/गौ. बु. न. Ghaziabad/G.B. Nagar	3.00	141.1	142.4	140.4	143.8
78	कानपुर Kanpur	3.15	139.9	140.4	139.4	140.9
79	लखनऊ Lucknow	3.05	144.9	145.6	142.5	144.1
80	वाराणसी Varanasi	3.03	138.3	138.5*	130.8	131.3
उत्तराखंड UTTARAKHAND						
81	उधम सिंह नगर Udham Singh Nagar	N	145.9	145.9	136.5	136.5
पश्चिम बंगाल WEST BENGAL						
82	दार्जिलिंग Darjeeling	2.53	126.8	126.9	133.6	131.4
83	दुर्गापुर Durgapur	2.92	139.3	141.3	153.8	158.5*
84	हल्दिया Haldia	3.55	127.4	127.1	136.0	135.0
85	हावड़ा Howrah	2.58	140.6	140.8	136.5	136.9
86	जलपाईगुड़ी Jalpaiguri	2.52	139.9	140.2	149.6	150.4
87	कोलकाता Kolkata	2.46	140.8	141.6	130.0	131.9
88	रानीगंज Raniganj	2.57	141.8	143.2	136.0	136.2

* दूसरे दशमलव बिन्दु से राउन्ड हुआ है / Rounded up from second decimal place

पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य Pan. Supari, Tobacco and Intoxicants		वस्त्र एवं जूते Clothing & Footwear		आवास Housing		ईंधन एवं प्रकाश Fuel & Light		विविध Misc.	
सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023	सितम्बर/ Sept. 2023	अक्टूबर/ Oct. 2023
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
190.2	190.2	153.9	153.9	116.5	116.5	185.5*	185.5*	132.6	132.6
147.7	145.7	153.8	153.8	115.8	115.8	160.4	155.9	155.2	157.1
147.8	144.6	145.1	145.4	104.0	104.0	171.3	171.2	155.5*	159.1
168.3	168.3	123.2	123.2	110.3	110.3	221.8	224.7	130.9	130.9
122.0	122.0	123.9	123.9	134.3	134.3	158.8	158.8	144.4	144.4
119.7	119.7	142.8	142.8	146.9	146.9	170.2	170.2	131.9	131.5
137.5	137.5	158.0	158.0	144.1	144.1	157.8	157.8	131.9	131.9
122.4	122.4	137.9	137.9	139.3	139.3	160.2	160.2	150.4	150.4
146.0	146.0	159.9	159.9	151.4	151.4	180.8	180.8	129.4	129.4
162.8	162.8	131.3	131.3	144.8	144.8	179.4	179.4	152.4	152.4
213.6	257.1	117.4	123.2	111.1	111.1	126.3	125.3	122.0	124.1
163.2	167.5	147.0	149.2	125.9	125.9	152.8	152.8	123.4	123.4
151.1	151.1	111.9	111.9	130.9	130.9	151.0	151.0	114.6	114.6
155.5	155.5	114.1	114.1	145.2	145.2	201.3	201.3	130.8	130.8
235.7	235.7	129.6	129.6	106.5	106.5	140.8	140.8	153.2	152.3
180.9	181.4	127.1	127.6	170.8	170.8	201.5	201.5	121.9	121.8
154.9	155.6	120.3	120.4	141.5	141.5	157.4	157.4	147.9	151.0

N- आधार 2016=100 पर नई श्रृंखला में नया केन्द्र /New Centre in the New Series on base: 2016=100.

1.2 कृषि और ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक

1.2 Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers

तालिका अ.1.2.1 (अ) - श्रम ब्यूरो की कृषि श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक की श्रृंखला

Table A.1.2.1 (a) - Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural

क्र. सं. Sl.N o.	राज्य State	सामान्य सूचकांक हेतु सम्पर्क कारक Linking factor for General Index ^a	सामान्य सूचकांक General Index		खाद्य सूचकांक Food Index	
			September सितम्बर –	October अक्टूबर–	September सितम्बर –	October अक्टूबर –
			2023	2023	2023	2023
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	4.84	1400	1416	1384	1404
2	असम Assam	b	1101	1115	1029	1044
3	बिहार Bihar	6.22	1042	1055	909	925
4	गुजरात Gujarat	5.34	1270	1289	1257	1283
5	हरियाणा Haryana	*	1323	1332	1350	1363
6	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	*	949	960	974	989
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	5.98	1151	1183	1147	1191
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	5.81	1385	1403	1388	1412
9	केरल Kerala	6.56	1236	1237	1207	1210
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	6.04	1100	1112	1031	1045
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	5.85	1359	1375	1397	1422
12	मणिपुर Manipur	*	1110	1112	977	980
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	*	1215	1234	1145	1169
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	6.05	1047	1063	897	917
15	पंजाब Punjab	c	1293	1308	1352	1371
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	6.15	1297	1306	1304	1316
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	5.67	1413	1427	1298	1318
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	*	1001	1021	1013	1041
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	6.60	1078	1083	1083	1089
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	5.73	1077	1103	952	984
अखिल भारत All-India		5.89	1226	1241	1166	1185

a = पुराने आधार (1960-61) के दिए गए माह के लिए सूचकांक को संबंधित सम्पर्क कारकों से उस माह के नए आधार (1986-87) के सूचकांक को गुणा करके प्राप्त किया जा सकता है जोकि केवल कृषि श्रमिकों पर लागू है / The indices for a given month of old base (1960-61) can be obtained by multiplying the index number of new base (1986-87) of that month by the relevant linking factors which are applicable to Agricultural Labourers only.

(समूह-वार एवं सामान्य) (आधार: 1986-87 = 100)

Labourers (Group-wise and General) (Base: 1986-87=100)

पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य सूचकांक Pan, Supari, Tobacco & Intoxicants Index		ईंधन एवं प्रकाश सूचकांक Fuel & Light Index		कपड़े, बिस्तरे एवं जूते सूचकांक Clothing, Bedding & Footwear Index		विविध सूचकांक Miscellaneous Index		क्र. सं. S.No.
September सितम्बर – 2023	October अक्टूबर – 2023	September सितम्बर – 2023	October अक्टूबर – 2023	September सितम्बर – 2023	October अक्टूबर – 2023	September सितम्बर – 2023	October अक्टूबर – 2023	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	1
2107	2130	1088	1081	1385	1393	1413	1420	1
1732	1763	1333	1338	1206	1211	1007	1013	2
1435	1434	1832	1841	1464	1466	1131	1134	3
2035	2035	1372	1372	1091	1095	1157	1160	4
1570	1570	1737	1729	1371	1369	918	929	5
1584	1583	559	559	868	870	1094	1096	6
1947	1954	948	948	1142	1144	1304	1305	7
2302	2322	950	954	1146	1147	1501	1506	8
2327	2305	1151	1139	1055	1058	1172	1177	9
1893	1895	1403	1406	1160	1173	1046	1045	10
1861	1861	1255	1246	1090	1090	1293	1293	11
2392	2392	1946	1948	1131	1131	853	853	12
1267	1268	1698	1702	1262	1290	1292	1294	13
1844	1832	1846	1844	1481	1486	1208	1222	14
1836	1841	1386	1395	1206	1215	985	992	15
2057	2055	1169	1176	1261	1268	1164	1164	16
2595	2589	1304	1304	1246	1252	1781	1786	17
1315	1237	1125	1126	1011	1041	788	789	18
1607	1610	987	997	1130	1134	975	975	19
1875	1877	1290	1294	1693	1710	1480	1479	20
2004	2009	1307	1308	1261	1266	1274	1277	

b & c = असम तथा पंजाब के लिए सम्पर्क कारकों को प्राप्त करने हेतु कृपया इंडियन लेबर जर्नल का फरवरी, 1996 अंक में प्रकाशित लेख देखें / To obtain linking factors for Assam and Punjab, please refer article in February, 1996 issue of the Indian Labour Journal.

* = सूचकांकों को पहली बार नवंबर, 1995 से संकलित एवं प्रकाशित किया गया / Indices compiled and published for the first time w.e.f. November, 1995.

तालिका अ.1.2.1 (ब) - श्रम ब्यूरो की ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक की श्रृंखला
Table A.1.2.1 (b) – Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Rural

क्र. सं. Sl.No.	राज्य State	सामान्य सूचकांक General Index		खाद्य सूचकांक Food Index		पान, सुपारी, तम्बाकू एवं मादक द्रव्य सूचकांक Pan, Supari, Tobacco & Intoxicants Index	
		September सितम्बर – 2023	October अक्टूबर – 2023	September सितम्बर – 2023	October अक्टूबर – 2023	September सितम्बर – 2023	October अक्टूबर – 2023
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	1400	1415	1382	1402	2104	2126
2	असम Assam	1123	1136	1060	1073	1705	1737
3	बिहार Bihar	1052	1065	907	923	1452	1451
4	गुजरात Gujarat	1272	1290	1265	1290	2007	2007
5	हरियाणा Haryana	1321	1330	1362	1375	1656	1658
6	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	1000	1011	1022	1038	1751	1752
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	1168	1197	1147	1187	2118	2124
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	1379	1397	1368	1393	2317	2338
9	केरल Kerala	1243	1244	1205	1209	2323	2300
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	1145	1161	1036	1051	1883	1884
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	1361	1376	1372	1396	1876	1876
12	मणिपुर Manipur	1118	1120	980	982	2386	2386
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	1203	1221	1136	1161	1279	1279
14	ओडिशा Odisha	1050	1067	901	921	1847	1837
15	पंजाब Punjab	1306	1319	1353	1372	1800	1806
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	1273	1282	1284	1296	2011	2009
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	1400	1415	1307	1327	2624	2619
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	1034	1054	1017	1045	1342	1270
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	1084	1089	1086	1091	1585	1588
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	1098	1123	958	990	1878	1881
अखिल भारत All-India		1237	1251	1171	1190	2014	2019

(समूहवार और सामान्य) (आधार: 1986-87 = 100)

Labourers (Group wise and General) (Base: 1986-87=100)

ईंधन एवं प्रकाश सूचकांक Fuel & Light Index		कपड़े, बिस्तरे एवं जूते सूचकांक Clothing, Bedding & Footwear Index		विविध सूचकांक Miscellaneous Index		क्र. सं. Sl.No.
September सितम्बर – 2023	October अक्टूबर – 2023	September सितम्बर – 2023	October अक्टूबर – 2023	September सितम्बर – 2023	October अक्टूबर – 2023	
9	10	11	12	13	14	1
1079	1072	1379	1387	1423	1430	1
1350	1355	1200	1204	983	989	2
1834	1842	1446	1446	1143	1146	3
1376	1376	1112	1116	1152	1155	4
1734	1726	1273	1272	915	926	5
579	579	1014	1015	1023	1025	6
950	950	1294	1299	1216	1217	7
959	962	1180	1178	1570	1575	8
1144	1132	1109	1112	1230	1235	9
1406	1410	1400	1441	1090	1089	10
1263	1254	1281	1283	1320	1326	11
1951	1953	1156	1156	838	838	12
1695	1699	1100	1107	1310	1311	13
1847	1844	1448	1453	1207	1222	14
1376	1386	1302	1306	991	998	15
1152	1157	1220	1227	1155	1156	16
1292	1292	1197	1206	1603	1607	17
1099	1099	991	1017	1028	1029	18
987	998	1233	1235	922	922	19
1343	1344	1676	1689	1492	1491	20
1299	1299	1307	1315	1278	1282	

तालिका अ.1.2.2 (अ) कृषि श्रमिकों के लिए चयनित वस्तुओं की राज्य-वार मासिक उपभोक्ता
Table A.1.2.2 (a) - State-wise monthly consumer prices of selected articles of Agricultural

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	मद Item	इकाई Unit	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	असम Assam	बिहार Bihar	गुजरात Gujarat
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.	चावल Rice	Kg.	23.53	20.21	13.55	6.25
2.	आटा Wheat:		-	-		-
	(अ) (a) गेहूँ साबुत Wheat Whole	Kg.	-	-	4.12	2.00
	(ब) (b) गेहूँ आटा Wheat Atta	Kg.	-	38.06	29.44	36.33
3.	ज्वार Jowar	Kg.	46.46	-	-	-
4.	बाजरा Bajra:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत बाजरा Bajra whole	Kg.	33.73	-	-	28.86
	(ब) (b) बाजरे का आटा Bajra Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	31.08
5.	मक्का Maize:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत मक्का Maize whole	Kg.	-	-	23.17	27.51
	(ब) (b) मक्के का आटा Maize Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	44.04
6.	रागी Ragi	Kg.	39.54	-	-	-
7.	अरहर दाल Arhar Dal	Kg.	164.68	144.37	157.52	148.02
8.	मूँगफली का तेल Groundnut Oil	Litre	163.78	-	-	198.91
9.	सरसों का तेल Mustard Oil	Litre	-	164.46	132.04	
10.	बक्रे/भेड़ का मांस Goat Meat/ Mutton	Kg.	687.80	655.29	651.95	538.24
11.	ताजा मछली Fish Fresh	Kg.	180.83	475.06	220.21	169.43
12.	दूध Milk	Litre	54.81	63.38	47.62	61.18
13.	प्याज Onion	Kg.	36.40	46.66	38.86	36.02
14.	सूखी मिर्च Chillies Dry	100 Gms.	30.00	32.91	28.20	36.92
15.	आलू Potato	Kg.	31.04	25.84	19.44	25.07
16.	चीनी Sugar	Kg.	34.04	45.62	43.84	37.20
17.	गुड़ Gur	Kg.	54.18	67.76	50.64	55.15
18.	चाय पत्ती Tea Leaf	100 Gms.	73.75	27.94	35.11	31.29
19.	जलाऊ लकड़ी Firewood	40 Kg.	192.04	184.36	338.71	198.91
20.	मिट्टी का तेल Kerosene Oil	Litre	21.05	61.24	75.19	63.58

कीमतें अक्टूबर, 2023 माह के लिए

Labourers for the month of October, 2023

हरियाणा Haryana	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	कर्नाटक Karnataka	केरल Kerala	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	क्र. सं. Sl. No.
8	9	10	11	12	13	1
35.88	26.71	31.56	9.98	31.61	17.95	1.
-	-	-	-	-	-	2.
-	-	-	-	2.91	12.05	(अ) (a)
27.20	11.53	32.14	45.98	52.90	30.38	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	36.59	-	29.53	3.
-	-	-	-	-	-	4.
-	-	-	-	-	-	(अ) (a)
26.50	-	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	-	-	-	5.
27.00	-	26.71	-	-	24.34	(अ) (a)
-	26.00	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	34.25	-	-	6.
151.76	145.00	-	169.14	149.87	161.76	7.
-	-	-	151.84	-	189.70	8.
119.79	150.56	148.44	-	-	128.96	9.
595.42	510.00	586.63	637.77	729.72	559.14	10.
190.00	170.00	275.00	247.39	128.65	182.82	11.
66.13	52.89	45.77	45.65	55.95	50.53	12.
41.69	36.67	41.33	38.12	85.52	34.88	13.
37.56	38.00	46.45	30.66	31.80	29.75	14.
22.38	29.44	29.27	29.84	35.32	21.58	15.
15.37	25.52	47.20	43.39	42.18	36.71	16.
50.02	49.44	55.00	50.41	56.45	47.99	17.
31.27	32.22	45.80	40.99	24.46	27.93	18.
358.20	N.A.	309.98	133.27	179.09	220.16	19.
16.42	28.35	14.46	31.92	48.48	63.46	20.

तालिका अ.1.2.2 (अ) समाप्त / Table A.1.2.2 (a) Concl'd.

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	मद Item	इकाई Unit	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	मणिपुर Manipur	मेघालय Meghalaya	ओड़िशा Odisha
1	2	3	14	15	16	17
1.	चावल Rice	Kg.	11.77	21.78	18.84	20.95
2.	आटा Wheat:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) गेहूँ साबुत Wheat Whole	Kg.	7.01	-	-	-
	(ब) (b) गेहूँ आटा Wheat Atta	Kg.	-	-	34.78	10.31
3.	ज्वार Jowar	Kg.	34.55	-	-	-
4.	बाजरा Bajra:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत बाजरा Bajra whole	Kg.	29.21	-	-	-
	(ब) (b) बाजरे का आटा Bajra Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	-
5.	मक्का Maize:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत मक्का Maize whole	Kg.	-	-	-	-
	(ब) (b) मक्के का आटा Maize Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	-
6.	रागी Ragi	Kg.	-	-	-	35.55
7.	अरहर दाल Arhar Dal	Kg.	156.44	138.75	115.00	158.38
8.	मूँगफली का तेल Groundnut Oil	Litre	166.37	-	-	89.74
9.	सरसों का तेल Mustard Oil	Litre	-	200.78	173.33	134.64
10.	बकरे/भेड़ का मांस Goat Meat/ Mutton	Kg.	628.38	-	-	697.26
11.	ताजा मछली Fish Fresh	Kg.	282.92	300.00	236.67	182.94
12.	दूध Milk	Litre	61.38	59.44	73.33	44.40
13.	प्याज Onion	Kg.	27.99	47.89	41.00	37.89
14.	सूखी मिर्च Chillies Dry	100 Gms.	30.92	30.11	27.22	29.99
15.	आलू Potato	Kg.	24.68	31.67	31.00	19.14
16.	चीनी Sugar	Kg.	25.47	56.67	47.44	44.09
17.	गुड़ Gur	Kg.	32.26	-	-	47.71
18.	चाय पत्ती Tea Leaf	100 Gms.	32.12	24.00	40.25	34.48
19.	जलाऊ लकड़ी Firewood	40 Kg.	217.59	324.44	276.67	213.71
20.	मिट्टी का तेल Kerosene Oil	Litre	29.59	29.28	63.14	70.66

- = मदें सूचकांक बास्केट में शामिल नहीं हैं / Items do not feature in the Index Basket.

N.A. = उपलब्ध नहीं / Not Available.

पंजाब Punjab	राजस्थान Rajasthan	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	त्रिपुरा Tripura	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	क्र. सं. Sl. No.
18	19	20	21	22	23	1
40.03	43.13	13.88	25.63	10.13	28.37	1.
	-	-	-	-	-	2.
21.15	4.62	-	-	1.38	-	(अ) (a)
28.10	29.64	59.67	37.88	24.92	12.82	(ब) (b)
-	31.90	41.23	-	31.62	-	3.
-	-	-	-	-	-	4.
-	22.04	38.28	-	24.89	-	(अ) (a)
-	-	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	-	-	-	5.
-	24.50	-	-	19.29	-	(अ) (a)
37.17	-	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	39.04	-	-	-	6.
-	162.62	174.19	-	144.91	136.43	7.
-	201.10	191.32	-	-	-	8.
143.93	129.17	-	149.22	138.38	131.62	9.
590.90	575.44	733.04	850.00	584.59	727.96	10.
-	-	201.66	358.89	179.51	215.04	11.
63.42	58.97	43.50	70.00	56.58	48.76	12.
37.95	34.05	60.74	32.67	35.64	38.07	13.
33.50	31.75	30.18	29.56	32.05	30.30	14.
24.98	21.56	39.20	22.33	19.27	19.88	15.
43.44	39.00	23.52	46.89	41.43	41.29	16.
51.49	50.71	57.34	65.56	48.46	52.19	17.
31.57	28.38	94.95	24.56	34.63	31.22	18.
305.04	201.83	241.28	202.50	247.41	221.64	19.
17.93	29.34	14.59	78.19	31.02	48.73	20.

टिप्पणी Note:- कीमतें दिये गए राज्य के प्रतिदर्श गांवों में चयनित दुकानों से लिए गए व्यक्तिगत उद्धरणों पर आधारित औसत कीमतें हैं तथा ये विनिर्देशन भिन्नता के कारण आपस में सही रूप से तुलनीय नहीं हैं। इसके अतिरिक्त कृषि श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक के संकलन में उपयोग की गई सभी मदों की कीमतों का प्रकाशन संसाधनों की कमी के कारण नहीं किया जा रहा है / The prices are average prices based on individual quotations obtained from the selected outlets of the sample villages of a given State and are not comparable with each other due to their varying specifications. Besides, the prices of all the items utilised in compilation of C.P.I. Numbers for Agricultural Labourers are not being published due to resource constraints.

तालिका अ.1.2.2 (ब) ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए चयनित वस्तुओं की राज्य-वार मासिक उपभोक्ता

Table A.1.2.2 (b) - State-wise monthly consumer prices of selected articles of Rural

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	मद Item	इकाई Unit	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	असम Assam	बिहार Bihar	गुजरात Gujarat
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.	चावल Rice	Kg.	23.53	20.77	14.00	6.34
2.	आटा Wheat:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) गेहूँ साबुत Wheat Whole	Kg.	-	-	4.05	2.00
	(ब) (b) गेहूँ आटा Wheat Atta	Kg.	-	38.05	29.57	36.37
3.	ज्वार Jowar	Kg.	46.41	-	-	-
4.	बाजरा Bajra:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत बाजरा Bajra whole	Kg.	33.75	-	-	28.75
	(ब) (b) बाजरे का आटा Bajra Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	30.87
5.	मक्का Maize:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत मक्का Maize whole	Kg.	-	-	23.03	27.51
	(ब) (b) मक्के का आटा Maize Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	43.29
6.	रागी Ragi	Kg.	39.54	-	-	-
7.	अरहर दाल Arhar Dal	Kg.	164.85	143.69	158.11	147.97
8.	मूँगफली का तेल Groundnut Oil	Litre	163.65	-	-	198.85
9.	सरसों का तेल Mustard Oil	Litre	-	164.41	131.86	139.05
10.	बकरे/भेड़ का मांस Goat Meat/ Mutton	Kg.	688.27	653.11	654.33	544.84
11.	ताजा मछली Fish Fresh	Kg.	181.21	483.69	218.00	169.83
12.	दूध Milk	Litre	54.50	63.44	47.55	61.08
13.	प्याज Onion	Kg.	36.39	46.53	38.86	36.03
14.	सूखी मिर्च Chillies Dry	100 Gms.	29.98	33.26	28.21	36.90
15.	आलू Potato	Kg.	31.02	25.91	19.47	25.06
16.	चीनी Sugar	Kg.	34.57	45.60	43.85	37.05
17.	गुड़ Gur	Kg.	54.11	67.88	50.67	55.18
18.	चाय पत्ती Tea Leaf	100 Gms.	73.22	27.33	34.88	31.24
19.	जलाऊ लकड़ी Firewood	40 Kg.	191.80	183.22	339.59	199.26
20.	मिट्टी का तेल Kerosene Oil	Litre	21.18	65.88	75.19	63.30

कीमतें अक्टूबर, 2023 माह के लिए

Labourers for the month of October, 2023

हरियाणा Haryana	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	कर्नाटक Karnataka	केरल Kerala	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	क्र. सं. Sl. No.
8	9	10	11	12	13	1
35.89	26.43	28.92	11.02	31.45	17.73	1.
-	-	-	-	-	-	2.
-	-	-	-	2.86	13.55	(अ) (a)
27.19	14.11	31.94	45.91	52.74	30.40	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	36.62	-	29.39	3.
-	-	-	-	-	-	4.
-	-	-	-	-	-	(अ) (a)
26.91	-	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	-	-	-	5.
27.00	-	26.01	-	-	24.37	(अ) (a)
-	26.00	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	34.17	-	-	6.
152.15	145.00	-	169.26	150.69	160.86	7.
-	-	-	151.92	-	189.73	8.
119.93	150.56	148.06	-	-	129.31	9.
596.91	510.00	588.42	639.49	724.24	560.39	10.
190.00	170.00	275.00	248.48	128.24	182.91	11.
66.39	52.89	45.70	45.30	55.90	50.56	12.
41.68	36.67	41.47	38.11	85.75	35.17	13.
37.59	38.00	45.92	30.85	31.78	29.78	14.
22.47	29.44	29.40	29.88	35.22	21.57	15.
15.37	24.52	47.23	43.43	42.22	36.78	16.
50.15	49.44	55.00	50.31	56.25	47.95	17.
31.27	32.22	44.12	41.00	24.47	27.81	18.
358.21	N.A.	308.16	134.33	178.76	220.86	19.
16.44	28.35	14.90	32.06	48.56	63.48	20.

तालिका अ.1.2.2 (ब) समाप्त / Table A.1.2.2 (b) Concl'd.

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	मद Item	इकाई Unit	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	मणिपुर Manipur	मेघालय Meghalaya	ओड़िशा Odisha
1	2	3	14	15	16	17
1.	चावल Rice	Kg.	12.78	21.74	19.08	21.04
2.	आटा Wheat:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) गेहूँ साबुत Wheat Whole	Kg.	7.95	-	-	-
	(ब) (b) गेहूँ आटा Wheat Atta	Kg.	-	-	34.78	10.47
3.	ज्वार Jowar	Kg.	34.34	-	-	-
4.	बाजरा Bajra:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत बाजरा Bajra whole	Kg.	29.46	-	-	-
	(ब) (b) बाजरे का आटा Bajra Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	-
5.	मक्का Maize:		-	-	-	-
	(अ) (a) साबुत मक्का Maize whole	Kg.	-	-	-	-
	(ब) (b) मक्के का आटा Maize Atta	Kg.	-	-	-	-
6.	रागी Ragi	Kg.	-	-	-	35.39
7.	अरहर दाल Arhar Dal	Kg.	156.45	138.75	115.00	158.67
8.	मूँगफली का तेल Groundnut Oil	Litre	164.83	-	-	89.77
9.	सरसों का तेल Mustard Oil	Litre	-	200.78	173.33	134.85
10.	बकरे/भेड़ का मांस Goat Meat/ Mutton	Kg.	634.82	-	-	697.09
11.	ताजा मछली Fish Fresh	Kg.	287.47	300.00	236.67	182.97
12.	दूध Milk	Litre	62.23	59.44	73.33	44.79
13.	प्याज Onion	Kg.	27.90	47.89	41.00	37.89
14.	सूखी मिर्च Chillies Dry	100 Gms.	30.90	30.11	27.22	29.96
15.	आलू Potato	Kg.	24.71	31.67	31.00	19.19
16.	चीनी Sugar	Kg.	26.42	56.67	47.44	44.12
17.	गुड़ Gur	Kg.	32.47	-	-	47.69
18.	चाय पत्ती Tea Leaf	100 Gms.	31.75	24.00	40.25	34.43
19.	जलाऊ लकड़ी Firewood	40 Kg.	217.86	324.44	276.67	213.90
20.	मिट्टी का तेल Kerosene Oil	Litre	31.15	29.28	63.14	70.64

- = मदें सूचकांक बास्केट में शामिल नहीं हैं / Items do not feature in the Index Basket.

N.A. = उपलब्ध नहीं / Not Available.

पंजाब Punjab	राजस्थान Rajasthan	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	त्रिपुरा Tripura	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	क्र. सं. Sl. No.
18	19	20	21	22	23	1
40.03	44.27	14.54	25.88	9.12	28.28	1.
	-	-	-	-	-	2.
21.19	4.80	-	-	1.22	-	(अ) (a)
28.09	29.65	59.84	37.88	24.26	13.44	(ब) (b)
-	31.88	40.65	-	31.28	-	3.
-	-	-	-	-	-	4.
-	22.16	38.31	-	24.81	-	(अ) (a)
-	-	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	-	-	-	-	5.
-	24.39	-	-	19.22	-	(अ) (a)
37.23	-	-	-	-	-	(ब) (b)
-	-	39.00	-	-	-	6.
-	168.24	174.70	-	145.15	135.34	7.
-	198.36	192.69	-	-	-	8.
143.77	130.36	-	149.22	138.25	131.54	9.
591.74	574.41	733.24	850.00	585.70	727.78	10.
-	-	200.29	358.89	179.96	211.53	11.
63.30	59.04	43.61	70.00	56.69	48.83	12.
37.94	34.08	60.93	32.67	35.67	38.17	13.
33.51	31.76	30.22	29.56	32.02	30.37	14.
24.94	21.19	39.70	22.33	19.52	19.85	15.
43.45	39.75	23.74	46.89	41.24	41.63	16.
51.58	51.38	57.66	65.56	48.53	52.17	17.
31.55	28.13	93.60	24.56	35.14	31.14	18.
306.89	199.56	241.10	202.50	249.38	223.38	19.
17.79	29.25	14.59	78.19	30.84	48.71	20.

टिप्पणी Note:- कीमते दिये गए राज्य के प्रतिदर्श गांवों में चयनित दुकानों से लिए गए व्यक्तिगत उद्धरणों पर आधारित औसत कीमतें हैं तथा ये विनिर्देशन भिन्नता के कारण आपस में सही रूप से तुलनीय नहीं हैं । इसके अतिरिक्त ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक के संकलन में उपयोग की गई सभी मदों की कीमतों का प्रकाशन संसाधनों की कमी के कारण नहीं किया जा रहा है / The prices are average prices based on individual quotations obtained from the selected outlets of the sample villages of a given State and are not comparable with each other due to their varying specifications. Besides, the prices of all the items utilised in compilation of C.P.I. Numbers for Rural Labourers are not being published due to resource constraints.

2. मजदूरी एवं उपार्जन WAGES AND EARNINGS

तालिका अ.2.1 (अ) - अक्टूबर, 2023 के दौरान ग्रामीण भारत में कृषि व्यवसायों के लिए औसत दैनिक
Table A.2.1 (a) - Average Daily Wage Rates for Agricultural Occupations in Rural India

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	जुताई (हल/कुदाल) Ploughing/Tilling Workers			बुआई (रोपण / प्रतिरोपण / निराई आदि) Sowing (including Planting/ Transplanting/Weeding workers)		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	582.21	@	-	499.93	379.22	-
2	असम Assam	408.77	@	-	368.03	303.89	-
3	बिहार Bihar	396.48	-	-	381.90	317.22	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	323.28	288.00	-	283.67	276.03	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	477.25	@	-	459.00	426.73	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	528.00	-	-	@	@	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	688.18	-	-	587.06	@	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	472.00	266.67	-	435.56	321.67	-
9	केरल Kerala	870.00	@	-	889.63	627.56	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	285.40	234.00	-	262.18	234.11	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	385.12	304.17	-	366.43	271.19	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	351.43	-	-	333.89	303.13	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	368.50	204.00	-	342.33	209.89	-
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	335.71	280.75	-	332.67	288.16	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	432.44	@	-	421.64	365.60	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	368.75	@	-	393.67	350.45	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	697.65	@	-	557.56	361.26	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	320.00	-	-	320.00	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	335.30	306.36	-	351.42	309.68	@
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	416.61	@	-	337.40	286.06	-
	अखिल भारत All India	413.15	297.86	-	382.66	316.68	@

मजदूरी दरें (राज्यों एवं लिंग वार)
during October, 2023 (By States and Sex)

									(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)
कटाई/औसाई/तितुण Harvesting/Winnowing/ Threshing workers			चुनना/चयन करना (चाय, कपास, तंबाकू तथा अन्य नगदी फसलें) Picking Workers (including Tea, Cotton, Tobacco & other commercial crops)			बागवानी (नर्सरी उत्पादक सहित) Horticulture Workers (including Nursery growers)			क्र. सं. Sl. No.
पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	1
501.34	375.21	-	405.19	366.72	@	@	300.00	-	1
345.83	300.19	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	2
354.19	307.31	@	300.90	@	@	284.67	251.67	-	3
290.50	287.00	-	286.00	282.00	-	215.71	216.67	-	4
456.18	413.11	-	476.67	466.67	-	@	-	-	5
481.67	@	-	-	-	-	465.20	@	-	6
626.25	@	-	@	-	-	611.67	-	-	7
421.00	296.33	-	403.53	283.57	-	454.62	342.00	-	8
752.00	589.17	-	-	@	-	@	@	-	9
277.36	248.11	-	266.67	250.00	-	240.00	212.00	-	10
379.29	278.39	-	@	261.11	-	342.00	256.36	-	11
324.29	308.57	-	-	-	-	@	@	-	12
350.60	194.60	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	13
322.94	289.70	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	14
424.22	@	-	@	@	-	@	-	-	15
423.64	389.00	-	@	@	-	-	-	-	16
585.28	353.33	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	17
331.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
356.71	310.68	@	340.00	304.17	-	@	@	-	19
323.97	280.60	-	-	@	-	348.33	352.00	-	20
377.61	314.44	272.00	344.70	310.29	@	375.26	288.61	-	

तालिका अ.2.1 (अ) जारी / Table A.2.1 (a) Contd...

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	अंतर्देशीय मछुआरे Fishermen Inland			समुद्रतटीय/समुद्री मछुआरे Fishermen Costal/Deep Sea		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	@	@	-	-	-	-
2	असम Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	बिहार Bihar	319.81	-	-	-	-	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	@	-	-	-	-	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	@	-	-	@	-	-
9	केरल Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	250.00	-	@	-	-	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	@	-	-	@	@	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	224.00	-	-	@	-	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	518.65	-	-	@	-	-
	अखिल भारत All India	422.96	@	@	442.00	@	-

(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)									
लकड़हारा, लकड़ी चिराई व कटाई आदि Loggers and Wood Cutters			पशुपालन (मुर्गी व दुग्ध पालन, चरवाहा आदि) Animal husbandry workers: including Poultry workers, dairy workers & Herdsman			पैकिंग/बंधाई कृषि से संबन्धित Packaging Labourers			क्र. सं. Sl. No.
पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	1
455.01	-	-	300.42	@	-	@	@	-	1
372.00	-	-	285.00	-	-	314.00	@	-	2
432.44	-	-	280.46	261.67	@	291.67	@	-	3
335.83	@	-	241.36	@	-	238.57	@	-	4
@	-	-	@	-	-	@	@	-	5
@	-	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	6
614.74	-	-	554.44	-	-	636.67	-	-	7
498.33	-	-	397.00	308.57	-	407.50	@	-	8
1085.52	-	-	600.68	-	-	-	-	-	9
235.79	@	-	216.45	185.58	138.33	205.45	202.00	@	10
413.08	@	-	308.12	267.00	-	303.57	241.67	-	11
@	-	-	330.00	-	-	@	-	-	12
@	-	-	295.13	@	-	@	-	-	13
286.39	-	-	224.00	177.50	-	@	-	-	14
@	-	-	338.12	@	-	378.33	@	-	15
391.67	-	-	@	@	-	-	-	-	16
580.78	@	-	641.81	@	-	@	@	-	17
424.44	-	-	283.33	-	-	-	-	-	18
392.00	-	-	322.73	@	-	303.13	267.50	@	19
475.77	-	-	302.75	263.07	@	388.18	372.90	-	20
466.11	281.33	-	305.05	238.47	150.00	354.83	291.47	@	

तालिका अ.2.1 (अ) समाप्त / Table A.2.1 (a) Concl'd.

(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)							
क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	सामान्य कृषि श्रमिक (सिंचाई कर्मी सहित आदि) General Agricultural Labourers including Watering & Irrigation workers etc.			पौध संरक्षक (कीटनाशक, बीजोपचार आदि) Plant protection workers (applying pesticides, treating seeds, etc.)		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	33	34	35	36	37	38
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	437.02	318.56	@	670.76	@	-
2	असम Assam	363.68	320.74	-	@	@	-
3	बिहार Bihar	339.79	307.41	-	355.92	@	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	257.63	258.53	-	238.33	-	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	450.67	377.60	-	461.14	-	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	506.00	@	-	@	-	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	566.00	@	-	626.00	-	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	411.48	301.00	-	417.39	-	-
9	केरल Kerala	804.17	602.50	-	696.00	-	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	242.31	210.65	@	275.56	@	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	327.20	229.71	@	371.82	265.00	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	@	-	-	@	-	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	326.83	203.17	-	-	-	-
14	ओडिशा Odisha	315.17	277.83	-	233.33	@	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	407.73	-	-	400.00	-	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	385.88	338.57	-	322.22	@	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	549.01	353.54	-	662.06	@	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	337.22	-	-	-	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	336.04	289.05	257.67	397.33	@	-
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	335.19	314.91	-	411.32	276.12	-
अखिल भारत All India		373.66	296.86	232.88	421.63	296.12	-

- = यह दर्शाता है कि उस कार्य में श्रमिकों का विशेष वर्ग अर्थात् पुरुष/महिला/बच्चे, या तो उनकी अनुपलब्धता या व्यवसाय से संबंधित कार्य राज्य में आरम्भ नहीं किया गया था या राज्य में कार्य बेमौसमी था आदि के कारण, कार्यरत नहीं थे / Indicates that the particular category of workers, i.e. men/ women /children were not engaged in that operation either because of their non-availability; or the activity connected with the occupation was not undertaken in the State; or the activity was out of season in the State, etc.

@ = उद्धरणों की संख्या पाँच से कम है / Number of quotations are less than five.

तालिका अ.2.1 (ब) - अक्टूबर, 2023 के दौरान ग्रामीण भारत में गैर-कृषि व्यवसायों के लिए औसत दैनिक मजदूरी दरें (राज्यों एवं लिंग वार)

Table A.2.1 (b) - Average Daily Wage Rates for Non-agricultural Occupations in Rural India during October, 2023 (By States and Sex).

(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)							
क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	बढ़ई Carpenter			लोहार Blacksmith		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	588.91	-	-	438.48	-	-
2	असम Assam	478.12	-	-	440.48	-	-
3	बिहार Bihar	509.70	-	-	434.17	-	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	476.09	-	-	359.90	-	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	686.50	-	-	602.80	-	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	703.56	-	-	620.25	-	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	760.00	-	-	695.88	-	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	545.43	-	-	391.58	-	-
9	केरल Kerala	990.24	-	-	783.45	-	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	375.17	-	-	355.57	-	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	454.31	-	-	418.71	@	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	420.63	-	-	389.38	-	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	420.38	-	-	409.00	-	-
14	ओडिशा Odisha	489.64	-	-	331.43	-	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	594.13	-	-	551.67	-	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	562.78	-	-	437.50	@	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	781.17	-	-	652.05	-	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	420.00	-	-	294.44	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	550.54	-	-	491.55	-	-
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	434.43	-	-	383.05	-	-
	अखिल भारत All India	541.63	-	-	444.24	@	-

तालिका अ.2.1 (ब) जारी / Table A.2.1 (b) Contd...

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	राजमिस्त्री Mason			बुनकर/जुलाहे Weavers		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	734.27	-	-	@	-	-
2	असम Assam	510.71	-	-	@	-	-
3	बिहार Bihar	542.52	-	-	@	-	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	535.50	-	-	@	-	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	707.33	-	-	@	-	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	693.56	-	-	@	-	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	760.95	-	-	@	-	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	619.41	@	-	420.00	@	@
9	केरल Kerala	989.05	-	-	-	@	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	449.12	-	-	@	-	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	583.98	@	-	-	-	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	441.88	@	-	@	320.00	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	462.56	-	-	@	@	-
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	512.97	-	-	@	-	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	612.80	-	-	@	-	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	680.48	-	-	-	-	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	834.42	-	-	@	-	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	453.33	-	-	350.00	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	610.08	@	-	405.00	-	-
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	452.07	@	-	264.19	@	-
	अखिल भारत All India	602.56	390.50	-	362.12	268.00	@

(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)

बीड़ी कर्मकार Beedi Makers			बांस/बैंत टोकरी कर्मकार Bamboo, Cane Basket Weavers			हस्तशिल्प कर्मकार Handicraft Workers			क्र. सं. Sl. No.
पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	1
-	201.33	-	@	215.14	-	@	-	-	1
-	-	-	362.86	-	-	-	@	-	2
@	@	-	299.39	@	-	@	@	-	3
@	@	-	@	@	-	@	@	-	4
@	-	-	@	@	-	@	-	-	5
-	-	-	@	-	-	-	-	-	6
-	-	-	-	-	-	@	-	-	7
@	@	-	360.00	@	-	458.33	@	-	8
@	@	-	@	-	-	@	-	-	9
@	@	-	224.38	205.63	-	@	-	-	10
-	-	-	345.00	370.00	@	@	-	-	11
-	-	-	@	325.00	-	@	@	-	12
-	-	-	@	-	-	@	@	-	13
@	@	-	@	@	-	-	-	-	14
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
-	-	-	@	@	-	-	-	-	16
@	@	-	@	-	-	@	-	-	17
294.44	-	-	383.33	-	-	350.00	-	-	18
@	@	-	@	@	-	-	-	-	19
182.07	193.47	@	272.62	248.84	-	295.90	@	-	20
243.81	186.81	@	322.16	265.01	@	416.48	267.66	-	

तालिका अ.2.1 (ब) जारी / Table A.2.1 (b) Contd...

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	नलसाज Plumbers			बिजली मिस्त्री Electrician		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	583.58	-	-	590.19	-	-
2	असम Assam	502.71	-	-	496.77	-	-
3	बिहार Bihar	469.21	-	-	472.30	-	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	421.11	-	-	380.67	-	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	663.11	-	-	624.00	-	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	688.00	-	-	644.57	-	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	716.00	-	-	709.38	-	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	519.62	-	-	491.72	-	-
9	केरल Kerala	911.80	-	-	920.37	-	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	378.39	-	-	359.01	-	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	462.97	-	-	476.58	-	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	@	-	-	392.86	-	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	@	-	-	@	-	-
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	433.83	-	-	400.00	-	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	633.54	-	-	626.89	-	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	485.83	-	-	502.50	-	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	698.57	-	-	708.71	-	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	420.00	-	-	400.00	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	513.18	-	-	507.76	-	-
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	503.95	-	-	540.94	-	-
	अखिल भारत All India	545.69	-	-	534.23	-	-

(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)						
निर्माण कार्य (सड़क, बांध, औद्योगिक एवं परियोजना निर्माण कार्य तथा कुआं खनन आदि) Construction Workers (for roads, dams, industrial & project construction work & well diggers)			हल्के मोटर वाहन एवं ट्रैक्टर चालक LMV & Tractors drivers			क्र. सं. Sl. No.
पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	
30	31	32	33	34	35	1
528.42	388.84	-	579.44	-	-	1
394.21	351.67	-	481.65	-	-	2
368.15	328.10	-	400.47	-	-	3
347.94	310.91	-	353.91	-	-	4
494.83	455.00	-	551.50	-	-	5
536.67	-	-	517.00	-	-	6
547.37	547.78	-	595.83	-	-	7
453.46	312.50	-	500.92	-	-	8
895.59	@	-	859.44	-	-	9
290.97	253.41	@	335.67	-	-	10
392.14	290.13	-	444.73	-	-	11
350.00	@	-	484.44	-	-	12
389.14	@	-	@	-	-	13
357.79	298.91	-	398.02	-	-	14
420.86	@	-	497.69	-	-	15
435.75	389.12	-	465.09	-	-	16
544.88	348.85	-	691.45	-	-	17
322.22	-	-	394.44	-	-	18
375.42	327.05	@	392.13	-	-	19
355.45	273.89	-	440.60	-	-	20
417.94	324.18	@	465.21	-	-	

तालिका अ.2.1 (ब) समाप्त / Table A.2.1 (b) Concl'd.

क्र. सं. Sl. No.	राज्य States	(रुपयों में/ in Rupees)					
		गैर- कृषि श्रमिक (पल्लेदार, भार वाहक आदि) Non-agricultural labourers (Including porters, loaders)			सफाई कर्मी Sweeping/ Cleaning Workers		
		पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children	पुरुष Men	महिला Women	बच्चे Children
1	2	36	37	38	39	40	41
1	आन्ध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	403.66	287.25	-	340.80	209.03	-
2	असम Assam	365.12	@	-	327.41	@	-
3	बिहार Bihar	334.86	241.50	-	325.39	268.60	-
4	गुजरात Gujarat	285.79	275.00	-	222.33	216.67	-
5	हरियाणा Haryana	468.17	-	-	427.33	424.00	-
6	हि. प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	441.50	@	-	@	@	-
7	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर J & K	538.33	-	-	@	@	-
8	कर्नाटक Karnataka	351.43	256.25	-	366.06	308.83	-
9	केरल Kerala	735.78	@	-	@	660.30	-
10	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	261.85	224.29	@	283.02	223.68	-
11	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	308.87	199.23	-	291.45	222.80	-
12	मणिपुर Manipur	@	@	-	@	@	-
13	मेघालय Meghalaya	320.13	-	-	-	-	-
14	ओड़िशा Odisha	320.37	273.51	-	225.71	@	-
15	पंजाब Punjab	389.57	-	-	294.75	227.50	-
16	राजस्थान Rajasthan	383.08	@	-	@	@	-
17	तमिलनाडू Tamil Nadu	523.50	354.26	-	343.04	291.94	-
18	त्रिपुरा Tripura	311.11	-	-	265.56	-	-
19	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	353.06	284.67	@	304.81	257.14	@
20	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	354.49	245.71	-	362.50	289.95	-
	अखिल भारत All India	371.26	271.80	@	314.65	292.98	@

- = यह दर्शाता है कि उस कार्य में श्रमिकों का विशेष वर्ग अर्थात् पुरुष/महिला/बच्चे, या तो उनकी अनुपलब्धता या व्यवसाय से संबंधित कार्य राज्य में आरम्भ नहीं किया गया था या राज्य में कार्य बेमौसमी था आदि के कारण, कार्यरत नहीं थे / Indicates that the particular category of workers, i.e. men/ women /children were not engaged in that operation either because of their non-availability; or the activity connected with the occupation was not undertaken in the State; or the activity was out of season in the State, etc.

@ = उद्धरणों की संख्या पाँच से कम है / Number of quotations are less than five.

टिप्पण Note:- अखिल भारत स्तर पर औसत दैनिक मजदूरी दरों को सभी राज्यों की मजदूरी दरों के कुल योग को उद्धरणों की संख्या से भाग देकर प्राप्त किया गया है / The average daily wage rates at all-India level are derived by dividing the sum total of wages by number of quotations of all the states taken together.

3. औद्योगिक विवाद INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES

तालिका अ.3.1 जनवरी से अक्टूबर, 2023 (अनंतिम) के दौरान क्षेत्र-वार विवादों की संख्या, उनमें शामिल श्रमिकों की संख्या एवं औद्योगिक विवादों के कारण कार्य दिवसों की हानि
Table A.3.1 Sector/Sphere-wise Number of Disputes, Workers involved and Mandays Lost due to Industrial Disputes from January to October, 2023 (P)

क्षेत्र / मद Sphere/ Item	सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र Public Sector			निजी क्षेत्र Private Sector			कुल Total		
	संख्या/Number of			संख्या/Number of			संख्या/Number of		
	विवाद Dis- putes	विवाद में शामिल श्रमिक Workers Involved	कार्य दिवस हानि Mandays Lost	विवाद Dis- putes	विवाद में शामिल श्रमिक Workers Involved	कार्य दिवस हानि Mandays Lost	विवाद Disputes	विवाद में शामिल श्रमिक Workers Involved	कार्य दिवस हानि Mandays Lost
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
(i) केंद्रीय क्षेत्र Central Sphere									
हड़ताल/ Strikes	7	5582	17110	..	..	..	7	5582	17110
तालाबंदी/ Lockouts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
हड़ताल एवं तालाबंदी/ Strikes & Lockouts	7	5582	17110	..	..	..	7	5582	17110
(योग/Total-i)									
(ii) राज्य क्षेत्र State Sphere									
हड़ताल /Strikes	4	2818	11916	24	21818	388064	28	24636	399980
तालाबंदी / Lockouts	..	..	..	1	85	8483	1	85	8483
हड़ताल एवं तालाबंदी/ Strikes & Lockouts	4	2818	11916	25	21903	396547	29	24721	408463
(योग/Total-ii)									
कुल योग Grand Total	11	8400	29026	25	21903	396547	36	30303	425573
(योग/Total-i+ii)									

(P) = अनंतिम एवं 30 नवम्बर, 2023 तक ब्यूरो में प्राप्त विवरणी/स्पष्टीकरण के आधार पर / Provisional and based on the returns/clarifications received in the Bureau till 30th November, 2023.

.. = उपलब्ध नहीं है / Not available

तालिका अ.3.2 जनवरी से अक्टूबर, 2023 के दौरान (अनंतिम) औद्योगिक विवाद (सभी हड़ताल एवं तालाबंदी)
Table A.3.2- Industrial Disputes (All Strikes and Lockouts) from January to October, 2023 (P)

राज्य/केन्द्र शासित प्रदेश State/Union Territory	संख्या/Number of		
	विवाद Disputes	विवाद में शामिल श्रमिक Workers Involved	कार्यदिवस हानि Mandays Lost
1	2	3	4
आंध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	..	..	..
अरुणाचल प्रदेश Arunachal Pradesh	..	..	..
असम Assam	..	..	..
बिहार Bihar	..	..	..
छत्तीसगढ़ Chhattisgarh	..	..	..
गोवा Goa	..	..	..
गुजरात Gujarat	9	2531	21937
हरियाणा Haryana	1	85	8483
हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	..	..	..
जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	..	..	..
झारखंड Jharkhand	..	..	..
कर्नाटक Karnataka	1	266	1596
केरल Kerala	..	..	..
मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	..	..	..
महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	6	959	63631
मणिपुर Manipur	..	..	..
मेघालय Meghalaya	..	..	..
मिजोरम Mizoram	#	#	#
नागालैंड Nagaland	..	..	..
ओड़िशा Odisha	..	..	..
पंजाब Punjab	..	..	..
राजस्थान Rajasthan	3	4790	7699
सिक्किम Sikkim	#	#	#
तमिल नाडु Tamil Nadu	16	21672	322227
तेलंगाना Telangana	..	..	..
त्रिपुरा Tripura	..	..	..
उत्तराखण्ड Uttarakhand	..	..	..
उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	..	..	..
पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal	..	..	..
अंडेमान एवं निकोबार A & N Islands	..	..	..
चंडीगढ़ Chandigarh	..	..	..
दादरा एवं नगर हवेली D & N Haveli	..	..	..
दिल्ली Delhi	..	..	..
दमन एवं दीव Daman & Diu	..	..	..
लक्षद्वीप Lakshadweep	..	..	..
पुडुचेरी Puducherry	..	..	..
अखिल भारत All India	36	30303	425573

(P) = अनंतिम एवं 30 नवम्बर, 2023 तक ब्यूरो में प्राप्त विवरणी / स्पष्टीकरण के आधार पर / Provisional and based on the returns/clarifications received in the Bureau till 30th November, 2023.

.. = उपलब्ध नहीं है / Not available

= औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम 1947 कार्यान्वित किया जाना है / ID Act 1947 is to be implemented

The water in a vessel is sparkling; the water in the sea is dark. The small truth has words which are clear; the great truth has great silence.

Rabindranath Tagore

खंड ब SECTION B

क्रमिक सांख्यिकी SERIAL STATISTICS

Notes

1. Prices and Price Indices

1.1 Industrial Workers' Consumer Price Index

B.1.1.1 *All-India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers* – The All India Consumer Price Index Numbers (General and Food) on base 2016=100 are being published since their first release with effect from September, 2020 index replacing the old series on base: 2001=100. The indices for the old base (2001=100) series can be derived by multiplying the 2016 series indices by the Linking Factors, which are 2.88 for the General index and 3.00 for the Food index. Similarly, the indices for 1982 series can be derived by multiplying the 2001 series indices by the Linking factors, which are 4.63 and 4.58 for General and Food group respectively. Further, the indices for the old base (1960=100) series can be derived by multiplying the 1982 series indices by the Linking Factors, which are 4.93 for the General index and 4.98 for the Food index. The Annual Average (Calendar year 2006 to 2022 as well as financial year 2006-07 to 2022-23) and monthly All India Index Numbers (General & Food) alongwith twelve month moving average from October, 2022 to October, 2023 have been presented in Table B.1.1.1.

B.1.1.2 *Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers* – Serial statistics in respect of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers on base 2001=100 and new series on base 2016=100 (General Index only) for 88 centres are set out in Table B.1.1.2.

1.2 Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural Labourers

B.1.2.1 (a) and (b) *All-India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers (Base: 1986-87=100)* – Serial statistics relating to the All-India Consumer Price Index Numbers (General and Food) for Agricultural and Rural Labourers on base 1986-87=100 separately for Agricultural Years 1995-96 to 2022-23, Financial Years 1995-96 to 2022-23 and Calendar Years 1995 to 2022 along with month-wise indices and 12-month moving averages for October, 2022 to October, 2023 are presented in Tables B.1.2.1 (a) and (b) respectively.

B.1.2.2 (a) and (b) *Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural Labourers and Rural Labourers on Base: 1986-87=100* – Serial statistics in respect of Consumer Price Index Numbers (General Index) for Agricultural Labourers and Rural Labourers (Base: 1986-87=100) for 20 States are given in Tables B.1.2.2 (a) and (b) respectively.

1.3 Consumer Price Index for Rural, Urban and Combined

B.1.3 *All india Consumer Price Index for Rural, Urban and Combined* - The Consumer Price Index (CPI) for Rural (R), Urban (U) and Combined (C) are compiled and published by the National Statistical Office, Ministry of Statistics and Program Implementation, Govt. of India. The current series of CPI-R, CPI-U and CPI-C on base 2012=100 was released w.e.f. January, 2015 replacing the earlier series on base 2010=100. The All-India Consumer Price Index for Rural, Urban and Combined for the years 2011 to 2022 (Annual Averages) and for October, 2022 to October, 2023 (Monthly Figures) have been presented in Table B.1.3.

1.4 Wholesale Price Index

B.1.4 *All India Index Numbers of Wholesale prices* – The current series of Index Numbers of Wholesale Prices in India on base 2011-12=100 was released w.e.f. April, 2017 by replacing the earlier series on base 2004-05=100. These Index Numbers are compiled and published by the Office of the Economic Adviser, Ministry of Commerce & Industry, and Govt. of India. The indices for the period 2010 to 2022 (Annual Averages) and for October, 2022 to October, 2023 (Monthly Figures) are set out in Table B.1.4. These index numbers are published here to serve as supplementary information to the users of Consumer Price Index Numbers.

2. Wages and Earnings

B.2.1 *Earnings (Basic Wage and Dearness Allowance) of the Lowest-paid Workers/Operatives in Cotton Textile Mills* – The information concerning earnings of cotton producing Centres/States received from the State Governments, Employers' Associations and Individual Units is presented in Table B.2.1. The earnings of workers include minimum basic wage and dearness Allowance by whatever name called. The dearness allowance is linked to the Working Class Consumer Price Index Numbers of different Centres and varies from month to month according to the variation in the index.

3. Industrial Disputes

B.3.1 *Industrial Disputes (All Strikes and Lockouts)* – Industrial Disputes Statistics for the Years 2013 to 2023 are presented in Table B.3.1.

1. कीमतें एवं मूल्य सूचकांक PRICES AND PRICE INDICES

1.1 औद्योगिक श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक Industrial Workers' Consumer Price Index

तालिका ब. 1.1.1 - औद्योगिक श्रमिकों के लिए अखिल भारतीय उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक (सामान्य एवं खाद्य)

Table B.1.1.1 – All India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers (General & Food)

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	वार्षिक औसत सूचकांक Annual Average Indices for					
	Calendar Year		Twelve monthly moving average of General Index	Financial year		
	General Index	Food Index		Year	General Index	Food Index
I- Base 2001=100						
2006	123	122	-	2006-07	125	126
2007	131	134	-	2007-08	133	136
2008	142	149	-	2008-09	145	153
2009	157	169	-	2009-10	163	176
2010	176	190	-	2010-11	180	194
2011	192	204	-	2011-12	195	206
2012	209	223	-	2012-13	215	230
2013	232	254	-	2013-14	236	259
2014	247	271	-	2014-15	251	276
2015	261	288	-	2015-16	265	293
2016	274	304	-	2016-17	276	305
2017	281	308	-	2017-18	284	310
2018	295	310	-	2018-19	300	312
2019	317	328	-	2019-20	322	335
2020	335	351	-	2020-21	339	354
II- Base 2016=100						
2021	122.0	121.8	-	2021-22	123.6	123.5
2022	129.2	129.3	-	2022-23	131.1	131.1
2022	अक्तू/Oct	132.5	133.9	128.1		
	नव/Nov	132.5	133.3	128.7		
	दिस/Dec	132.3	132.0	129.2		
2023	जन/Jan	132.8	131.8	129.9		
	फर/Feb	132.7	131.5	130.5		
	मार्च/Mar	133.3	131.7	131.1		
	अप्रैल/Apr	134.2	132.8	131.7		
	मई/May	134.7	133.7	132.1		
	जून/Jun	136.4	137.8	132.7		
	जुला/Jul	139.7	145.1	133.6		
	अग/Aug	139.2	143.3	134.3		
	सित/Sep	137.5	140.5	134.8		
	अक्तू/Oct	138.4	142.3	135.3		

तालिका ब.1.1.2 – श्रम ब्यूरो की औद्योगिक श्रमिकों के लिए अखिल भारतीय उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक
Table B.1.1.2 – Labour Bureau's Series of All India Consumer Price Index Numbers of Industrial

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	गुन्टूर Guntur	नेल्लोर Nellore	विशाखापत्तनम Vishakha- patnam	बिस्वानाथ- चारियाली Biswanath- Chariali	डुमडुमा तिनसुकिया Doom Dooma Tinsukia	गुवाहाटी Guwahati	
Base Year	1960= 100			1960= 100			
Linking Factor	5.60		#		4.05	#	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
I. Base 2001=100							
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.57		4.64		4.04	4.80	
2006	120		119		116	115	
2007	126		126		125	120	
2008	139		135		133	128	
2009	161		153		147	143	
2010	181		173		160	156	
2011	194		192		170	168	
2012	208		213		182	184	
2013	233		236		196	198	
2014	251		249		213	214	
2015	259		263		235	226	
2016	270		275		246	242	
2017	275		279		259	247	
2018	281		286		266	255	
2019	294		298		284	281	
2020	307		311		309	300	
II. Base 2016=100							
Linking Factor with 2001=100	2.61	#	2.44	#	2.38	2.42	
2021	122.7	119.8	133.6	127.2	132.7	133.1	
2022	132.7	127.0	141.4	135.2	144.2	143.4	
2022 अक्टू/Oct	137.9	132.1	145.8	136.6	147.4	146.7	
नव/Nov	139.6	133.0	145.7	137.1	147.5*	146.7	
दिस/Dec	139.0	132.7	146.2	136.3	147.3	145.7	
2023 जन/Jan	140.4	132.9	147.3	135.0	146.7	146.3	
फर/Feb	139.9	132.4	147.0	134.1	146.4	145.9	
मार्च/Mar	140.8	132.5	147.3	134.5	146.6	145.3	
अप्रैल/Apr	142.4	133.0	148.8	136.1	146.2	146.6	
मई/May	143.5*	133.7	148.8	136.9	147.8	147.8	
जून/Jun	147.1	136.0	150.9	137.8	150.2	148.9	
जुला/Jul	147.4	138.8	153.7	144.0	155.2	149.9	
अग/Aug	147.5	137.8	153.0	144.0	153.4	152.0	
सित/Sep	146.4	136.4	152.1	144.2	150.7	150.6	
अक्टू/Oct	147.1	138.0	153.0	149.0	151.8	152.9	

श्रृंखला (सामान्य सूचकांक)
Workers (General Index)

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	लबाक- सिल्चर Labac- Silchar	नुमालीगढ़- गोलाघाट Numaligarh- Golaghat	सिबसागर Sibsagar	मुंगेर जमालपुर Munger Jamalpur	पटना Patna	चंडीगढ़ Chandigarh
Base Year	1960= 100			1960= 100		
Linking Factor	3.96			5.29		#
1	8	9	10	11	12	13
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	3.65			4.30		5.26
2006	121			126		125
2007	130			134		131
2008	143			145		140
2009	155			162		155
2010	178			182		175
2011	186			199		197
2012	197			215		213
2013	216			238		232
2014	243			253		245
2015	247			274		254
2016	257			297		269
2017	258			298		278
2018	262			316		296
2019	278			351		314
2020	289			367		331
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	2.48	#	#	3.16	#	2.79
2021	117.8	116.7	120.4	119.5	120.5	124.6
2022	129.3	130.0	132.9	127.5	127.4	133.2
2022 अक्टू/Oct	135.1	137.5	135.9	134.1	130.8	137.6
नव/Nov	135.4	137.0	136.3	133.8	133.3	138.0
दिस/Dec	133.6	137.2	136.7	132.4	132.5	137.4
2023 जन/Jan	132.1	137.2	136.5	132.5	132.5	139.3
फर/Feb	131.4	137.7	136.7	133.6	132.9	140.5
मार्च/Mar	131.4	137.1	138.3	134.3	132.9	141.4
अप्रैल/Apr	132.4	139.2	139.6	135.2	132.8	141.3
मई/May	133.4	141.7	141.1	137.1	133.3	141.4
जून/Jun	139.7	143.6	142.9	136.0	133.5*	141.7
जुला/Jul	140.8	145.8	147.1	138.8	138.0	147.0
अग/Aug	142.0	147.2	149.5*	139.6	138.8	148.2
सित/Sep	141.9	145.8	147.4	140.3	136.6	145.7
अक्टू/Oct	142.6	146.0	147.2	142.8	138.4	145.4

तालिका ब.1.1.2 जारी / Table B.1.1.2 Contd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	भिलाई Bhilai	कोरबा Korba	रायपुर Raipur	दादरा एवं नगर हवेली Dadar & Nagar Haveli	दिल्ली Delhi	गोवा Goa
Base Year	1966= 100				1960= 100	1966= 100
Linking Factor	3.49				4.97	3.40
1	14	15	16	17	18	19
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.20				5.60	5.59
2006	121				122	121
2007	132				128	130
2008	145				137	144
2009	162				147	164
2010	180				163	188
2011	206				176	203
2012	241				191	222
2013	265				209	248
2014	277				223	258
2015	291				234	277
2016	306				246	289
2017	310				257	295
2018	319				275	319
2019	332				303	332
2020	343				315	351
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	3.13	#	#	#	2.82	3.20
2021	116.5	125.7	117.6	115.7	116.4	117.9
2022	122.5	132.5	126.8	123.6	125.7	125.3
2022 अक्टू/Oct	124.3	133.1	130.9	125.4	129.9	126.9
नव/Nov	123.3	137.5	128.9	124.3	130.0	126.4
दिस/Dec	122.4	136.7	128.0	123.3	128.7	126.8
2023 जन/Jan	122.3	137.0	128.2	124.8	128.2	128.0
फर/Feb	122.7	137.6	128.1	124.5	128.3	128.1
मार्च/Mar	124.1	138.5*	128.7	125.3	128.9	128.5*
अप्रैल/Apr	124.9	139.5	129.1	126.2	128.9	128.5
मई/May	126.1	138.9	129.3	126.1	129.0	128.4
जून/Jun	128.0	140.3	136.1	126.8	129.2	129.1
जुला/Jul	130.0	145.5*	141.8	126.8	133.6	131.1
अग/Aug	129.6	145.9	139.9	130.5	133.0	131.6
सित/Sep	127.1	143.1	136.0	129.2	131.0	130.9
अक्टू/Oct	127.4	144.2	136.4	129.8	131.5	131.3

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	अहमदाबाद Ahmedabad	भावनगर Bhavnagar	राजकोट Rajkot	सूरत Surat	वडोदरा Vadodara	फरीदाबाद Faridabad
Base Year	1960= 100	1960= 100				
Linking Factor	4.78	4.99	#	#	#	#
1	20	21	22	23	24	25
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.62	4.76	4.38	4.54	4.39	4.79
2006	120	119	118	118	120	122
2007	129	129	126	127	127	130
2008	138	135	132	134	133	145
2009	151	147	146	146	147	160
2010	171	174	174	162	167	182
2011	186	189	193	174	180	194
2012	206	206	216	192	198	207
2013	233	221	231	218	219	218
2014	238	225	237	224	230	226
2015	249	239	248	238	244	240
2016	261	257	269	248	261	253
2017	266	265	270	258	261	257
2018	273	280	284	263	269	267
2019	288	300	300	278	282	280
2020	305	316	324	291	297	296
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	2.73	2.84	2.90	2.64	2.66	2.57
2021	117.2	117.7	120.5	117.8	118.6	119.5
2022	123.7	126.3	130.3	123.8	124.1	127.7
2022 अक्टू/Oct	128.5*	131.3	133.3	126.4	127.4	130.8
नव/Nov	126.8	131.0	132.8	124.7	126.3	130.1
दिस/Dec	126.4	129.2	132.7	124.6	125.4	133.4
2023 जन/Jan	126.2	128.9	133.2	125.8	125.7	133.7
फर/Feb	126.1	129.3	133.2	126.8	126.3	134.0
मार्च/Mar	129.4	130.3	134.0	127.2	128.4	134.1
अप्रैल/Apr	129.8	131.8	134.9	129.0	130.0	134.1
मई/May	129.6	131.8	135.7	129.1	130.0	133.7
जून/Jun	134.9	132.7	136.1	129.5	131.2	135.3
जुला/Jul	137.9	135.8	139.0	132.8	134.2	143.2
अग/Aug	135.1	135.2	137.7	131.8	133.2	140.8
सित/Sep	134.2	132.4	133.3	129.8	132.7	137.7
अक्टू/Oct	135.3	132.7	132.8	130.8	134.1	137.9

तालिका ब.1.1.2 जारी / Table B.1.1.2 Contd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	गुरुग्राम Gurugram	यमुनानगर Yamunanagar	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	जम्मू व कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir	बोकारो Bokaro	धनबाद झरिया Dhanbad-Jharia
Base Year		1960= 100	1965= 100	1960= 100		1960= 100
Linking Factor		5.53	3.75	5.47		4.63
1	26	27	28	29	30	31
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100		4.34	4.53	5.62	#	3.72
2006		127	120	118	121	126
2007		133	126	125	130	136
2008		145	135	134	142	146
2009		162	147	155	158	161
2010		183	161	159	168	180
2011		197	172	172	192	198
2012		215	188	190	210	222
2013		230	208	203	229	262
2014		241	222	217	251	279
2015		248	232	235	268	290
2016		265	242	247	276	304
2017		273	254	261	276	306
2018		282	261	270	289	332
2019		300	274	282	307	367
2020		315	289	305	320	388
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	#	2.78	2.46	2.55	2.78	3.29
2021	122.1	119.5	123.4	127.1	121.4	126.4
2022	130.8	129.2	129.7	134.7	126.6	133.3
2022 अक्टू/Oct	136.1	133.6	131.7	137.3	129.1	137.3
नव/Nov	135.1	134.2	131.3	136.5*	128.1	136.6
दिस/Dec	133.6	134.5	130.2	136.0	126.9	135.9
2023 जन/Jan	133.9	134.2	130.2	136.4	126.4	136.3
फर/Feb	134.8	134.3	130.1	136.2	127.6	137.5*
मार्च/Mar	137.9	135.5*	131.5*	137.5*	128.1	137.3
अप्रैल/Apr	137.6	136.1	131.7	138.2	129.9	138.1
मई/May	137.0	136.1	131.5*	137.7	129.2	139.1
जून/Jun	138.6	139.6	132.2	137.8	130.1	140.2
जुला/Jul	146.9	144.7	136.3	141.6	134.3	144.4
अग/Aug	144.0	144.3	136.1	142.1	134.2	145.7
सित/Sep	142.5	140.0	132.6	143.2	132.6	143.0
अक्टू/Oct	142.9	140.9	133.0	143.9	134.0	143.8

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	जमशेदपुर Jamshedpur	रामगढ़ Ramgarh	बेलगाम Belgaum	बेंगलूरु Bengaluru	चिकमगलूर Chikmagalur	दवनगिरी Davanagere
Base Year	1960= 100		1960= 100			
Linking Factor	4.68		5.66	#		
1	32	33	34	35	36	37
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.23		5.02	4.51		
2006	126		125	125		
2007	132		133	136		
2008	142		144	150		
2009	157		162	167		
2010	182		179	181		
2011	213		200	194		
2012	232		217	211		
2013	251		242	238		
2014	265		254	253		
2015	288		266	268		
2016	314		279	278		
2017	327		290	287		
2018	342		297	289		
2019	363		310	299		
2020	400		326	310		
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	3.24	#	2.86	2.75	#	#
2021	133.4	126.8	122.6	117.6	113.3	124.9
2022	139.1	131.6	130.2	122.8	121.0	131.9
2022 अक्टू/Oct	140.8	134.2	134.8	125.0	125.5*	136.5*
नव/Nov	142.5	135.2	135.7	124.9	125.8	137.3
दिस/Dec	142.1	135.6	135.1	125.0	125.9	136.7
2023 जन/Jan	142.9	135.1	135.8	125.5	126.2	137.6
फर/Feb	141.5*	134.9	135.7	125.7	126.3	138.5*
मार्च/Mar	144.7	134.5	136.0	125.8	127.3	139.9
अप्रैल/Apr	147.5	136.4	137.8	127.8	127.7	140.8
मई/May	147.4	135.6	138.3	128.2	127.4	140.0
जून/Jun	147.2	135.1	140.3	130.0	128.2	142.8
जुला/Jul	151.5	139.5*	144.2	133.9	130.4	146.4
अग/Aug	154.4	139.7	143.4	133.2	130.6	146.1
सित/Sep	151.0	138.7	139.1	131.8	131.8	144.2
अक्टू/Oct	150.9	141.7	138.8	132.7	132.7	144.8

तालिका ब.1.1.2 जारी / Table B.1.1.2 Contd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	हुबली-धारवाड़ Hubli Dharwar	मरकारा Mercara- Kodagu	मैसूर Mysore	एरनाकुलम Ernakulam / Alwaye	इडुकी Idukki	कोललम Kollam
Base Year	1960= 100					
Linking Factor	#	#	#	5.19	#	#
1	38	39	40	41	42	43
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.71	4.47	#	4.52	#	4.61
2006	123	114	123	125		126
2007	132	121	130	131		129
2008	147	135	142	142		143
2009	164	154	160	153		154
2010	182	172	174	167		172
2011	200	188	187	185		195
2012	219	208	205	199		206
2013	248	240	242	225		236
2014	266	255	258	248		260
2015	281	269	267	260		277
2016	293	282	280	268		297
2017	299	296	295	289		323
2018	314	302	302	304		339
2019	337	313	316	321		365
2020	354	321	328	341		379
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	3.10	2.97	2.92	2.84	#	3.21
2021	120.3	115.9	120.5	126.8	125.5	123.7
2022	126.2	125.5	128.1	131.9	132.6	129.7
2022 अक्टू/Oct	127.7	129.2	132.0	134.1	134.8	133.0
नव/Nov	128.0	129.6	132.5*	134.3	134.8	133.1
दिस/Dec	127.5*	130.5*	132.5*	134.1	136.5*	133.5*
2023 जन/Jan	128.3	130.6	132.7	134.2	136.1	133.2
फर/Feb	128.4	130.2	132.6	133.9	134.7	132.3
मार्च/Mar	129.8	129.6	133.1	135.1	135.0	133.8
अप्रैल/Apr	131.6	130.8	134.8	136.1	136.7	134.9
मई/May	132.4	131.8	135.1	135.4	136.9	134.0
जून/Jun	133.3	132.9	136.2	138.9	140.1	134.9
जुला/Jul	135.8	136.7	138.1	141.3	142.3	134.9
अग/Aug	136.0	135.4	137.6	139.3	142.8	138.6
सित/Sep	134.4	133.6	138.1	137.9	140.8	136.7
अक्टू/Oct	135.4	135.3	138.6	138.4	140.6	136.8

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	भोपाल Bhopal	छिंदवाड़ा Chhindwara	इन्दौर Indore	जबलपुर Jabalpur	मुम्बई Mumbai	नागपुर Nagpur
Base Year	1960= 100	1966= 100	1960= 100	1949= 100	1960= 100	1960= 100
Linking Factor	5.46	2.59	5.18	6.41	5.12	4.99
1	44	45	46	47	48	49
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.83	4.03	4.73	4.53	5.18	4.68
2006	127	127	122	128	126	130
2007	135	137	131	135	134	140
2008	145	150	140	148	144	151
2009	161	162	152	159	159	174
2010	185	177	168	184	174	203
2011	205	195	181	198	192	220
2012	221	216	200	212	212	240
2013	238	242	222	231	237	265
2014	251	247	232	240	257	277
2015	260	262	243	256	276	294
2016	271	281	252	274	287	306
2017	276	286	257	279	289	312
2018	301	293	269	298	294	344
2019	333	314	288	325	312	396
2020	349	334	304	342	327	413
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	3.11	2.94	2.70	3.00	2.91	3.60
2021	119.1	120.9	116.9	124.1	116.6	121.2
2022	124.9	127.9	123.1	131.9	122.7	128.7
2022 अक्तू/Oct	127.2	129.1	126.7	132.9	126.1	129.6
नव/Nov	127.6	132.1	125.4	132.9	125.3	129.2
दिस/Dec	126.8	130.4	124.4	132.6	124.3	132.2
2023 जन/Jan	127.8	130.5	125.3	133.1	124.8	132.9
फर/Feb	128.2	130.3	125.4	133.2	124.9	132.7
मार्च/Mar	129.3	130.4	126.9	133.6	125.5	133.1
अप्रैल/Apr	129.5	129.6	127.4	134.5*	126.1	133.5
मई/May	130.1	130.4	127.6	139.7	126.2	135.4
जून/Jun	131.6	135.4	128.2	141.0	127.3	135.8
जुला/Jul	135.5*	137.5*	130.9	143.0	131.4	140.0
अग/Aug	136.8	137.3	132.5	143.0	130.4	138.7
सित/Sep	135.1	136.5	130.4	140.0	128.2	136.9
अक्तू/Oct	135.2	137.4	131.1	140.4	129.2	137.6

तालिका ब.1.1.2 जारी / Table B.1.1.2 Contd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	नासिक Nasik	पुणे Pune	शोलापुर Solapur	ठाणे Thane	शिलोंग Shillong	अंगुल-तलचर Angul- Talcher
Base Year			1960= 100			
Linking Factor	#	#	5.03			
1	50	51	52	53	54	55
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.94	4.96	4.73			#
2006	124	127	123			120
2007	130	136	139			128
2008	139	146	149			143
2009	157	162	160			160
2010	181	181	179			181
2011	204	200	199			200
2012	223	217	216			221
2013	242	237	239			241
2014	255	254	261			256
2015	271	266	281			265
2016	285	277	293			284
2017	291	275	294			297
2018	322	306	305			310
2019	364	345	335			335
2020	386	368	355			357
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	3.42	3.22	3.10	#	#	2.88
2021	118.3	119.0	125.0	115.9	131.9	129.3
2022	123.3	122.5	134.8	123.7	139.4	140.5
2022 अक्टू/Oct	123.6	124.2	139.4	125.5*	141.8	143.4
नव/Nov	126.4	122.3	137.2	125.3	142.4	142.7
दिस/Dec	124.5*	122.4	137.9	124.9	143.5*	143.4
2023 जन/Jan	124.4	123.4	138.9	125.1	144.8	142.1
फर/Feb	124.5	123.4	138.5*	124.8	144.8	142.6
मार्च/Mar	124.6	124.3	138.8	126.0	145.3	144.7
अप्रैल/Apr	125.6	124.3	141.1	126.8	145.5	144.0
मई/May	125.6	125.0	141.7	126.7	146.3	144.4
जून/Jun	126.3	126.3	143.1	127.5*	147.2	152.9
जुला/Jul	131.5*	127.4	143.9	129.6	148.5*	153..2
अग/Aug	131.7	127.1	144.1	128.8	148.5	150.1
सित/Sep	131.5	125.0	142.9	127.2	148.6	149.7
अक्टू/Oct	132.2	128.1	142.9	128.0	149.0	150.6

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	कटक Cuttack	क्योंझर Keonjhar	पुडुचेरी Puducherry	अमृतसर Amritsar	जालंधर Jalandhar	लुधियाना Ludhiana
Base Year				1960= 100		
Linking Factor			#	5.19		#
1	56	57	58	59	60	61
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100			4.88	4.09	#	4.12
2006			123	130	126	129
2007			130	139	131	134
2008			146	149	141	146
2009			163	163	155	160
2010			173	190	174	175
2011			184	208	190	188
2012			209	227	205	205
2013			237	240	224	222
2014			256	255	239	235
2015			271	263	250	251
2016			286	271	270	273
2017			299	281	281	275
2018			308	308	299	282
2019			320	343	326	299
2020			335	360	339	315
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	#	#	2.88	2.98	2.84	2.62
2021	129.1	128.9	127.1	121.7	120.9	122.3
2022	139.0	138.6	134.9	124.8	131.0	130.8
2022 अक्टू/Oct	141.7	141.5	137.0	126.9	135.5*	137.4
नव/Nov	140.6	142.3	137.2	125.2	136.7	139.2
दिस/Dec	139.4	140.6	138.1	126.6	137.5*	138.6
2023 जन/Jan	140.7	141.3	140.3	126.6	139.5*	137.6
फर/Feb	141.5	140.9	138.5	129.7	139.1	137.8
मार्च/Mar	141.6	142.3	139.1	129.0	139.7	140.1
अप्रैल/Apr	143.2	143.2	140.7	128.1	140.5*	141.1
मई/May	143.2	143.2	142.6	128.1	140.1	140.1
जून/Jun	144.5	146.4	148.2	132.0	139.7	141.5*
जुला/Jul	147.4	145.4	155.4	134.9	145.8	148.3
अग/Aug	151.8	145.7	155.1	135.5	149.8	145.8
सित/Sep	151.5	145.3	153.6	135.8	144.4	143.6
अक्टू/Oct	151.1	145.6	153.3	135.7	144.7	146.8

तालिका ब.1.1.2 जारी / Table B.1.1.2 Contd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	संगरूर Sangrur	अलवर Alwar	भीलवाड़ा Bhilwara	जयपुर Jaipur	चेन्नई Chennai	कोयम्बटूर Coimbatore
Base Year			1966= 100	1960= 100	1960= 100	1960= 100
Linking Factor			3.20	5.17	5.05	5.35
1	62	63	64	65	66	67
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100			4.62	4.25	4.95	4.49
2006			125	127	118	119
2007			133	134	124	127
2008			144	145	135	137
2009			158	159	149	151
2010			176	179	161	166
2011			192	192	171	176
2012			215	214	196	193
2013			236	230	218	217
2014			245	238	230	231
2015			259	245	248	243
2016			269	257	255	250
2017			274	268	261	265
2018			278	282	269	275
2019			296	313	284	290
2020			310	326	296	304
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	#	#	2.71	2.89	2.50	2.60
2021	119.4	120.9	118.5	115.8	122.5	120.7
2022	128.2	126.3	127.0	123.1	127.3	125.7
2022 अक्टू/Oct	131.6	128.5	129.7	126.2	129.9	128.4
नव/Nov	132.5*	127.8	129.8	126.3	129.7	127.6
दिस/Dec	132.8	127.1	129.8	126.0	130.4	127.0
2023 जन/Jan	132.7	127.1	129.9	126.7	131.9	130.0
फर/Feb	132.6	126.5*	130.2	126.8	131.3	129.1
मार्च/Mar	132.4	127.1	131.7	127.6	130.6	129.2
अप्रैल/Apr	131.8	126.9	132.0	128.1	131.7	130.7
मई/May	132.0	127.1	132.2	127.8	133.1	133.3
जून/Jun	134.6	128.2	134.0	128.6	137.7	135.5*
जुला/Jul	139.8	131.0	136.1	130.0	139.9	138.2
अग/Aug	137.5	130.2	132.6	125.2	139.0	139.7
सित/Sep	137.6	126.1	130.5	123.4	137.4	138.6
अक्टू/Oct	138.4	127.5	131.5*	124.2	136.1	138.0

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	कुनूर Coonoor	मदुरई Madurai	सेलम Salem	तिरुनेल्वेलि Tirunelveli	विरुधु नगर Virudhu Nagar	हैदराबाद Hyderabad
Base Year	1960=100	1960= 100				1960= 100
Linking Factor	4.80	5.27	#			5.23
1	68	69	70	71	72	73
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	4.58	4.51	4.45			4.79
2006	115	116	114			116
2007	122	121	122			123
2008	134	134	134			135
2009	148	147	151			152
2010	168	162	163			165
2011	182	174	172			174
2012	204	196	192			190
2013	224	218	216			207
2014	241	239	233			217
2015	261	259	254			228
2016	272	265	268			240
2017	281	277	270			246
2018	304	281	280			252
2019	336	303	297			267
2020	352	317	307			284
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	2.96	2.69	2.69	#	#	2.44
2021	126.6	125.3	121.9	125.6	122.4	121.2
2022	127.3	132.1	127.2	134.6	128.1	128.3
2022 अक्टू/Oct	131.8	136.4	130.3	138.2	129.5*	133.4
नव/Nov	129.6	137.4	130.8	138.5*	131.0	133.0
दिस/Dec	129.7	138.2	131.8	140.9	130.8	132.5*
2023 जन/Jan	131.2	138.5	132.4	141.6	132.9	132.6
फर/feb	131.1	137.4	131.1	141.0	134.0	133.1
मार्च/Mar	132.6	136.5*	129.7	139.9	135.0	133.1
अप्रैल/Apr	133.2	136.6	127.8	141.6	136.9	133.7
मई/May	134.1	137.7	131.6	143.5	136.7	134.6
जून/Jun	137.3	140.1	134.7	145.2	138.4	136.8
जुला/Jul	141.8	144.4	142.0	147.0	141.6	138.3
अग/Aug	138.9	142.1	138.7	147.9	140.7	137.8
सित/Sep	137.2	138.1	132.0	148.0	140.7	136.5
अक्टू/Oct	136.1	139.5	135.4	149.0	143.1	137.5

तालिका ब.1.1.2 जारी / Table B.1.1.2 Contd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	मांचेरीयाल Mancheriyal	वारंगल Warrangal	त्रिपुरा Tripura	आगरा Agra	गाजियाबाद/ गौ. बु.नगर Ghaziabad/G. B. Nagar	कानपुर Kanpur
Base Year			1961= 100			1960= 100
Linking Factor		#	4.37	#	#	4.69
1	74	75	76	77	78	79
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100		4.75	4.17	4.36	4.78	4.50
2006		123	115	128	125	125
2007		133	123	136	132	132
2008		149	131	146	142	141
2009		172	144	168	159	158
2010		199	156	193	182	183
2011		204	167	208	198	200
2012		222	177	220	209	214
2013		247	194	240	232	237
2014		259	210	255	240	255
2015		272	227	269	256	268
2016		287	244	291	270	285
2017		287	256	303	277	287
2018		302	264	332	306	313
2019		323	267	362	341	347
2020		343	282	387	355	368
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	#	2.97	2.43	3.33	3.00	3.15
2021	131.0	121.9	120.5	123.5	122.8	124.1
2022	138.8	131.2	130.3	132.3	131.3	131.8
2022 अक्टू/Oct	143.0	136.2	133.1	137.3	135.7	135.2
नव/Nov	144.8	135.4	133.9	137.1	136.1	135.6
दिस/Dec	144.3	135.3	133.3	137.6	135.1	134.8
2023 जन/Jan	144.5*	135.6	132.0	136.9	134.8	135.3
फर/Feb	145.0	136.1	130.9	137.3	135.4	135.7
मार्च/Mar	145.6	137.2	129.9	138.2	136.7	136.2
अप्रैल/Apr	146.5	137.4	130.5	139.0	137.0	136.9
मई/May	146.7	138.2	130.4	139.0	137.9	137.5
जून/Jun	148.2	141.2	134.7	141.1	138.9	138.9
जुला/Jul	151.2	145.6	140.4	147.0	142.9	141.8
अग/Aug	150.1	146.6	141.0	144.8	140.5	142.3
सित/Sep	149.2	144.8	140.7	142.4	141.1	139.9
अक्टू/Oct	150.5*	145.5	140.4	142.7	142.4	140.4

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	लखनऊ Lucknow	वाराणसी Varanasi	उधम सिंह नगर Udham Singh Nagar	दार्जिलिंग Darjeeling	दुर्गापुर Durgapur	हल्दिया Haldia
Base Year	1960=100		1960=100			
Linking Factor	5.12		4.55		#	#
1	80	81	82	83	84	85
I. Base 2001=100						
Linking Factor with 1982=100	#	4.96		3.80	5.13	5.64
2006	121	122		120	121	116
2007	129	131		130	130	124
2008	144	142		142	140	131
2009	163	160		153	155	144
2010	185	183		170	178	161
2011	195	194		184	193	185
2012	203	208		196	215	211
2013	224	231		215	263	230
2014	242	247		232	282	241
2015	261	265		239	287	275
2016	274	278		253	298	302
2017	275	279		260	306	310
2018	305	302		272	317	325
2019	343	338		279	331	351
2020	369	360		285	341	410
II. Base 2016=100						
Linking Factor with 2001=100	3.05	3.03	#	2.53	2.92	3.55
2021	126.0	124.8	130.7	116.0	123.2	117.0
2022	136.1	130.9	138.4	120.4	133.1	120.7
2022 अक्टू/Oct	140.8	135.2	142.3	125.2	137.4	122.5*
नव/Nov	140.1	135.2	141.9	125.5*	137.1	122.4
दिस/Dec	138.2	134.1	141.5	125.1	135.6	122.1
2023 जन/Jan	138.8	134.8	142.5	125.4	134.9	121.9
फर/Feb	140.6	134.5	143.4	125.7	135.5	122.6
मार्च/Mar	141.0	135.9	144.7	126.0	136.3	123.4
अप्रैल/Apr	142.0	136.2	145.4	125.3	138.0	124.5
मई/May	142.8	135.8	144.5*	124.8	138.1	124.6
जून/Jun	142.9	135.3	146.8	125.9	138.7	125.8
जुला/Jul	148.0	139.3	153.7	127.9	142.2	127.6
अग/Aug	147.4	139.3	151.7	128.1	140.8	126.6
सित/Sep	144.9	138.3	145.9	126.8	139.3	127.4
अक्टू/Oct	145.6	138.5*	145.9	126.9	141.3	127.1

तालिका ब.1.1.2 समाप्त / Table B.1.1.2 Concl'd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	हावड़ा Howrah	जलपाईगुड़ी Jalpaiguri	कोलकाता Kolkata	रानीगंज Raniganj
Base Year	1960= 100	1960= 100	1960= 100	1960= 100
Linking Factor	4.12	4.16	4.74	4.40
1	86	87	88	89
I. Base 2001=100				
Linking Factor with 1982=100	5.42	3.96	5.12	4.02
2006	121	117	121	124
2007	130	125	132	132
2008	139	136	142	140
2009	154	150	156	156
2010	171	167	172	169
2011	183	179	185	180
2012	199	192	199	195
2013	215	221	222	214
2014	228	241	239	228
2015	240	252	251	238
2016	258	266	261	253
2017	267	272	266	251
2018	281	280	278	271
2019	293	285	292	297
2020	309	299	306	319
II. Base 2016=100				
Linking Factor with 2001=100	2.58	2.52	2.46	2.57
2021	122.2	119.2	126.0	130.7
2022	130.9	128.9	137.4	139.8
2022 अक्टू/Oct	135.5	134.5	141.0	142.4
नव/Nov	135.2	134.3	139.7	141.7
दिस/Dec	135.0	132.9	138.4	142.0
2023 जन/Jan	134.7	132.2	137.8	141.2
फर/Feb	135.0	130.4	137.5*	139.4
मार्च/Mar	135.2	131.4	138.3	139.4
अप्रैल/Apr	139.3	132.1	138.0	140.0
मई/May	138.9	131.8	137.6	140.7
जून/Jun	139.7	135.7	138.2	141.3
जुला/Jul	142.6	136.4	141.7	143.3
अग/Aug	141.6	138.0	140.9	142.8
सित/Sep	140.6	139.9	140.8	141.8
अक्टू/Oct	140.8	140.2	141.6	143.2

#- No Linking Factor as these centres were not covered in the earlier series.

* Rounded up from second decimal place.

Linking Factor – Figures on previous base (General Index) can be obtained by multiplying the index numbers of new base by the respective linking factors given against each centre and rounding off the result to the nearest whole number.

1.2 कृषि एवं ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers

तालिका ब.1.2.1 (अ) - कृषि श्रमिकों के लिए वर्ष-वार अखिल भारतीय औसत उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक (सामान्य एवं खाद्य आधार: 1986-87 = 100)

Table B.1.2.1 (a) - Year-wise All India Average Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural Labourers (General & Food on Base: 1986-87=100)

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	वार्षिक औसत सूचकांक Annual Average Indices for							
	Agricultural Year		Twelve Monthly moving average of General Index	Financial Year		Calendar Year		
	General Index	Food Index		General Index	Food Index	Year	General Index	Food Index
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1995-1996@	240 @	242 @	-	237^	239^	1995	239\$	242\$
1996-1997	260	264	-	256	260	1996	249	253
1997-1998	269	269	-	264	264	1997	262	262
1998-1999	299	305	-	293	299	1998	287	293
1999-2000	309	314	-	306	312	1999	304	310
2000-2001	304	299	-	305	303	2000	307	307
2001-2002	311	304	-	309	302	2001	307	300
2002-2003	323	316	-	318	312	2002	315	308
2003-2004	332	326	-	331	325	2003	328	322
2004-2005	342	335	-	340	333	2004	337	331
2005-2006	358	351	-	353	345	2005	348	341
2006-2007	388	384	-	380	376	2006	372	366
2007-2008	417	416	-	409	406	2007	402	400
2008-2009	462	464	-	450	452	2008	439	440
2009-2010	530	540	-	513	522	2009	494	500
2010-2011	577	582	-	564	572	2010	553	562
2011-2012	622	610	-	611	602	2011	602	598
2012-2013	692	679	-	672	658	2012	652	638
2013-2014	764	750	-	750	737	2013	735	724
2014-2015	808	783	-	800	778	2014	788	769
2015-2016	847	820	-	835	807	2015	825	797
2016-2017	873	841	-	870	841	2016	864	837
2017-2018	893	846	-	741	708	2017	883	845
2018-2019	920	863	-	907	850	2018	900	844
2019-2020	999	955	-	980	932	2019	957	905
2020-2021	1042	994	-	1034	990	2020	1027	987
2021-2022	1092	1026	-	1075	1013	2021	1060	1002
2022-2023	1166	1094	-	1148	1076	2022	1129	1059
2022-2023								
अक्टू/Oct	1159	1093	1117					
नव/Nov	1167	1098	1124					
दिस/Dec	1167	1096	1129					
जन/Jan	1170	1096	1136					
फर/Feb	1171	1096	1142					
मार्च/March	1175	1098	1148					
अप्रैल/April	1180	1104	1154					
मई/May	1186	1112	1160					
जून/June	1196	1126	1166					
2023-2024								
जुलाई/July	1215	1152	1173					
अगस्त/August	1224	1164	1180					
सित/Sept	1226	1166	1186					
अक्टू/Oct	1241	1185	1193					

Note: -(i) Agricultural Year (July to June). (ii) Financial Year (April to March). (iii) New series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural Labourers on Base: 1986-87=100 released w.e.f. November, 1995. To obtain indices on Base: 1960-61=100, the index figures need to be multiplied by the linking factor as below:-

General Index - 5.89 Food Index - 6.38

@ = औसत केवल 8 महीनों अर्थात् नव., 95 से जून, 96 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 8 months i.e. Nov., 95 to June, 96 only.

^ = औसत केवल 5 महीनों अर्थात् नव., 95 से मार्च, 96 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 5 months i.e. Nov., 95 to March, 96 only

\$ = औसत केवल 2 महीनों अर्थात् नव., 95 से दिस., 95 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 2 months i.e. Nov., 95 and Dec., 95 only.

तालिका ब.1.2.1 (ब) - ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए वर्ष-वार अखिल भारतीय औसत उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक (सामान्य एवं खाद्य आधार: 1986-87 = 100)

Table B.1.2.1 (b) - Year-wise All India Average Consumer Price Index Numbers for Rural Labourers (General & Food on Base: 1986-87=100)

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	वार्षिक औसत सूचकांक/Annual Average Indices for							
	Agricultural Year		Twelve Monthly moving average of General Index	Financial Year		Calendar Year		
	General Index	Food Index		General Index	Food Index	Year	General Index	Food Index
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1995-1996@	240@	242@	-	238^	240^	1995	239\$	242\$
1996-1997	260	264	-	256	260	1996	250	253
1997-1998	270	270	-	266	265	1997	263	263
1998-1999	299	305	-	294	300	1998	288	293
1999-2000	310	313	-	307	311	1999	305	310
2000-2001	306	300	-	307	303	2000	308	307
2001-2002	313	305	-	311	303	2001	309	302
2002-2003	325	317	-	321	312	2002	318	309
2003-2004	335	327	-	333	326	2003	331	323
2004-2005	344	335	-	342	333	2004	340	332
2005-2006	360	352	-	355	346	2005	351	341
2006-2007	389	384	-	382	376	2006	373	366
2007-2008	418	416	-	409	406	2007	403	399
2008-2009	462	463	-	451	452	2008	440	440
2009-2010	529	541	-	513	523	2009	494	500
2010-2011	577	582	-	564	573	2010	552	563
2011-2012	623	611	-	611	603	2011	602	599
2012-2013	693	681	-	673	660	2012	654	640
2013-2014	765	751	-	751	738	2013	735	725
2014-2015	811	787	-	802	781	2014	791	771
2015-2016	852	826	-	839	813	2015	829	802
2016-2017	879	847	-	875	847	2016	869	843
2017-2018	900	852	-	895	852	2017	889	850
2018-2019	927	868	-	915	855	2018	908	850
2019-2020	1005	959	-	986	937	2019	964	910
2020-2021	1049	1000	-	1040	995	2020	1033	991
2021-2022	1102	1034	-	1084	1021	2021	1068	1009
2022-2023	1177	1101	-	1160	1084	2022	1141	1066
2022-23								
अक्तू/Oct	1170	1100	1128					
नव/Nov	1178	1105	1135					
दिस/Dec	1179	1102	1141					
जन/Jan	1181	1103	1147					
फर/Feb	1182	1102	1154					
मार्च/March	1186	1105	1160					
अप्रैल/April	1192	1111	1166					
मई/May	1197	1118	1172					
जून/June	1207	1131	1177					
2023-24								
जुलाई/July	1226	1158	1184					
अगस्त/August	1234	1170	1191					
सित/Sept	1237	1171	1197					
अक्तू/Oct	1251	1190	1204					

टिप्पणी Note: - (i) कृषि वर्ष/Agricultural Year (जुलाई से जून/July to June), (ii) वित्तीय वर्ष/Financial Year (अप्रैल से मार्च/April to March), (iii) ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए आधार 1986-87=100 पर उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक की नई श्रृंखला नवम्बर, 1995 से पहली बार शुरू की गई/Nov series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Rural Labourers on Base: 1986-87=100 was introduced for the first time w.e.f. November, 1995.

@ = औसत केवल 8 महीनों अर्थात् नव., 95 से जून, 96 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 8 months i.e. Nov., 95 to June, 96 only.

^ = औसत केवल 5 महीनों अर्थात् नव., 95 से मार्च, 96 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 5 months i.e. Nov., 95 to March, 96 only

\$ = औसत केवल 2 महीनों अर्थात् नव., 95 से दिस., 95 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 2 months i.e. Nov., 95 and Dec., 95 only.

तालिका ब.1.2.2 (अ) - कृषि श्रमिकों के लिए राज्य-वार श्रम ब्यूरो की उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक श्रृंखला (सामान्य सूचकांक आधार: 1986-87 = 100)

Table B.1.2.2 (a) - State-wise Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers for Agricultural Labourers (General Index on Base: 1986-87=100)

कृषि वर्ष/महीना Agricultural Year/Month	आंध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	असम Assam	बिहार Bihar	गुजरात Gujarat	हरियाणा Haryana	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir
Linking factor	4.84	b	6.22	5.34	*	*	5.98
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1995-1996 @	243	244	223	241	235	220	226
1996-1997	268	259	250	254	265	240	252
1997-1998	282	281	252	270	278	256	269
1998-1999	309	311	285	297	306	283	303
1999-2000	318	323	300	310	312	294	323
2000-2001	317	322	282	314	313	292	326
2001-2002	328	320	290	320	322	298	331
2002-2003	342	330	299	332	329	308	344
2003-2004	347	343	311	339	341	321	345
2004-2005	357	347	324	350	359	325	348
2005-2006	371	362	347	369	376	343	359
2006-2007	401	388	384	403	403	367	392
2007-2008	430	417	411	424	447	376	413
2008-2009	484	451	446	459	498	406	453
2009-2010	552	520	500	538	588	455	524
2010-2011	603	580	532	583	642	484	568
2011-2012	668	622	552	627	690	513	608
2012-2013	733	682	617	694	765	555	671
2013-2014	820	740	691	777	840	619	730
2014-2015	873	789	718	822	898	660	765
2015-2016	930	803	726	876	931	690	791
2016-2017	958	810	728	900	974	720	818
2017-2018	986	844	726	898	989	735	843
2018-2019	1027	866	750	929	1017	749	879
2019-2020	1130	937	828	1017	1090	785	938
2020-2021	1186	973	852	1045	1118	803	970
2021-2022	1244	1029	906	1106	1188	866	1042
2022-2023	1324	1065	988	1191	1276	911	1116
2022-23							
अक्टू/Oct	1308	1078	974	1185	1268	913	1115
नव/Nov	1316	1069	990	1188	1278	912	1123
दिस/Dec	1322	1071	993	1184	1276	911	1122
जन/Jan	1328	1059	996	1186	1281	914	1125
फर/Feb	1332	1052	994	1194	1287	915	1127
मार्च/March	1338	1056	999	1202	1291	917	1130
अप्रैल/April	1341	1060	1005	1205	1294	918	1133
मई/May	1358	1055	1012	1210	1296	918	1132
जून/June	1378	1063	1019	1227	1299	914	1114
2023-24							
जुलाई/July	1399	1082	1027	1249	1321	932	1134
अगस्त/August	1412	1098	1033	1266	1325	942	1145
सित/Sept	1400	1101	1042	1270	1323	949	1151
अक्टू/Oct	1416	1115	1055	1289	1332	960	1183

तालिका ब.1.2.2 (अ) समाप्त / Table B.1.2.2 (a) Concl'd.

कृषि वर्ष/महीना Agricultural Year/Month	कर्नाटक Karnataka	केरल Kerala	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	मणिपुर Manipur	मेघालय Meghalaya	ओडिशा Odisha
Linking factor	5.81	6.56	6.04	5.85	*	*	6.05
1	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1995-1996 @	251	259	237	248	244	252	236
1996-1997	266	281	261	256	252	264	254
1997-1998	276	292	273	266	268	282	262
1998-1999	306	305	300	291	292	321	289
1999-2000	316	312	313	304	312	338	316
2000-2001	302	321	310	303	316	346	304
2001-2002	309	321	310	306	304	351	300
2002-2003	325	330	318	321	300	343	298
2003-2004	341	342	318	335	308	350	314
2004-2005	340	351	330	350	310	360	320
2005-2006	341	356	352	368	328	382	334
2006-2007	367	374	388	402	337	410	365
2007-2008	406	403	412	432	367	439	400
2008-2009	458	454	459	475	407	484	438
2009-2010	535	496	525	562	455	540	495
2010-2011	595	562	569	619	527	576	538
2011-2012	665	601	615	691	594	633	562
2012-2013	750	665	679	760	639	706	631
2013-2014	826	772	723	804	718	756	714
2014-2015	877	840	737	861	787	794	764
2015-2016	949	877	771	912	811	831	741
2016-2017	1019	931	794	952	836	855	744
2017-2018	1054	980	796	957	863	885	770
2018-2019	1032	1002	814	990	910	912	806
2019-2020	1109	1045	857	1124	974	988	865
2020-2021	1149	1053	871	1161	1002	1044	887
2021-2022	1252	1115	943	1217	1031	1115	942
2022-2023	1298	1197	1017	1298	1053	1158	999
2022-23							
अक्तू/Oct	1288	1192	1007	1291	1060	1158	1002
नव/Nov	1293	1193	1013	1302	1056	1161	1007
दिस/Dec	1295	1199	1014	1297	1047	1158	1004
जन/Jan	1301	1204	1018	1302	1040	1157	1002
फर/Feb	1305	1206	1023	1304	1037	1152	1001
मार्च/March	1308	1207	1028	1306	1042	1159	999
अप्रैल/April	1315	1212	1031	1313	1051	1166	1004
मई/May	1325	1211	1040	1322	1063	1163	1000
जून/June	1342	1211	1054	1328	1082	1171	1007
2023-24							
जुलाई/July	1362	1237	1081	1343	1096	1186	1027
अगस्त/August	1379	1245	1093	1352	1105	1205	1040
सित/Sept	1385	1236	1100	1359	1110	1215	1047
अक्तू/Oct	1403	1237	1112	1375	1112	1234	1063

टिप्पण Note:- कृषि वर्ष/Agricultural Year (जुलाई से जून/July to June)

@ = औसत केवल 8 महीनों अर्थात नव., 95 से जून, 96 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 8 months i.e. Nov., 95 to June, 96 only

कृषि वर्ष/महीना Agricultural Year/Month	पंजाब Punjab	राजस्थान Rajasthan	तमिल नाडु Tamil Nadu	त्रिपुरा Tripura	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal
Linking factor	c	6.15	5.67	*	6.60	5.73
1	16	17	18	19	20	21
1995-1996 @	244	238	246	220	232	230
1996-1997	263	261	261	240	264	247
1997-1998	278	268	264	263	268	259
1998-1999	306	290	291	312	298	308
1999-2000	314	310	302	331	307	303
2000-2001	316	311	299	324	301	292
2001-2002	326	309	311	322	312	303
2002-2003	331	325	344	325	323	305
2003-2004	343	323	349	326	331	321
2004-2005	355	346	347	337	343	333
2005-2006	380	377	355	351	371	342
2006-2007	417	413	371	383	408	365
2007-2008	448	439	403	407	433	395
2008-2009	501	490	455	433	469	432
2009-2010	586	573	514	466	535	504
2010-2011	624	608	565	514	566	561
2011-2012	685	668	605	548	595	592
2012-2013	756	749	686	587	672	655
2013-2014	822	822	767	668	734	730
2014-2015	865	870	829	730	766	755
2015-2016	894	915	901	764	817	760
2016-2017	942	960	955	768	808	778
2017-2018	964	950	1020	763	796	821
2018-2019	990	997	1056	817	839	827
2019-2020	1055	1083	1163	869	906	864
2020-2021	1081	1094	1215	889	926	889
2021-2022	1153	1151	1273	907	971	958
2022-2023	1234	1260	1348	966	1042	1023
2022-23						
अक्तू/Oct	1225	1244	1337	962	1043	1029
नव/Nov	1233	1256	1345	969	1057	1032
दिस/Dec	1235	1263	1350	966	1054	1025
जन/Jan	1239	1269	1356	968	1053	1015
फर/Feb	1244	1273	1359	965	1050	1013
मार्च/March	1249	1278	1360	970	1046	1022
अप्रैल/April	1254	1281	1367	975	1048	1034
मई/May	1253	1280	1371	982	1045	1043
जून/June	1257	1284	1391	993	1050	1045
2023-24						
जुलाई/July	1276	1294	1420	994	1062	1064
अगस्त/August	1288	1297	1423	996	1066	1068
सित/Sept	1293	1297	1413	1001	1078	1077
अक्तू/Oct	1308	1306	1427	1021	1083	1103

* = राज्यों के सूचकांकों को पहली बार नवंबर, 1995 से संकलित एवं प्रकाशित किया गया / Indices for the State compiled and published for the first time w.e.f. November, 1995.

b & c = आधार 1986-87=100 पर असम तथा पंजाब के लिए सम्पर्क कारकों को प्राप्त करने हेतु कृपया इंडियन लेबर जर्नल का फरवरी, 1996 अंक में प्रकाशित लेख देखें / To obtain linking factors for Assam and Punjab on Base 1986-87=100, please refer the article published in February, 1996 issue of the Indian Labour Journal.

तालिका ब.1.2.2 (ब) - ग्रामीण श्रमिकों के लिए राज्य-वार श्रम ब्यूरो की उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक
Table B.1.2.2 (b) - State-wise Labour Bureau's Series of Consumer Price Index Numbers

कृषि वर्ष/महीना Agricultural Year/Month	आंध्र प्रदेश Andhra Pradesh	असम Assam	बिहार Bihar	गुजरात Gujarat	हरियाणा Haryana	हिमाचल प्रदेश Himachal Pradesh	जम्मू एवं कश्मीर Jammu & Kashmir
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1995-1996 @	244	243	223	241	237	221	225
1996-1997	269	258	250	254	266	240	250
1997-1998	282	278	254	270	279	258	266
1998-1999	309	310	287	298	306	284	297
1999-2000	318	321	302	311	312	295	316
2000-2001	318	321	284	315	314	294	319
2001-2002	328	320	292	322	323	304	324
2002-2003	343	330	301	333	330	314	337
2003-2004	348	344	313	341	342	326	340
2004-2005	357	348	326	351	361	331	344
2005-2006	371	364	348	371	378	350	359
2006-2007	401	390	384	403	404	377	393
2007-2008	429	419	412	425	445	388	413
2008-2009	482	454	447	460	495	420	451
2009-2010	550	524	500	538	583	474	521
2010-2011	599	583	532	583	638	503	564
2011-2012	665	625	555	626	685	535	602
2012-2013	732	686	620	692	759	582	668
2013-2014	817	746	695	775	834	653	726
2014-2015	870	796	724	821	893	696	760
2015-2016	927	813	732	877	930	728	788
2016-2017	954	821	731	900	970	765	819
2017-2018	982	853	731	899	984	779	844
2018-2019	1022	876	757	929	1012	794	880
2019-2020	1125	946	834	1015	1082	832	945
2020-2021	1159	984	858	1043	1110	851	977
2021-2022	1242	1045	914	1107	1186	917	1051
2022-2023	1323	1084	997	1194	1275	961	1132
2022-23							
अक्टू/Oct	1306	1097	984	1188	1267	962	1133
नव/Nov	1315	1088	1000	1190	1277	965	1142
दिस/Dec	1322	1089	1002	1187	1275	961	1139
जन/Jan	1328	1077	1005	1190	1279	960	1140
फर/Feb	1331	1070	1002	1198	1285	961	1142
मार्च/March	1338	1073	1007	1205	1290	968	1146
अप्रैल/April	1341	1078	1014	1208	1293	969	1147
मई/May	1358	1077	1023	1213	1295	968	1146
जून/June	1378	1084	1028	1230	1299	973	1130
2023-24							
जुलाई/July	1400	1103	1038	1251	1320	993	1150
अगस्त/August	1412	1118	1043	1269	1324	1003	1161
सित्त/Sept	1400	1123	1052	1272	1321	1000	1168
अक्टू/Oct	1415	1136	1065	1290	1330	1011	1197

श्रृंखला (सामान्य सूचकांक आधार: 1986-87 = 100)

for Rural Labourers (General Index on Base: 1986-87=100)

कृषि वर्ष/महीना Agricultural Year/Month	कर्नाटक Karnataka	केरल Kerala	मध्य प्रदेश Madhya Pradesh	महाराष्ट्र Maharashtra	मणिपुर Manipur	मेघालय Meghalaya	ओडिशा Odisha
1	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1995-1996 @	250	260	239	247	245	250	236
1996-1997	266	284	262	256	253	263	254
1997-1998	276	294	274	266	268	281	262
1998-1999	306	306	300	291	293	319	289
1999-2000	316	314	314	303	312	336	315
2000-2001	304	324	313	303	317	343	304
2001-2002	311	324	314	307	304	348	300
2002-2003	326	332	323	321	301	340	299
2003-2004	341	343	324	336	309	349	314
2004-2005	340	352	336	350	311	358	320
2005-2006	341	359	358	368	328	379	335
2006-2007	367	378	392	400	338	408	366
2007-2008	407	404	415	428	368	436	400
2008-2009	459	456	463	470	407	481	439
2009-2010	534	502	532	557	456	535	496
2010-2011	594	566	576	613	529	572	538
2011-2012	665	604	622	683	596	629	563
2012-2013	747	668	688	754	641	701	631
2013-2014	820	770	739	800	720	751	714
2014-2015	871	848	759	857	790	792	764
2015-2016	946	896	794	906	814	832	742
2016-2017	1013	939	817	946	839	856	746
2017-2018	1041	988	821	952	866	887	772
2018-2019	1021	1008	838	985	914	913	808
2019-2020	1096	1052	879	1113	979	986	867
2020-2021	1137	1063	892	1146	1008	1041	889
2021-2022	1249	1128	980	1211	1038	1111	945
2022-2023	1297	1200	1063	1299	1061	1149	1002
2022-23							
अक्टू/Oct	1289	1190	1053	1291	1069	1151	1006
नव/Nov	1292	1191	1059	1301	1064	1152	1011
दिस/Dec	1294	1199	1061	1298	1055	1149	1007
जन/Jan	1299	1204	1066	1302	1048	1148	1006
फर/Feb	1303	1207	1070	1303	1045	1143	1005
मार्च/March	1308	1210	1074	1307	1050	1150	1003
अप्रैल/April	1315	1215	1077	1314	1059	1157	1008
मई/May	1323	1215	1084	1322	1070	1154	1003
जून/June	1338	1216	1100	1330	1089	1162	1011
2023-24							
जुलाई/July	1358	1244	1126	1346	1104	1176	1030
अगस्त/August	1370	1253	1138	1354	1113	1194	1044
सित/Sept	1379	1243	1145	1361	1118	1203	1050
अक्टू/Oct	1289	1190	1053	1291	1069	1151	1006

तालिका ब.1.2.2 (ब) समाप्त / Table B.1.2.2 (b) Concl'd.

कृषि वर्ष/महीना Agricultural Year/Month	पंजाब Punjab	राजस्थान Rajasthan	तमिल नाडु Tamil Nadu	त्रिपुरा Tripura	उत्तर प्रदेश Uttar Pradesh	पश्चिम बंगाल West Bengal
1	16	17	18	19	20	21
1995-1996 @	247	239	244	219	231	232
1996-1997	265	262	260	237	262	248
1997-1998	281	270	265	261	267	260
1998-1999	309	292	290	308	297	309
1999-2000	317	310	301	328	307	304
2000-2001	320	312	299	318	303	293
2001-2002	330	311	311	316	316	305
2002-2003	336	326	343	318	326	308
2003-2004	347	323	348	318	335	324
2004-2005	359	345	348	329	346	336
2005-2006	384	375	355	344	372	346
2006-2007	419	412	370	373	409	368
2007-2008	449	438	402	399	434	398
2008-2009	501	486	452	429	469	435
2009-2010	585	567	509	462	532	506
2010-2011	622	600	559	512	563	564
2011-2012	681	661	603	547	597	597
2012-2013	749	740	683	586	672	662
2013-2014	813	809	761	662	732	739
2014-2015	860	854	824	723	764	765
2015-2016	894	898	893	760	812	774
2016-2017	940	948	947	766	807	791
2017-2018	967	937	1011	773	801	834
2018-2019	1001	980	1049	833	847	841
2019-2020	1063	1061	1150	889	914	879
2020-2021	1090	1074	1200	910	935	905
2021-2022	1170	1137	1260	933	983	975
2022-2023	1250	1238	1336	993	1051	1042
2022-23						
अक्तू/Oct	1238	1222	1325	990	1054	1048
नव/Nov	1247	1235	1333	1000	1067	1051
दिस/Dec	1250	1241	1338	998	1063	1043
जन/Jan	1255	1247	1345	999	1060	1034
फर/Feb	1261	1252	1349	994	1056	1032
मार्च/March	1265	1259	1350	997	1053	1041
अप्रैल/April	1270	1260	1356	999	1055	1053
मई/May	1269	1261	1360	1006	1052	1063
जून/June	1273	1259	1379	1018	1058	1066
2023-24						
जुलाई/July	1289	1269	1407	1027	1070	1085
अगस्त/August	1300	1273	1410	1030	1072	1089
सित/Sept	1306	1273	1400	1034	1084	1098
अक्तू/Oct	1319	1282	1415	1054	1089	1123

टिप्पण Note:- कृषि वर्ष/Agricultural Year (जुलाई से जून/July to June)

@ = औसत केवल 8 महीनों अर्थात नव., 95 से जून, 96 तक पर आधारित/Average based on 8 months i.e. Nov., 95 to June, 96 only

1.3. ग्रामीण, शहरी एवं संयुक्त उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक Consumer Price Index for Rural, Urban and Combined

तालिका ब.1.3 - ग्रामीण, शहरी एवं संयुक्त अखिल भारत उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक

Table B.1.3 - All India Consumer Price Index Numbers for Rural, Urban and Combined

वर्ष/महीना Year/Month	ग्रामीण/Rural	शहरी/Urban	संयुक्त /Combined
I. Base: 2010=100			
2011	110.8	108.1	-
2012	121.4	118.8	-
2013	133.6	130.8	110.0
2014	143.5	139.7	117.4
II. Base: 2012=100			
2015	124.3	121.7	123.1
2016	131.3	126.8	129.2
2017	135.6	131.0	133.5
2018	140.7	136.5	138.8
2019	144.9	142.8	143.9
2020	154.5	152.3	153.5
2021	161.9	160.7	161.4
2022	173.1	171.0	172.2
2022 अक्तू/Oct	177.9	175.3	176.7
नव/Nov	177.8	175.0	176.5
दिस/Dec	177.1	174.1	175.7
2023 जन/Jan	177.8	174.9	176.5
फर/Feb	177.9	175.6	176.8
मार्च/Mar	178.0	176.3	177.2
अप्रैल/Apr	178.8	177.4	178.1
मई/May	179.8	178.2	179.1
जून/Jun	181.9	179.9	181.0
जुला/Jul	187.6	184.7	186.3
अग/Aug	187.6	184.5	186.2
सित/Sep	185.8	182.2	184.1
अक्तू/Oct	187.0	183.4	185.3

Source: National Statistical Office, New Delhi.

1.4 थोक मूल्य सूचकांक Wholesale Price Index

तालिका ब.1.4 – भारत में थोक मूल्यों की सूचकांक

Table B.1.4 – Index Numbers of Wholesale Prices in India

वर्ष/माह Year/Month	सभी वस्तुओं All Commodities	I. प्राथमिक वस्तुएँ /Primary Articles				II. ईंधन एवं बिजली Fuel & Power
		सभी All	खाद्य पदार्थ Food Articles	गैर-खाद्य वस्तुएँ Non-Food Articles	खनिज पदार्थ Minerals	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
I Base: 2004-05 = 100						
2010	140.1	175.9	174.6	155.9	244.0	144.2
2011	153.4	197.1	190.4	183.1	299.2	163.3
2012	164.9	215.0	206.5	196.8	345.0	182.5
2013	175.4	237.8	234.1	210.7	347.9	200.5
2014	181.9	249.2	249.1	215.1	344.8	210.1
2015	177.1	248.4	258.9	214.3	245.4	183.0
2016	180.6	259.0	274.0	227.4	205.7	181.8
II Base: 2011-12=100						
2017	114.1	130.2	142.8	120.1	119.2	92.2
2018	118.9	132.9	142.3	122.4	133.2	103.4
2019	121.2	141.2	152.9	127.2	150.3	101.7
2020	121.8	144.7	160.4	128.3	158.5	93.3
2021	135.0	155.1	163.8	150.1	186.1	116.1
2022	151.3	175.4	177.8	172.1	206.6	155.2
2022 अक्टू/Oct	152.9	181.2	186.1	166.0	196.8	158.0
नव/Nov	152.5	178.4	181.0	168.8	198.5	162.8
दिस/Dec	150.5	172.9	174.9	171.2	203.9	158.0
2023 जन/Jan	150.7	174.3	176.6	173.7	202.3	155.6
फर/Feb	150.9	173.6	176.9	170.2	217.5	157.6
मार्च/Mar	151.0	175.2	178.8	167.1	222.4	156.4
अप्रैल/Apr	151.1	177.8	182.1	165.6	224.6	152.7
मई/May	149.4	175.1	181.3	162.8	214.8	148.6
जून/Jun	148.9	176.1	184.9	158.9	207.4	146.2
जुला/Jul	152.1	191.7	205.9	161.9	215.4	145.4
अग/Aug	152.5	190.3	202.8	163.2	205.5	149.1
सित/Sep	151.8	183.6	189.1	164.6	220.9	153.1
अक्टू/Oct	152.5	185.3	192.00	164.1	219.7	155.5

वर्ष/माह Year/Month	III. विनिर्मित उत्पाद/ Manufactured Products								
	सभी/All	खाद्य उत्पाद Food Products	पेय पदार्थ Beverages	तंबाकू उत्पाद Tobacco Products	कपड़ा Textiles	लकड़ी एवं लकड़ी उत्पाद Wood & Wood Products	कागज एवं कागज उत्पाद Paper & Paper Products	चमड़ा एवं संबंधित उत्पाद Leather & Related Products	
1	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
I Base: 2004-05 =100									
2010	128.1	140.9	143.1	-	115.3	147.5	123.1	127.6	
2011	137.5	149.1	159.4	-	128.8	157.7	130.8	128.3	
2012	145.4	160.3	172.4	-	130	168.6	134.8	133.4	
2013	150.2	168.2	182.2	-	136.7	176.4	141.2	140.4	
2014	154.7	172.0	197.3	-	142.8	185.6	149.0	145.7	
2015	153.6	172.4	204.7	-	140.2	194.0	153.5	144.0	
2016	156.0	187.4	217.9	-	141.1	197.5	156.2	146.1	
II Base: 2011-12=100									
2017	112.9	127.6	118.2	146.1	113.0	131.2	117.5	120.1	
2018	117.2	128.3	120.2	150.1	116.7	132.6	122.3	121.8	
2019	118.1	131.7	123.0	153.1	118.3	119.3	134.3	122.1	
2020	119.6	138.9	124.4	156.2	115.5	133.6	120.1	117.9	
2021	131.7	154.5	126.1	159.5	130.9	139.4	133.1	118.4	
2022	142.1	165.1	128.2	163.7	144.0	143.2	151.2	122.0	
2022	अक्तू/Oct	141.9	163.7	129.1	164.2	142.5	142.9	152.8	122.2
	नव/Nov	141.3	164.6	129.1	163.9	139.2	143.0	150.9	122.4
	दिस/Dec	141.1	163.6	129.1	166.1	137.6	143.1	148.4	121.5
2023	जन/Jan	141.4	163.1	129.8	165.9	137.1	143.1	148.3	121.2
	फर/Feb	141.6	161.9	130.3	166.5	137.2	142.6	148.0	122.2
	मार्च/Mar	141.3	160.8	130.3	169.2	136.8	143.0	147.0	122.3
	अप्रैल/Apr	141.4	160.5	130.9	169.8	137.2	143.9	147.2	123.4
	मई/May	140.6	158.9	130.6	171.4	135.9	145.0	146.0	123.5
	जून/Jun	139.9	158.8	130.7	173.7	134.8	145.2	143.6	124.7
	जुला/Jul	139.5	159.9	130.8	173.2	133.9	144.4	139.5	125.7
	अग/Aug	139.9	160.8	131.4	172.6	134.1	144.9	139.0	125.5
	सित/Sep	140.4	160.4	131.3	173.8	134.3	146.5	138.4	123.9
	अक्तू/Oct	140.4	160.8	131.7	174.1	134.7	147.1	138.5	124.0

तालिका ब.1.4 समाप्त /Table B.1.4 Concltd.

वर्ष/माह Year/Month	III. विनिर्मित उत्पाद/ Manufactured Products					
	रबड़ एवं प्लास्टिक उत्पाद Rubber & Plastic Products	रसायन एवं रसायन उत्पाद Chemicals & Chemical Products	गैर-धातु खनिज उत्पाद Non-metallic Mineral Products	मूल धातु Basic Metals	मशीनरी एवं उपकरण Machinery & Equipment	अन्य परिवहन उपकरण Other Transport Equipment
1	16	17	18	19	20	21
I Base: 2004-05 =100						
2010	123.2	122.1	143.6	137.3	120.3	119.4
2011	132.9	132.1	150.3	152.3	124.2	123.6
2012	136.3	141.8	161	165.3	127.6	128.3
2013	143.6	147.4	165.9	150.3	130.8	133.5
2014	150.1	152.7	169.2	166.4	133.8	135.9
2015	148.1	150.9	176.4	158.0	135.0	137.5
2016	146.9	150.4	178.9	153.8	135.3	139.5
II Base: 2011-12=100						
2017	107.9	111.6	111.4	97.9	108.5	109.7
2018	108.9	117.9	115.2	111.6	110.8	111.4
2019	118.5	109.0	116.9	107.3	112.8	116.3
2020	108.9	116.4	117.0	107.4	113.4	124.0
2021	122.1	129.4	121.6	133.4	118.4	130.4
2022	129.6	144.7	131.6	149.5	124.9	135.9
2022 अक्टू/Oct	129.2	146.3	133.5	145.6	126.5	137.3
नव/Nov	128.1	145.2	134.3	143.2	126.7	137.5
दिस/Dec	128.1	144.0	134.8	143.2	126.3	138.2
2023 जन/Jan	128.6	143.3	135.3	145.5	127.0	138.8
फर/Feb	128.7	142.8	135.3	146.9	127.7	139.6
मार्च/Mar	128.3	142.2	134.6	146.2	128.0	141.6
अप्रैल/Apr	128.4	141.1	135.2	145.3	128.4	141.9
मई/May	127.6	139.6	134.7	143.6	128.5	142.0
जून/Jun	127.1	137.9	134.7	141.6	128.0	142.1
जुला/Jul	127.0	136.6	134.6	139.9	128.6	142.4
अग/Aug	127.1	136.3	135.0	140.6	128.5	142.8
सित/Sep	128.0	136.3	135.0	143.0	129.2	144.6
अक्टू/Oct	127.2	136.6	135.6	142.2	129.4	143.7

टिप्पण / Note : आधार 2011-12=100 तथा आधार 2004-05=100 के मध्य संपर्क कारक सभी वस्तुओं के लिए = 1.561, प्राथमिक वस्तुओं के लिए = 2.003, ईंधन एवं बिजली के लिए = 1.690, विनिर्मित उत्पादों के लिए = 1.395 है / Linking factor for deriving the indices on base 2004-05=100 from base 2011-12=100 are for All commodities=1.561, Primary articles=2.003, Fuel & Power=1.690, Manufactured products =1.395

स्रोत/Source : आर्थिक सलाहकार का कार्यालय, वाणिज्य मंत्रालय, नई दिल्ली/Office of the Economic Adviser, Ministry of Commerce, New Delhi.

2. मजदूरी एवं उपार्जन WAGES AND EARNINGS

तालिका ब.2.1 - अक्टूबर, 2023 महीने के लिए सूती वस्त्र मिलों में निम्नतम भुगतान किए गए कर्मकारों/कार्यकर्ताओं का उपार्जन (मूल वेतन, महंगाई भत्ता)

Table B.2.1 – Earnings (Basic Wage, Dearness Allowances) of the Lowest Paid Workers/Operatives in Cotton Textile Mills for the month of October, 2023

वर्ष/महीना Year/ Month	अहमदाबाद Ahmedabad	बेंगलुरु Bengaluru	वडोदरा Vadodara	मुंबई Mumbai	कोयम्बटूर एवं चेन्नई Coimbatore & Chennai
1	2	3	4	5	6
1996	1996.05	2591.10	1963.43	2389.95	2953.13
1997	2155.88	2840.36	2122.65	2622.11	3178.79
1998	2348.78	3073.17	2314.56	2958.08	3523.80
1999	2543.10	3199.73	2507.78	3084.01	3732.75
2000	2646.28	3353.44	2610.72	3294.36	3954.97
2001	2751.31	3451.66	2715.14	3455.99	4062.23
2002	2849.90	3567.03	2799.20	3642.14	4287.30
2003	2930.80	3749.72	2891.41	3811.69	4438.76
2004	3019.05	3944.89	2981.75	3941.44	4583.10
2005	3100.05	4191.63	3062.36	3996.49	4726.11
2006	3273.76	4447.32	3235.24	4227.16	4859.40
2007	3539.73	4821.78	3490.90	4472.78	5137.83
2008	3767.74	5275.10	3726.69	4799.79	5559.81
2009	4076.37	5903.63	4034.08	5267.03	6164.64
2010	4623.52	6431.40	4579.07	5782.10	6648.95
2011	5054.33	6880.72	5007.73	6369.27	7065.77
2012	5554.74	7469.64	5505.81	7023.55	8065.37
2013	6255.70	8421.27	6203.55	7863.58	9002.26
2014	6469.62	8989.26	6416.69	8498.45	9498.48
2015	6794.28	9549.32	6739.77	9213.70	10321.01
2016	7109.85	9920.22	7053.86	9563.04	10584.85
2017	7251.92	10232.85	7195.21	9654.53	10862.51
2018	7429.71	10316.06	7372.45	9795.92	11199.18
2019	7824.28	10669.77	7765.07	10408.61	11792.67
2020	8283.66	11074.89	8222.26	10901.07	12288.88
2021	8697.01	11536.48	8633.74	11316.58	12734.84
2022	9177.11	12050.36	9111.49	11907.94	13237.15
2022 अक्टू/Oct	9314.79	12267.10	9248.69	12239.51	13506.85
नव/Nov	9565.86	12257.49	9498.58	12162.07	13486.20
दिस/Dec	9440.94	12267.10	9373.64	12065.25	13559.00
2023 जन/Jan	9410.32	12316.08	9344.24	12113.66	13715.10
फर/Feb	9395.62	12335.61	9329.54	12123.34	13652.80
मार्च/Mar	9388.28	12345.53	9322.19	12181.43	13580.00
अप्रैल/Apr	9632.00	12541.14	9564.73	12239.51	13694.45
मई/May	9661.39	12580.20	9594.13	12249.20	13840.05
जून/June	9646.70	12757.83	9579.43	12355.69	14319.20
जुला/July	10038.61	13140.99	9968.98	12752.61	14548.10
अग/Aug	10260.29	13071.24	10189.48	12655.80	14454.30
सित/Sep	10053.31	12934.22	9983.68	12442.82	14287.70
अक्टू/Oct	9987.17	13022.26	9917.53	12539.63	14152.60

N.B.- वार्षिक आंकड़े 12 कैलेंडर महीनों का औसत दर्शाते हैं तथा मासिक आंकड़े 26 दिनों के मानक महीने से संबंधित हैं / Yearly figures indicate average of twelve calendar months and the monthly figures relate to a standard month of 26 days.

तालिका ब.2.1 समाप्त /Table B.2.1 Concl'd.

वर्ष/महीना Year/ Month	दिल्ली Delhi	इंदौर Indore	कानपुर Kanpur	नागपुर Nagpur	सोलापुर Solapur	कोलकाता Kolkata
1	7	8	9	10	11	12
1996	1831.84	1970.78	2078.29	1638.04	1889.84	2099.53
1997	2013.39	2061.69	2243.55	1794.01	1981.08	2229.42
1998	2307.43	2256.09	2553.60	1988.73	2249.74	2452.04
1999	2524.99	2466.82	2743.61	2140.61	2399.14	2728.51
2000	2693.26	2540.94	2750.02	2195.02	2474.53	2796.11
2001	2775.73	2675.21	2839.01	2322.34	2489.57	2964.03
2002	2881.49	2792.85	2931.94	2383.55	2572.85	3292.82
2003	2981.47	2912.04	2995.84	2422.82	2636.12	3347.73
2004	3113.99	2986.63	3112.39	2496.74	2789.17	3478.77
2005	3350.68	3057.48	3279.56	2637.64	2841.65	3599.75
2006	3544.08	3255.16	3592.54	2338.85	2239.55	3797.02
2007	*	3474.05	3833.84	3097.41	*	4097.84
2008	*	3676.41	4062.10	3318.05	*	4420.66
2009	*	3939.07	4487.57	3726.56	*	4775.49
2010	*	4418.29	5238.85	4391.43	*	5362.25
2011	*	4748.82	5731.94	4800.80	*	5755.50
2012	*	5189.95	6104.54	5212.98	*	6134.40
2013	*	5769.71	6741.06	5751.93	*	6783.80
2014	*	6129.88	7303.78	6069.26	*	7478.77
2015	*	6405.52	7695.51	6433.11	*	7854.73
2016	*	6682.63	8210.65	6763.17	*	8239.46
2017	*	6792.15	8270.39	6865.28	*	8370.92
2018	*	7097.20	8960.80	7440.61	*	8720.59
2019	*	7552.92	9908.39	8579.56	*	9128.10
2020	*	8016.88	10542.55	9047.09	*	9565.03
2021	*	8349.80	11196.40	9542.17	*	9811.35
2022	*	8754.86	11875.79	10137.17	*	10509.86
2022 अक्टू/Oct	*	8935.66	12205.86	10311.57	*	10897.27
नव/Nov	*	8935.66	12240.96	10301.27	*	10897.27
दिस/Dec	*	9009.48	12277.41	10282.53	*	10897.27
2023 जन/Jan	*	9009.48	12205.86	10345.29	*	10892.09
फर/Feb	*	9009.48	12250.41	10432.41	*	10892.09
मार्च/Mar	*	9035.68	12285.51	10524.22	*	10892.09
अप्रैल/Apr	*	9035.68	12331.41	10547.64	*	10749.81
मई/May	*	9035.68	12393.51	10563.56	*	10749.81
जून/June	*	9169.05	12447.51	10634.75	*	10749.81
जुला/July	*	9169.05	12573.06	10705.01	*	10754.98
अग/Aug	*	9169.05	12833.61	10875.50	*	10754.98
सित/Sep	*	9421.49	12878.16	10962.62	*	10754.98
अक्टू/Oct	*	9421.49	12663.51	10991.66	*	11003.34

New series on Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers on base 2016=100 has been introduced w.e.f. the index of September 2020.

Centre linking factor on base 2016=100 is: Ahmedabad (2.73), Bangalore (2.75), Vadodara (2.66), Mumbai (2.91), Coimbatore / Chennai (2.50), Delhi (2.82), Indore (2.70), Kanpur (3.15), Nagpur (3.60), Sholapur (3.10) and Kolkata (2.46)

* Earning of Delhi and Sholapur Centres have been discontinued due to closure of Textile Mills.

Source: Monthly returns received from the selected centres.

3. औद्योगिक विवाद/INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES

तालिका ब.3.1 औद्योगिक विवाद (सभी हड़ताल एवं तालाबंदी) 2013 से 2023 की अवधि के दौरान
Table B.3.1- Industrial Disputes (All Strikes and Lockouts) for the period 2013 to 2023

वर्ष/Year	संख्या/Number of		
	विवाद Disputes	विवाद में शामिल श्रमिक Workers Involved	कार्यदिवस हानि (हजारों में) Mandays Lost ('000)
1	2	3	4
2013	258	1838160	12645
2014	287	1158770	11095
2015	150	757850	4912
2016	97	961177	5046
2017	112	762832	5233
2018	86	742968	3150
2019(P)	79	625344	3328
2020(P)	53	536485	2415
2021(P)	56	353030	2323
2022(P)	39	222523	959
2023(P)(Jan. to Oct.)	36	30303	426

(P) = अनंतिम एवं 30 नवम्बर, 2023 तक ब्यूरो में प्राप्त विवरणी/स्पष्टीकरण के आधार पर / Provisional and based on the returns/clarifications received in the Bureau till 30th November, 2023.

.. = उपलब्ध नहीं है / Not available

If the people cannot trust their government to do the job for which it exists - to protect them and to promote their common welfare - all else is lost.

Barack Obama

Before success comes in any man's life, he's sure to meet with much temporary defeat and, perhaps some failures. When defeat overtakes a man, the easiest and the most logical thing to do is to quit. That's exactly what the majority of men do.

Napoleon Hill

Latest publications of the Labour Bureau

1. ANNUAL SURVEY OF INDUSTRIES – Abstract on Employment, Labour Cost, Absenteeism and Labour Turnover

The publication presents statistics on Absenteeism, Labour Turnover, Employment and Labour Cost for the year 2020-21 and is based on Block-A, B and E of Part-I and Part-II of the ASI Schedule.

2. ANNUAL SURVEY OF INDUSTRIES – Abstract on Employment, Labour Cost, Absenteeism and Labour Turnover

The publication presents statistics on Absenteeism, Labour Turnover, Employment and Labour Cost for the year 2021-22 and is based on Block-A, B and E of Part-I and Part-II of the ASI Schedule.

**3. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Four Mining Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Four Mining Industries (Coal Mines, Iron Ore Mines, Manganese Mines and Oil Mines) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-677
120-2018 (DSK-II)

Price : Rs. 483.00

**4. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Nine Engineering Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Nine Engineering Industries (Iron & Steel, Casting & Forgings, Agricultural Implements, Textile Machinery, Machine Tools, Electrical Industrial Machinery, Electrical Apparatus, Boilers and Aluminium) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-683
120-2018 (DSK-II)

Price : Rs. 744.00

All the priced publications brought out by the Labour Bureau can be obtained from the Controller of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi - 110054 by remitting the price in advance. Kindly quote the Symbol number of the publication to facilitate its delivery.

**5. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Nine Manufacturing Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Nine Manufacturing Industries (Sugar, Oils & Fats, Edible Nuts, Tobacco, Paper, Printing/Publishing, Milk Products, Soft Drinks and Plastic Articles Industries) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-684 Price : Rs. 712.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**6. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Ten Engineering Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Ten Engineering Industries (Ship Building, Locomotives, Motor Vehicles, Motor Cycles, Bicycles/Rickshaws, Aircrafts, Domestic Appliances, Televisions, Computers and Watches) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-685 Price : Rs. 605.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**7. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Ten Manufacturing Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Ten Manufacturing Industries (Footwear, Petroleum Refineries, Chemicals & Gases, Fertilizers, Drugs & Medicines, Soaps & Detergents, Match, Glass & Glass Products, Cement and Tyres & Tubes Industry) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-686 Price : Rs. 713.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**8. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Three Plantation Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Three Plantation Industries (Coffee Plantations, Rubber Plantations and Tea Plantations) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-678 Price : Rs. 359.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**9. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Tea Processing Industry)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Tea Processing Industry presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-680 Price : Rs. 301.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**10. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Textile Garments Industry)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Textile Garments Industry presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-682 Price : Rs. 405.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**11. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Five Textile Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Five Textile Industries (Cotton Textiles, Woollen Textiles, Silk Textiles, Synthetic Textiles and Jute Textiles) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-681 Price : Rs. 555.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**12. OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SEVENTH ROUND 2017
(Report on Four Service Industries)**

The Seventh Round OWS, 2017 report on Four Service Industries (Electricity Generation & Distribution, Railways, Public Motor Transport and Ports & Docks Industries) presents statistics on Employment Structure, Wage Rates, Dearness Allowances and Average Daily Earnings by Occupation and Industry/Stratum.

Symbol: PDLB-679 Price : Rs. 393.00
120-2018 (DSK-II)

**13. RURAL LABOUR ENQUIRY REPORT ON WAGES & EARNINGS OF
RURAL LABOUR HOUSEHOLDS – 2009-2010**

The report contains data on Wages & Earnings of Rural labour Households collected by the National Sample Survey Organisation during its 66th round (2009-2010) of survey. It gives information on Wages & Earnings of Rural as well as Agricultural Labour Households by States and Categories of Households, in the country, for various agricultural occupations. The data is of immense use to the planners, researchers and policy framers.

Symbol: PDLB - 691 Price : Rs. 220.00
250-2017 (DSK-II)

**14. RURAL LABOUR ENQUIRY REPORT ON GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF
RURAL LABOUR HOUSEHOLDS – 2009-2010**

The report contains data on general characteristics of rural labour households, viz., demographic structure of labour households; size of households; land holding pattern of households; and number of agricultural and non-agricultural households, etc.

Symbol: PDLB – 672 Price : Rs. 90.00
250-2016 (DSK-II)

15. RURAL LABOUR ENQUIRY REPORT ON INDEBTEDNESS AMONG RURAL LABOUR HOUSEHOLDS – 2009-2010

The report analyses the magnitude and incidence of indebtedness among rural and agricultural labour households in the country on the basis of the results of data collected by National Sample Survey Organisation during its 66th round (2009-2010) of survey. The data is of immense use to the planners, researchers and policy framers.

Symbol: PDLB – 688 Price : Rs. 230.00
250-2017 (DSK-II)

16. RURAL LABOUR ENQUIRY REPORT ON CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE OF RURAL LABOUR HOUSEHOLDS - 2009-2010

The report presents analysis of data on consumption expenditure of the rural labour households collected by the National Sample Survey Office during the 66th round (2009-10) of the survey. The data is of immense use to the planners, researchers and policy framers.

Symbol: PDLB – 673 Price : Rs. 170.00
250-2016 (DSK-II)

17. RURAL LABOUR ENQUIRY REPORT ON EMPLOYMENT & UNEMPLOYMENT OF RURAL LABOUR HOUSEHOLDS - 2009-2010

The report presents analysis of data on employment & unemployment of rural labour households on the basis of the results of data collected by National Sample Survey Organisation during its 66th round (2009-10) of survey. This report has been brought out in two volumes. Vol.-I presents the main findings whereas Vol.-II contains 'appendices' in which detailed data have been presented. The data is of immense use to the planners, researchers and policy framers.

Symbol: PDLB – 693 Price (per set) : Rs. 525.00
250-2018 (DSK-II)

18. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR AGRICULTURAL AND RURAL LABOURERS (Base: 1986-87=100) ANNUAL REPORT 202-23

This publication contains detailed information on Consumer price Index Numbers for Agricultural and Rural Labourers (Base: 1986-87=100) for the period July, 2021 to June, 2022. These index numbers, and especially the CPI (AL), play an important role in fixing/revising the minimum wages of agricultural workers.

Symbol: PDL – 585
150-2024 (DSK-II)

19. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR INDUSTRIAL WORKERS (2016=100) ANNUAL REPORT 2021

The report contains indices of all 88 centres and All-India at group/sub-group level for January to December, 2021. It also includes serial data for centres and All-India for 2001 series with their linking factors.

20. WAGE RATES IN RURAL INDIA 2022-23 (Agricultural Year)

The publication contains daily wage rate data in respect of agricultural and non-agricultural occupations for the period July, 2020 to June, 2021. The data on wage rates play an important role in the calculation of State/National Income, drawing up and implementation of wage policy as well as in fixation/revision of support prices of agricultural crops.

Symbol: PDLB – 710
150-2023 (DSK-II)

21. TRADE UNIONS IN INDIA 2021

Trade Unions in India is a biennial publication. It presents information in respect of Workers and Employers Unions, on Registered Trade Unions submitting returns by their sex-wise membership. Besides, it also presents data on income and expenditure of Workers as well as Employers Unions.

22. STATISTICAL PROFILE ON WOMEN LABOUR 2014-15

The publication provides comprehensive and recent most statistics on important aspects of Women Labour in India at one place and helps the researchers to study the gender variations in the population, employment, employment services and training, wages/earnings, participation in trade union movement, social security.

Symbol: PDLB -695
70-2019 (DSK-II)

Price : Rs. 215.00

23. REPORT ON MINIMUM WAGES ACT, 1948 FOR THE YEAR 2020

The report covers information on employment added, employments in which the Minimum Wages were fixed for the first time, the Minimum Wages in different scheduled employments prevalent during the year, the range of Minimum Wages, comparative Minimum Wage Rates prevailing in scheduled employments and number of Inspections etc.

24. INDIAN LABOUR YEAR BOOK 2022

The Indian Labour Year Book provides, in a compact volume, a general description of various topics, alongwith the latest available data in the field of labour such as Employment, Wages, Levels of Living and Consumer Price Index Numbers, Industrial Relation, Welfare, Housing, Health, Labour Legislation, Labour Administration etc., alongwith relevant supporting statistics and synopsis of Labour Bureau Publications.

Symbol: PDLB-19-2022
175-2023 (DSK-III)

25. INDIAN LABOUR STATISTICS 2021 (Bilingual)

A bilingual publication containing serial statistics relating to Labour and Labour related matters. It presents data on employment in Factories, Mines, Plantation, Railways, Employment Service and Training, Wages and Earnings, Price Indices, Trade Unions, Industrial Injuries, Absenteeism and Labour Turnover, Social Security, Industrial Disputes and International statistics pertaining to Labour.

Symbol: PDLB -3-2021 (Bilingual)
100-2023 (DSK-III)

26. POCKET BOOK OF LABOUR STATISTICS 2021 (Bilingual)

Pocket Book of Labour Statistics presents in a concise form the principal statistical series in respect of important aspects of labour. These statistics cover data on employment; population and labour force; wages and earnings; Prices; trade unions; industrial disputes; accidents, safety and absenteeism; social security etc. along with brief explanatory notes.

Symbol: PDLB-163.2021 (Bilingual)
100-2023 (DSK-III)

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